

AD/A-002 873

A STRUCTURAL WEIGHT ESTIMATION PROGRAM  
(SWEEP) FOR AIRCRAFT. VOLUME XI - FLEXIBLE  
AIRLOADS STAND-ALONE PROGRAM

P. Wildermuth, et al

Rockwell International Corporation

Prepared for:

Aeronautical Systems Division

June 1974

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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER ASD/XR 74-10	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER AD/A-2873
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) A Structural Weight Estimation Program (SWEEP) for Aircraft Volume XI - Flexible Airloads Stand-Alone Program		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
7. AUTHOR(s) P. Wildermuth, G. Rothammer, and T. Byar		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Rockwell International Corp, L.A. Aircraft Div Los Angeles International Airport Los Angeles, California 90009		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) F33615-71-C-1922
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Deputy for Development Planning Air Force Systems Command Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS FX2826-71-01876/C093
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)		12. REPORT DATE June 1974
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 275
		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)  Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)  DDC RECEIVED JUN 1975		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES  Reproduced by NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE US Department of Commerce Springfield, VA. 22151		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) weight estimation, structural weights, integrated computer programs, preliminary weight estimation, first-order weight estimations, aircraft structure weights, aircraft structural weight optimization, flutter optimization program, structural synthesis		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Three computer programs were written with the objective of predicting the structural weight of aircraft through analytical methods. The first program, the structural weight estimation program (SWEEP), is a completely integrated program including routines for airloads, loads spectra, skin tem- peratures, material properties, flutter stiffness requirements, fatigue life, structural sizing, and for weight estimation of each of the major aircraft structural components. The program produces first-order weight estimates		

and indicates trends when parameters are varied. Fighters, bombers, and cargo aircraft can be analyzed by the program. The program operates within 100,000 octal units on the Control Data Corporation 6600 computer. Two stand-alone programs operating within 100,000 octal units were also developed to provide optional data sources for SWEEP. These include (1) the flexible airloads program to assess the effects of flexibility on lifting surface airloads, and (2) the flutter optimization program to optimize the stiffness distribution required for lifting surface flutter prevention.

The final report is composed of 11 volumes. This volume (Volume XI) contains the methodology, program description, and user's information for the flexible loads stand-alone program.



## PREFACE

This report was prepared by Rockwell International Corporation, Los Angeles Aircraft Division, Los Angeles, California, under Contract F33615-71-C-1922, No. FX2826-71-01876/C093. The work was performed for the Deputy for Development Planning, Air Force System Command, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, and extended from September 1971 to June 1974.

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### Volume

I	"Executive Summary"
II	"Program Integration and Data Management Module"
III	"Airloads Estimation Module"
IV	"Material Properties, Structure Temperature, Flutter, and Fatigue"
V	"Air Induction System and Landing Gear Modules"
VI	"Wing and Empennage Module"
VII	"Fuselage Module"
VIII	"Programmer's Manual"
IX	"User's Manual"
X	"Flutter Optimization Stand-Alone Program"
XI	"Flexible Airloads Stand-Alone Program"

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page
I            INTRODUCTION	21
II           METHODS AND FORMULATION	22
Flexible Airloads Program Functions	22
Basic Flight Conditions	22
Determination of Lifting Surface Unit Airloads	24
Definition of Unit Airloads	24
Unit Rigid Lift Due to Angle of Attack	24
Unit Flexible Wing Lift Due to Angle of Attack	24
Unit Rigid Lift Due to Wing Flap Deflection	25
Unit Incremental Flexible Lift Due to Wing Flap Deflection	25
Unit Rigid Load Due to Vertical Acceleration	25
Unit Flexible Wing Lift Due to Vertical Acceleration	25
Basic Data for Unit Airload Determination	25
Wing Unit Airload Distributions	28
Wing Unit Rigid Airload Due to Angle of Attack	28
Wing Unit Rigid Airload Due to Wing Flap Deflection	32
Wing Unit Rigid Load Due to Vertical Acceleration	34
Wing Flexible Airload Distributions	35
Wing Structural Influence Coefficients	36
Wing Aeroelastic Distributions	38
General Method	38
Formulation for Flexible Airloads Program	39
Wing Unit Shears and Moments	42
Empennage Unit Airload Distributions	47

Section	Page
Component Limit Airloads	48
Balanced Maneuver Condition	48
Pitching Acceleration Condition	52
Vertical Gust Condition	53
Lateral Gust Condition	54
Yawing Acceleration Condition	54
Lifting Surface Limit Airload Shears and Moments	55
Wing Limit Airload Shears and Moments	55
Empennage Limit Airload Shears and Moments	56
III COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	57
General Description	57
Program Functions	57
Main Program - BFCNTL	58
Program Deck Setup	60
Input Data	60
Semipermanent Data	64
Subroutine Descriptions	65
Subroutine RERDAT	65
Subroutine DECRD	65
Subroutine USPANF	67
Function CØDIM2	67
Function FCØDM2	67
Subroutine ATMØS	67
Subroutine WFLEX	67
Subroutine FLXSIC	71
Subroutine GLSQ	74
Subroutine MATRIT	76
Subroutine BNLDSE	77
Subroutine SPABMF	78
Operating Core, TCØM	78
Output Data Description	78
General	78
Punched Card Output	78

Section	Page
Condition ID	79
Fuselage Loads ID	79
Wingloads ID	79
Horizontal Tail Loads ID	80
Vertical Tail Loads ID	80
Punched Card ID	80
Printed Output Data	80
Data of Primary Interest	81
Intermediate Step and Diagnostic Data	81
Intermediate-Step Data	81
FLXSIC Diagnostic Data	82
WFLEX Diagnostic Data	82
IV PROGRAM USAGE	163
General	163
Program Deck Setup	163
Data Input Description	163
Program Control Factors and Options	164
BC Data Set Usage	165
BF Data Set Usage	166
Semipermanent Data Sets	166
Output Data Description	166
Punched Card Output	167
Printed Output Data	167
APPENDIX A PROGRAM FLOW CHARTS AND FORTRAN LISTING	168
Flow Chart Usage	168
Program Table of Contents and References	173
Program Flow Charts	183
Program BFCNTL	183
Subroutine RERDAT	195
Subroutine DECRD	200
Subroutine USPANF	202
Subroutine ATMØS	219
Function FCØDM2	221
Function CØDIM2	224
Subroutine WFL-EX	228
Subroutine FLXSIC	231
Subroutine GLSQ	235

**Section****Page**

Subroutine MATRIT	237
Subroutine BNLDSE	239
Subroutine SPABMF	243

<b>FORTRAN Listing</b>	<b>248</b>
------------------------	------------

Program BFCNTL	248
Subroutine RERDAT	251
Subroutine DECRD	253
Subroutine USPANF	253
Subroutine ATMOS	261
Function FQDIM2	262
Function QDIM2	262
Subroutine WFLEX	264
Subroutine FLXSIC	265
Subroutine GLSQ	267
Subroutine MATRIT	267
Subroutine BNLDSE	268
Subroutine SPABMF	270

# LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure	Title	Page
1	Basic Flight Condition Cases. . . . .	23
2	Wing Chordwise Strips and Centers of Pressure . . . . .	26
3	Wing Diagram for Flexible Load Analysis . . . . .	27
4	Calling-Called Matrix for Flexible Airloads Stand-Alone Program . . . . .	59
5	Logical Flow Chart for Flexible Airloads Stand-Alone Program . . . . .	61
6	Flexible Airloads Program Deck Setup. . . . .	62
7	A Subsequent-Case Data Block Setup. . . . .	63

# LIST OF TABLES

Table	Title	Page
1	ND Control Factors Card . . . . .	83
2	Case Number Conditions. . . . .	86
3	BC Input Data Set . . . . .	88
4	The BF Data Region. . . . .	91
5	DT Data Set . . . . .	93
6	DE Data Set . . . . .	94
7	DF Data Set . . . . .	95
8	DP Data Set . . . . .	96
9	Internal Rearranged BC Data Set . . . . .	97
10	TCOM Blocked Core Locations . . . . .	101
11	Condition Data Region BB. . . . .	102
12	Parameter Data Region BS for Subroutines USPANF and BNLDSE . . . . .	103
13	The BD Data Region. . . . .	105
14	The BU Data Region. . . . .	108
15	Output BØ Data Region . . . . .	112
16	Integer Data Region (ND). . . . .	115
17	Listing of Condition Punched Output Component Limit Airloads Data for Sweep . . . . .	118
18	Condition Array ID (CN) . . . . .	119
19	Input BC Data Set . . . . .	122
20	Input BF Data Set . . . . .	123
21	Interpolated Aerodynamic Data . . . . .	124
22	WFLEX Loading Matrices. . . . .	127
23	Sparwise Loading Distribution . . . . .	130
24	USPANF Sparwise Unit Distributions. . . . .	133
25	Component Limit Airloads and Centers of Pressure. . . . .	139
26	Wing Limit Airload Distributions. . . . .	140
27	Horizontal Tail Limit Airload Distributions . . . . .	141
28	Vertical Tail Limit Airload Distributions . . . . .	142
29	WFLEX Input Data. . . . .	143
30	FLXSIC Geometry . . . . .	144
31	Delta SIC, Bending (In./Lb) Matrix. . . . .	145
32	Delta SIC, Torsion (In./Lb) Matrix. . . . .	148
33	Structural Influence Coefficients (In./Lb) Matrix . . . . .	151
34	DTHEDA Matrix . . . . .	154
35	SICBAR Matrix (Rad/Lb). . . . .	156
36	Data from Subroutine WFLEX. . . . .	158
37	D Matrix. . . . .	159
38	SIC Point Load Matrices . . . . .	162

## LIST OF SYMBOLS

A	Aspect ratio
$A_W$	Wing aspect ratio
AF(I)	Load on wing strips, I
AFW(I,J)	Matrix of rigid wingloads on strips, I, for load distributions, J
AFWCP(I,J)	Matrix of wing strip centers of pressure, X/C, on strips, I, for load distributions, J
AFWDF(I,J)	Matrix of incremental flexible wingloads on strips, I, for load distributions, J
AFWF(I,J)	Matrix of flexible wingloads on strips, I, for load distributions, J
$A_{NMAX}$	Maximum cross-sectional area of body nose, in. <sup>2</sup>
B	Compressibility factor, $(1-M^2)^{1/2}$ or Cotangent of mach angle, $(M^2-1)^{1/2}$
b	Span of lifting surface, ft
$b_{FI}$	Spanwise distance from centerline of symmetry to inboard end of wing flap, in.
$b_{FO}$	Spanwise distance from centerline of symmetry to outboard end of wing flap, in.
$BL_{BS}$	Butt line station of interface of wing and body, in.
BL	Butt line station, in.
C	Lifting surface chord, in.
$C_{AV}$	Average lifting surface chord, b/S, in.



$C_F$	Wing flap chord, in.
$C_L$	Lifting surface lift coefficient
$C_l$	Section lift coefficient
$C_{L\omega F}$	Flexible wing lift-curve slope, per radian
$C_{L\omega O}$	Initial rigid wing lift-curve slope, per radian
$C_{L\omega R}$	Rigid wing lift-curve slope, per radian
$C_R$	Root chord of theoretical wing, in.
$C_W$	Wing chord, in.
$C_A$	Chord length measure normal to load reference line, in.
CLA	Lift curve slope for wing or horizontal tail, per radian
CYB	Lift curve slope for vertical tail, per radian
DF or $\delta_F$	Wing flap deflection, deg
DMXH	Incremental horizontal tail rolling moment to be applied to vee-type vertical tail only, in.-lb
DXB(W)N	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of wing unit carry-over load on body for distribution N, in.
DXH	X-distance from horizontal tail apex to center of pressure of horizontal tail unit airload, including carry-over load, in.

DXW(B)N	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of unit airload on exposed wing for distribution N, in.
DXWN	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of unit airload on wing, including carry-over load for distribution N, in.
DXW1	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of airload on wing, including carry-over load for flexible wing lift due to angle of attack, in.
DXW2	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of airload on wing, including carry-over load for rigid wing lift due to wing flap deflection, in.
DXW3	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of airload on wing, including carry-over load for incremental flexible wing lift due to wing flap deflection, in.
DXW4	X-distance from wing apex to center of pressure of airload on wing, including carry-over load for flexible wing lift due to vertical acceleration, in.
EI	Wing bending stiffness, lb-in. <sup>2</sup>
F(J,1)	Summation of rigid wing unit loads on strips 1 through 10 for distribution J
F(J,2)	Summation of flexible wing unit loads on strips 1 through 10 for distribution J
F(J,3)	Summation of incremental flexible wing unit airloads on strips 1 through 10 for distribution J
F(J,4)	Ratio of flexible load to rigid load, $F(J,2) \div (F(J,1))$
FS	Fuselage station, in.
FS <sub>EA=0</sub>	Fuselage station at intersection of wing elastic with plane of symmetry, in.

GJ	Wing torsional stiffness, lb-in. <sup>2</sup>
I	Integer used to designate wing strip number
I <sub>y</sub>	Airplane pitching moment of inertia, slug ft <sup>2</sup>
I <sub>z</sub>	Airplane yawing moment of inertia, slug ft <sup>2</sup>
J	Integer used to designated wing-loading distribution, i.e.,  J=1, loading due to angle of attack J=2, loading due to flap deflection J=3, loading due to vertical acceleration
K <sub>BF</sub>	Flap span normalizing parameter
K <sub>CF</sub>	Flap lift effectiveness parameter, (dC <sub>L</sub> /d δ <sub>F</sub> ) ÷ (dC <sub>L</sub> /d α)
K <sub>g</sub>	Gust alleviation factor
K <sub>uz</sub>	Span-loading normalizing parameter
ℓ <sub>N</sub>	Body nose length (x-distance from body nose to cross section of maximum area), in.
M	Mach number
m	Cotangent of leading edge sweep angle
M <sub>xΛ</sub>	Bending moment along load reference line in swept reference system, in.-lb
M <sub>yΛ</sub>	Torsional moment along load reference line about load reference line, in.-lb
M <sub>x(SOB)</sub>	Exposed lifting surface panel rolling moment at body interface station (for wing, horizontal tail, or vertical tail), in.-lb

$M_y(SOB)$	Exposed lifting surface panel pitching moment at intersection of load reference line and body interface station (for wing or horizontal tail), in.-lb
$M_z(SOB)$	Exposed lifting surface panel yawing moment at intersection of load reference line and body interface station (for vertical tail), in.-lb
N	Integer used to designate type of wing airload distribution, i.e.,  N=1, flexible lift due to angle of attack N=2, rigid lift due to flap deflection N=3, incremental flexible lift due to flap deflection N=4, flexible lift due to vertical acceleration
$N_y$ or NY	Airplane side load factor
$N_z$ or NZ	Airplane vertical acceleration
$N_{ZL}$	Airplane design limit vertical load factor
$N_{ZM}$	Airplane maneuver vertical load factor
$\dot{P}$	Airplane pitching acceleration, rad/sec <sup>2</sup>
$P_{\Delta FLEX}$	Incremental airload due to flexibility
$P_{FLEX}$	Flexible airload (rigid load plus incremental load due to flexibility)
$P_{RIGID}$	Rigid load
$P_{WO}$	Initial exposed wing panel load
$P_{W1}$	Initial wing panel load, including carry-over load on body

$P_{YVT}$ or $P_{YV}$	Vertical tail airload, including carry-over load, lb
$P_{YN}$ or $P_{YN}$	Side load on body nose, lb
$P_{ZH}$ or $P_{ZHB}$	Total vertical load on horizontal tail, including carry-over load on body, lb
$P_{ZN}$ OR $P_{ZN}$	Vertical load on body nose, lb
$P_{ZW1}$ or $P_{ZWB1}$	Total wing airload, including carry-over load on body for flexible lift due to angle of attack, lb
$P_{ZW2}$ or $P_{ZWB2}$	Total rigid wing airload due to wing flap deflection, lb
$P_{ZW3}$ or $P_{ZWB3}$	Total incremental flexible wing airload due to wing flap deflection, lb
$P_{ZW4}$ or $P_{ZWB4}$	Total flexibility wing airload due to vertical acceleration, lb
$\Delta P(11)$	Wing unit carry-over load on body, per side
$\Delta P_{R\alpha}(I)$	Unit airload on wing strip, I, for rigid wing airload due to angle of attack
$\Delta P_{RF}$	Unit airload on wing strip, I, for rigid wing airload due to wing flap deflection
$\Delta P_{nZ}$	Unit inertia load on wing strip, I, normalized to an exposed wing panel weight of -1.0 lb
$\Delta P_{ZH}$	Increment horizontal tail airload due to gust or pitching acceleration, lb
$\Delta P_{ZW1}$	Increment wing airload due to gust, lb
$\dot{Q}$ or $QDOT$	Airplane pitching acceleration, $\text{rad/sec}^2$
$q$	Free-stream dynamic pressure, psf

$\dot{R}$ or RDOT	Airplane yawing acceleration, $\text{rad/sec}^2$
RLOADS	Rigid loads at structural influence coefficient points
$R_N$	Body nose effective radius, in. $\left( = \sqrt{(A_{NMAX}/2 \pi)} \right)$
$S_{HT}$ or $S_H$	Area of theoretical horizontal tail, $\text{ft}^2$
$S_{VT}$ or $S_V$	Area of theoretical vertical tail, $\text{ft}^2$
$S_W$	Area of the theoretical wing, $\text{ft}^2$
$SIC(\bar{x}, \bar{y} ; \bar{\xi}, \bar{\eta})$	Structural influence coefficient; i.e., deflection at point $\bar{x}, \bar{y}$ due to a 1-pound load at point $\bar{\xi}, \bar{\eta}$ , in./lb
[SIC]	Matrix of structural influence coefficients
[STC]	Matrix of streamwise slopes
$S_{Z_A}$	Shear along load reference line, lb
$S_{Z(SOB)}$	Exposed lifting surface shear at intersection of load reference line and body interface station, lb
UL(I)	Average running unit normal loading for wing strip I
$UL_\eta$	Running unit normal load at $\eta$ -station along load reference line
UT(I)	Average running unit torsional moment about load reference line for strip I
$UT_\eta$	Running unit torsional moment about load reference line at $\eta$ -station along load reference line

ULN	Same as $UL_{\eta}$ or $UL(I)$ , but is normalized for a 1-pound wing panel load, including body carry-over load for distribution N, lb-in.
UTN	Same as $UT_{\eta}$ or $UT(I)$ , but is normalized for a 1-pound wing panel load, including body carry-over load for distribution N, in.-lb-in.
USZN	Unit normalized shear at stations along load reference line for distribution N, lb
UMXTN	Unit normalized bending moment at stations along load reference line for distribution N, in.-lb
UMYTN	Unit normalized torsional moment about load reference line at stations along load reference line for distribution N, in.-lb
UPZWN	(=1.0) Unit normalized wing panel load, including carry-over load on body for distribution N, lb
UMYWN	Unit normalized wing panel total pitching moment (including carry-over load) at intersection of load reference line and plane of symmetry for distribution N, in.-lb
USZW(B)N	Exposed wing panel unit normalized load for distribution N, lb
UMXW(B)N	Exposed wing panel unit normalized rolling moment at body interface station for distribution N, in.-lb
UMYW(B)N	Exposed wing panel unit normalized pitching moment at intersection of load reference line and body interface station for distribution N, in.-lb
UPZB(W)N	Unit normalized carry-over load on body per side for distribution N, lb
UMYB(W)N	Unit normalized pitching moment about intersection of load reference line and plane of symmetry for body carry-over load per side for distribution N, in.-lb

$USZW2_{SOB}$	Unit normalized exposed wing rigid load due to flap deflection (= $USZW(B)N$ for $N=2$ ), lb
$V_E$	Equivalent airspeed, knots
$V_N$	Body nose volume (over length, $\ell_N$ ), in. <sup>3</sup>
$W$	Airplane gross weight, lb
$W_S(I)$	Weight of wing strip, I, lb
$W_{WOP}$	Exposed wing panel weight, lb
$X$	Distance measured along a line parallel to airplane X-axis or fuselage reference line, in.
$\bar{x}$	Chordwise location of wing structure influence coefficient point where deflection is calculated (see Figure 3), in.
$(X/C)$	Center of pressure location in fraction of chord
$(X/C)_\alpha$	Center of pressure location in fraction of local chord for lift due to angle of attack
$(X/C)_F$	Center of pressure location in fraction of local chord for rigid lift due to wing flap deflection
$XBW(B)$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of exposed wing airload, in.
$XBB(W)$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of wing carry-over airload on body, in.
$XBH$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of horizontal tail airload, including carry-over load, in.
$XBV$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of vertical tail airload, including carry-over load, in.



$\Delta X_A$	Distance aft of load reference line measured normal to load reference line (see Figure 3), in.
$(X/C)_{AFT}$	Location of aft influence coefficient points in fraction of chord (see Figure 3)
$(X/C)_{FWD}$	Location of forward influence coefficient points in fraction of chord (see Figure 3)
$(X/C)_{WS}$	Location of center of gravity at wing strip weight in fraction of wing strip mean chord (see Figure 2)
$X_{LE}$	Fuselage station of leading edge of wing local chord, in.
$X_{CG}$	Fuselage station of airplane center of gravity, in.
$X_N$ or $X_{BN}$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of body nose load, in.
$X_O$	Fuselage station of body nose station, in.
$X_{RW}$ or $X_{WE}$	Fuselage station of theoretical wing root chord leading edge, in.
$X_{RH}$ or $X_{HE}$	Fuselage station of theoretical horizontal tail root chord leading edge, in.
$X_{RV}$ or $X_{VE}$	Fuselage station of theoretical vertical tail root chord leading edge, in.
$XW1$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of flexible wing airload, including carry-over load, due to angle of attack, in.
$XW2$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of rigid wing airload, including carry-over load, due to flap deflection, in.
$XW3$	Fuselage station of center of pressure of incremental flexible wing airload, including carry-over load, due to flap deflection, in.

XW4	Fuselage station of center of pressure of flexible wing airload, including carry-over load, due to vertical acceleration, in.
$\bar{y}$	Spanwise location of wing structural influence coefficient point where deflection is calculated (see Figure 3), measured along elastic axis, in.
$Y_{FI}$	Spanwise station (butt line) of inboard end of wing flap, in.
$Y_{FO}$	Spanwise station (butt line) of outboard end of wing flap, in.
$Y_{BI}$ , $Y_{BS}$ , $Y_{BW}$ or $Y_{BH}$	Spanwise station (butt line) of wing-body or horizontal tail-body interface station, in.
$Y_{W(B)N}$	Spanwise station (butt line) of center of pressure of exposed wing airload due to distribution N, in.
$Y_A$	Spanwise station along load reference line measured from intersection of load reference line and plane of symmetry, in.
$Y_{BW(B)}$	Spanwise station (butt line) of center of pressure of exposed wing airload, in.
$Y_{BH}$ or $Y_H$	Spanwise station (butt line) of center of pressure of horizontal airload, including carry-over load, in.
$Z_{BI}$	Z-distance from vertical tail theoretical root chord to vertical tail-body interface station, in.
$Z_A$	Distance along vertical tail load reference line measure from intersection of load reference line and theoretical vertical tail root chord plane, in.
$Z_{BV}$	Z-distance from theoretical vertical tail root chord to center of pressure of vertical tail airload, in.

$\alpha$	Angle of attack, radians
$\alpha$ LOAD	Load due to angle of attack
$\Gamma$	Vortex strength, $(C C_1) V/2$
$\eta$	Nondimensional span station, $Y(b/2)$
$\eta(I)$	Nondimensional span station at center of wing strip, $I$
$\bar{\eta}$	Distance along wing elastic axis from plane of symmetry to influence coefficient point at which unit load is applied (see Figure 3), in.
$\Lambda_{EA}$	Sweep angle of wing elastic axis (see Figure 3), deg
$\Lambda_{LE}$	Sweep angle of leading edge, deg
$\Lambda_R$	Sweep angle of load reference line, deg
$\lambda$	Taper ratio of theoretical lifting surface
$\bar{\lambda}$	Spanwise distance along wing elastic axis measured from plane of symmetry (see Figure 3), in.
$\mu$	Airplane mass ratio, $2(W/S) \div (\rho S C_{AV} C_L \alpha_{WF})$
$\rho$	Air density, slug/ft <sup>3</sup>
$\bar{\xi}$	Chordwise location of structural influence coefficient at which unit load is applied (see Figure 3), in.

## Section I

### INTRODUCTION

During accelerated flight conditions at high speeds, the deflections of the lifting surface structure tend to redistribute the airloads. The resulting airload distribution can be considerably different from that computed on the assumption of complete rigidity. The redistribution results from the change in streamwise angle-of-attack along the span caused by the torsional and bending deflections. For a given mach number, the greater the dynamic pressure, the greater will be the load redistribution.

The airloads module in the SWEEP program does not include the effects of aeroelasticity; i.e., the changes in airload distributions due to structural deflections. A significant refinement is obtained by including the added effects on loads caused by wing structural flexibility. This is accomplished by the use of the stand-alone flexible airloads program described herein. Methods and formulation employed in the stand-alone program are presented in Section II. The computer program description and program usage information are presented in Sections III and IV, respectively.

The stand-alone program requires a substantial amount of external input data. These data consist of (1) airplane geometry data identical to that used by the airloads module (BLCNTL) in the SWEEP program, (2) the wing EI and GJ distribution and elastic axis location, and (3) the specific flight condition case data. The specific flight condition case data include type of flight condition (balanced maneuver, vertical or lateral gust, and pitching or yawing acceleration), mach number and altitude combinations, limit maneuver load factors, pitching and yawing accelerations, airplane weight and CG location, and estimated wing weight distribution. The program calculates the airload and center-of-pressure location for each airplane component and the airload shear, bending moment, and torsion distribution on the wing and empennage surfaces, all for the specified flight condition case.

## Section II

### METHODS AND FORMULATION

#### FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS PROGRAM FUNCTIONS

The objective of the flexible airloads stand-alone program, BPCNTL, is to determine the airloads on the airplane components, including the effects of wing flexibility. These loads are determined for a specific flight condition case and are used as an optional external input to the SWEEP program. The methods employed are described in the order that the subroutines USPANF, BNLDSE, and SPAEMF are used in the stand-alone program.

Subroutine USPANF is used to determine the lifting surface unit airload shears, moments, centers of pressure, and lift curve slopes, all for a specified mach number and altitude. For the empennage (horizontal and vertical tail) surfaces, the methods described in Volume III, Section II are used. However, for the wing, the methods are revised to include the effects of wing flexibility.

Subroutine BNLDSE is used to determine gross limit airload and center of pressure on each of the airplane components and the airplane inertia factors for specified flight conditions. The methods are revised to include effects of wing flexibility.

Subroutine SPAEMF is used to determine limit airload shear, bending moment, and torsion distributions on the lifting surfaces for a specific flight condition. For the empennage surfaces, the methods described in Volume III, Section II, are used. However, for the wing, the methods are revised to include the effects of wing flexibility.

#### BASIC FLIGHT CONDITIONS

The flexible airload stand-alone program is designed to calculate airplane structural component airloads for a specific flight condition case. The specific flight condition case is defined by the types of condition (maneuver or gust), mach No., altitude, gross weight, cg position, and wing weight distribution. Cases from which a specific case can be selected are shown in Figure 1. It is noted that a specific case may consist of more than one type of condition and at more than one altitude. Cases available are similar to those in the SWEEP program (Volume III, Section II), except that additional altitudes are provided because effects of flexibility vary with dynamic pressure at a given mach number.

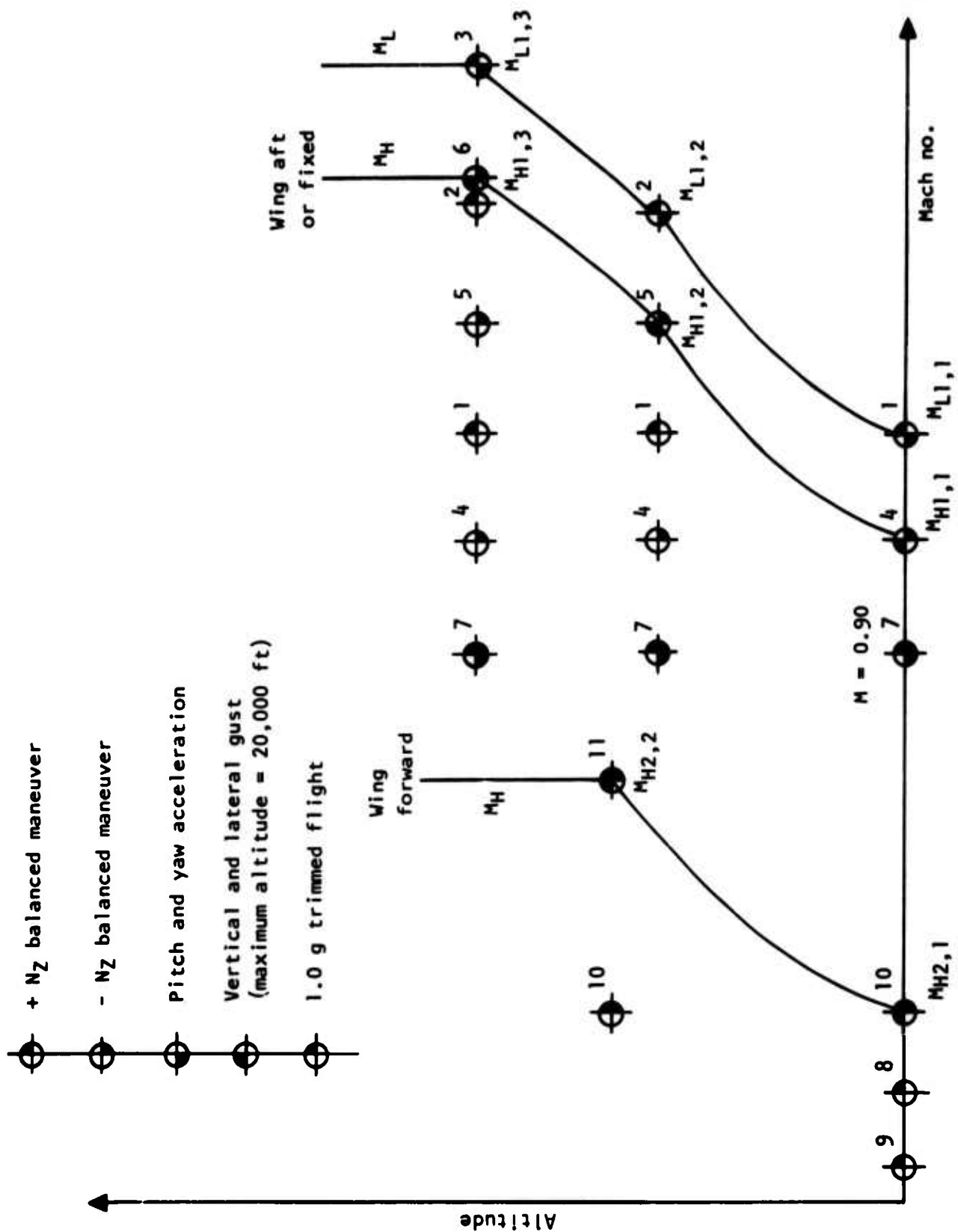


Figure 1. Basic flight condition cases.

Condition case No. 1 through 7 and 10 and 11 cover the basic flight conditions with wing flaps retracted. Condition case No. 8 is a limit load factor maneuver condition with wing flaps down. Condition case No. 9 is a 1.0 g flaps-down trimmed condition for use with landing conditions.

#### DETERMINATION OF LIFTING SURFACE UNIT AIRLOADS

Methods of analysis used to develop lifting surface unit airload distribution, surface lift curve slopes, and surface airload centers of pressure are presented in this section. Unit airloads are defined, and basic data used for the determination of the surface unit airloads are also presented.

Unit airload shears and moments are determined at 13 selected spanwise stations along the selected load reference line, including root and tip stations. Unit airload shear and moments at the surface-body interface station are determined in the unswept (body axes) system. Overall centers of pressure locations of the exposed panel and body carry-over loads are determined with respect to the theoretical surface apex.

#### DEFINITION OF UNIT AIRLOADS

The wing unit airload distributions are defined in the following paragraphs.

##### Unit Rigid Lift Due to Angle of Attack

Unit rigid lift due to angle of attack is the airload distribution due to angle of attack for a rigid lifting surface load of 1 pound per side or panel at a specific mach number.

##### Unit Flexible Wing Lift Due to Angle of Attack

The unit flexible wing lift due to angle of attack is the net airload distribution due to angle of attack for the flexible wing surface, and is normalized to a wing load of 1.0 pound per side at a specific combination of mach number and dynamic pressure. The net airload distribution includes the combination of the rigid and the aeroelastic increment.

### Unit Rigid Lift Due to Wing Flap Deflection

Unit rigid lift due to wing flap deflection is the airload distribution due to flap deflection for a rigid wing surface load of 1 pound per side.

### Unit Incremental Flexible Lift Due to Wing Flap Deflection

Unit incremental flexible lift due to wing flap deflection is the incremental flexible airload distribution due to the application of the rigid airload distribution due to wing flap deflection, and is normalized to 1 pound per side at a specific combination of mach number and dynamic pressure.

### Unit Rigid Load Due to Vertical Acceleration

Unit rigid load due to vertical acceleration is the wing weight distribution normalized to an exposed wingload of -1 pound per side.

### Unit Flexible Wing Lift Due to Vertical Acceleration

Unit flexible wing lift due to vertical acceleration is the incremental flexible airload distribution due to the application of the wing weight distribution, and is normalized to 1 pound per side at a specific combination of mach number and dynamic pressure.

## BASIC DATA FOR UNIT AIRLOAD DETERMINATION

The basic data required for unit airloads include all of the lifting surface aerodynamic and geometry data described in Volume III, Section II, and the following wing data:

1. Exposed wing panel weight distribution consisting of weight and CG for each of 10 equally spaced chordwise strips, as shown in Figure 2. CG is in terms of  $X/C$  of the strip mean chord.
2. Sweep angle of the wing elastic axis,  $\Lambda_{EA}$ , and the fuselage station of the wing elastic axis at the centerline of symmetry,  $FS_{EA} = 0$ , are shown in Figure 3.



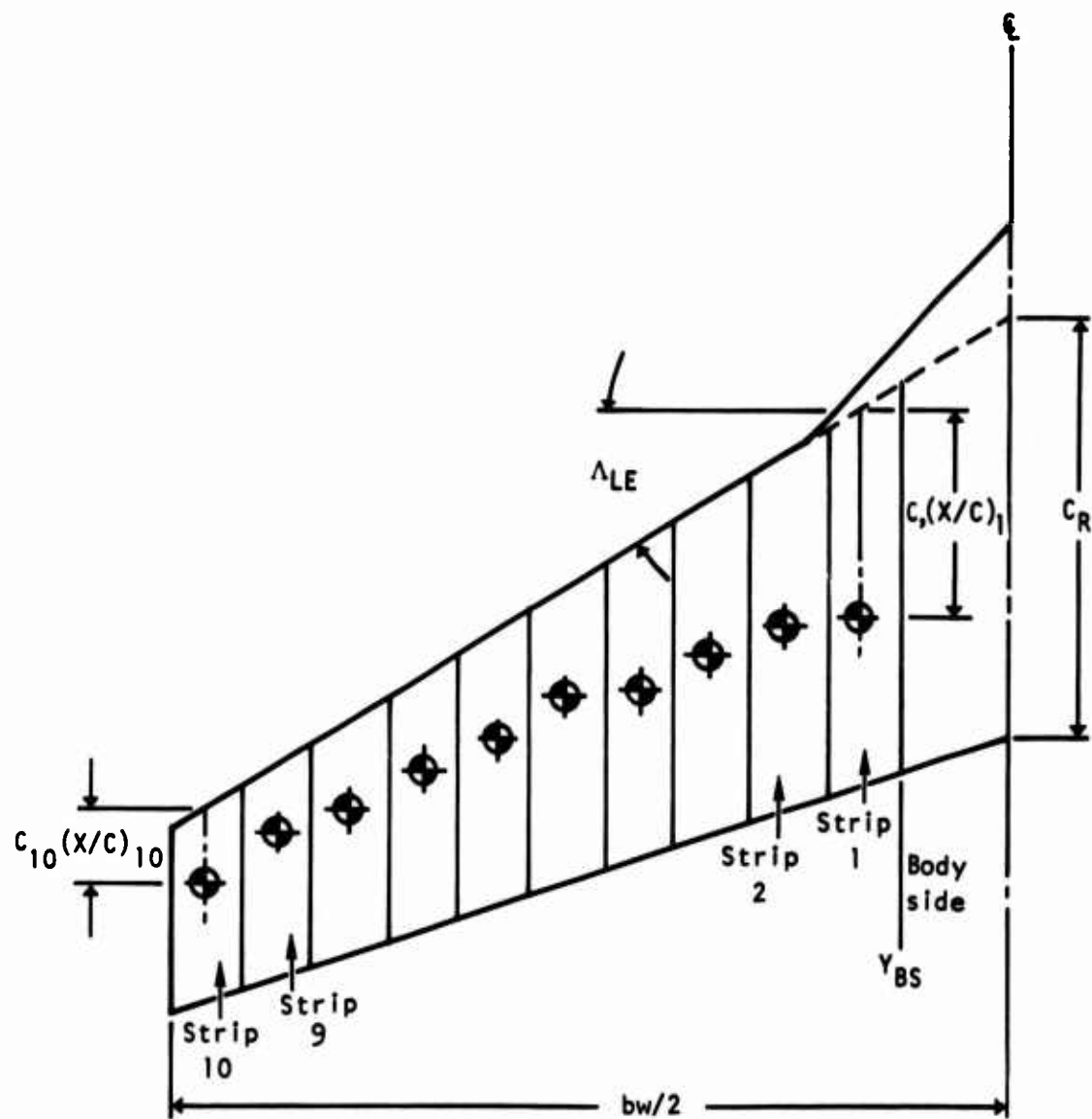


Figure 2. Wing chordwise strips and centers of pressure.

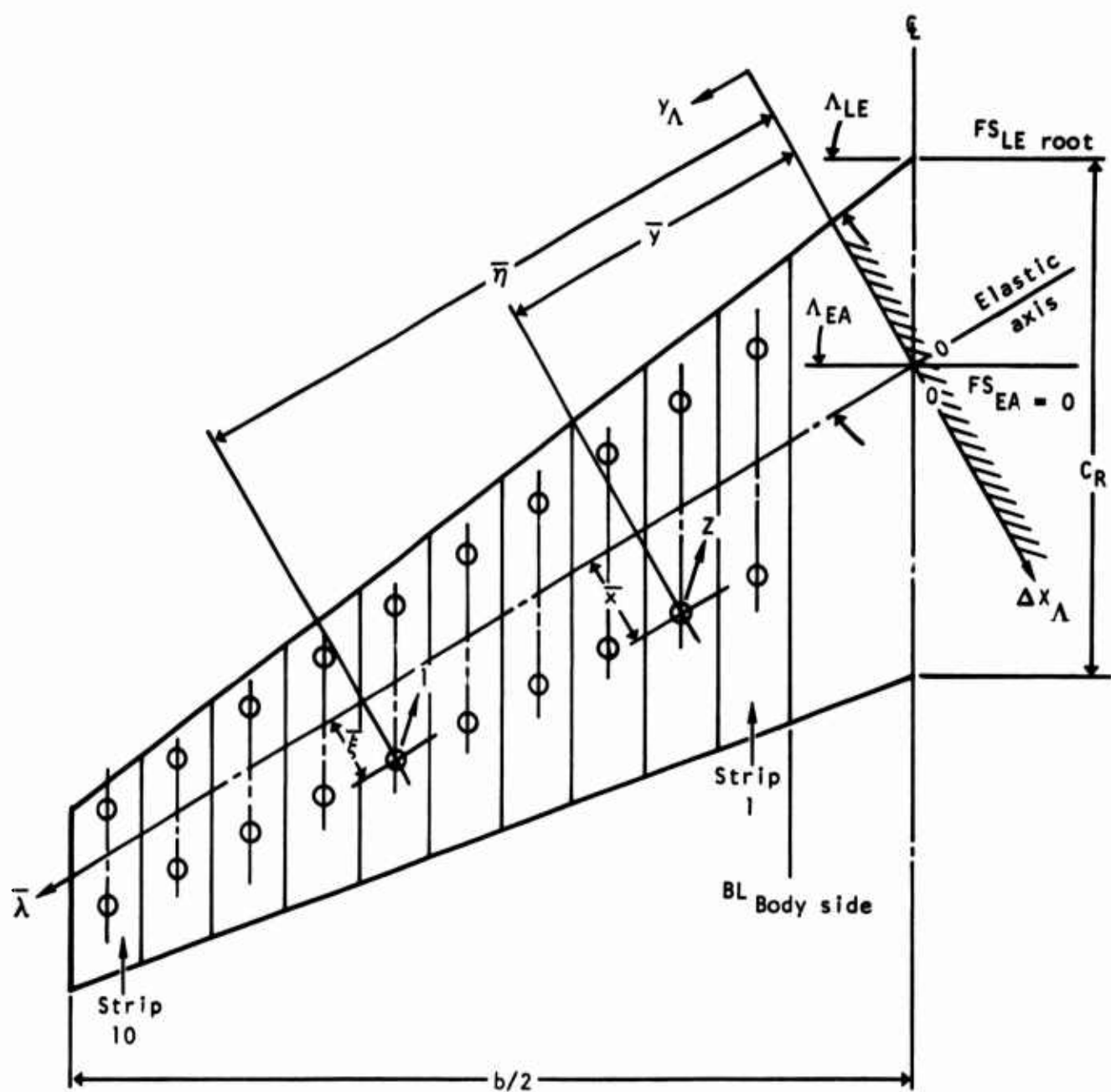


Figure 3. Wing diagram for flexible load analysis.

3. The variation of the exposed wing stiffness parameters, EI and GI, with span station,  $y_A$ , along the elastic axis.

#### WING UNIT AIRLOAD DISTRIBUTIONS

The general procedure for the calculation of unit flexible wingload data consists of the following steps:

1. Determination of unit rigid loads and centers of pressure (CP's) on 10 equal-span chordwise strips between the side of the body and wingtip, and on the strip between the side of the body and airplane centerline of symmetry.
2. Determination of wing rigid lift-curve slope.
3. Determination of unit flexible airloads, unit incremental flexible airloads, and CP's on each strip, and wing flexible-to-rigid load ratios.
4. Determination of wing flexible lift curve slope.
5. Determination of wing unit flexible shear, bending moment, and torsion along the reference line at the span stations specified for weight analysis.

#### Wing Unit Rigid Airload Due to Angle of Attack

Wing unit rigid loadings, rigid lift curve slope, and CP's are determined as follows.

The wing platform is divided into 10 equal-span chordwise strips between the side of the body station,  $\eta_{BS}$ , and wingtip station,  $\eta = 1.0$ , and one strip between  $\eta_{BS}$  and the airplane centerline station,  $\eta = 0$ , as shown in Figure 3.

For subsonic speeds ( $M < 1.0$ ), calculate compressibility factor, B:

$$B = (1 - M^2)^{1/2} \quad (1)$$

and aspect ratio parameter, BA/K:

$$BA/K = A \cdot (B/K) \quad (2)$$

where B/K is obtained by interpolation of B/K versus M data in Figure 4 of Volume III, Section II.

Calculate compressible sweep parameter,  $\Lambda_B$ :

$$\Lambda_B = \text{Arctan} \left\{ \frac{1}{B} \left[ \tan \Lambda_{LE} - \frac{1}{A} \left( \frac{1 - \lambda}{1 + \lambda} \right) \right] \right\} \quad (3)$$

Using parameters  $\Lambda_B$ , BA/K, and  $\lambda$ , interpolate  $C_l$ ,  $C/C_L$ ,  $C_{AV}$  data in Table 1 of Volume III, Section II, to obtain initial  $C_l$ ,  $C/C_L$ ,  $C_{AV}$  values at the selected  $\eta$  stations, and integrate to obtain initial unit load on each strip; i.e.,

$$\Delta P_o(I) = \int_{\eta(I) \text{ INBD}}^{\eta(I) \text{ OUTBD}} \left( \frac{C_l}{C_L} \frac{C}{C_{AV}} \right) d\eta \quad (4)$$

Summate strip loads to obtain initial total wingload,  $P_{W0}$ .

$$P_{W0} = \sum_{I=1}^{11} \Delta P_o(I) \quad (5)$$

Arbitrarily change carry-over strip No. 11 load,  $\Delta P_o(11)$ , to one-half initial value to allow for lift loss due to body interference; i.e.,

$$\Delta P_1(11) = \Delta P_o(11)/2 \quad (6)$$

Sum strip loads to obtain a new total wing load:

$$P_{W1} = \Delta P_1(11) + \sum_{I=1}^{10} \Delta P_o(I) \quad (7)$$

The unit rigid strip loads are then obtained by normalizing a total wing rigid unit load of 1 per side:

For strip 11,

$$\Delta P_{Ra} (11) = \left( \frac{1.0}{P_{W1}} \right) (\Delta P_1 (11)) \quad (8)$$

and for strips 1 through 10,

$$\Delta P_{Ra} (I) = \left( \frac{1.0}{P_{W1}} \right) (\Delta P_o (I)) \quad (9)$$

Using parameters  $\Lambda_B$ ,  $BA/K$ , and  $\lambda$ , interpolate  $BC_{La}/K$  data in Table 2 of Volume III, Section II, to obtain  $BC_{La}/K$  value.

The initial lift curve slope,  $C_{LaW0}$ , is then,

$$C_{LaW0} = 57.3 (BC_{La}/K) / (B/K), \text{ per radian} \quad (10)$$

and the wing rigid lift curve slope is then,

$$C_{LaWR} = \left( \frac{P_{W1}}{P_{W0}} \right) C_{LaW0}, \text{ per radian} \quad (11)$$

For supersonic speeds ( $M > 1.0$ ), calculate the compressibility factors:

$$B = (M^2 - 1)^{1/2} \quad (12)$$

$$B_m = B \cot \Lambda_{LE} \quad (13)$$

$$BA = B \cdot A_w \quad (14)$$

Using  $BA$ ,  $B_m$ , and  $\lambda$ , interpolate  $(2\Gamma/V\alpha b)$  in Table 3 of Volume III, Section II, at selected  $\eta$  stations, and integrate to obtain initial load on each strip; i.e.,

$$\Delta P_o(I) = \int_{\eta(I) \text{ INDB}}^{\eta(I) \text{ OUTBD}} (2\Gamma/V\alpha b) d\eta \quad (15)$$

Summate strip loads to obtain initial total wingload,  $P_{W0}$ ,

$$P_{W0} = \sum_{I=1}^{11} \Delta P_o(I) \left( = \frac{C_{L\alpha} W0}{A} \right) \quad (16)$$

The initial value of wing lift curve slope is then:

$$C_{L\alpha W0} = A \cdot P_{W0} \quad (17)$$

Arbitrarily change carry-over strip 11 load  $\Delta P_o(11)$  to one-half initial value to allow for lift loss due to body interference; i.e.,

$$\Delta P_1(11) = \Delta P_o(11)/2 \quad (18)$$

Sum strip loads to obtain a new total wingload:

$$P_{W1} = \Delta P_1(11) + \sum_{I=1}^{10} \Delta P_o(I) \quad (19)$$

Wing unit rigid strip loads are then obtained by normalizing to give a total wing rigid unit load of 1 per side,

$$\Delta P_{R\alpha}(11) = \left( \frac{1.0}{P_{W1}} \right) (\Delta P_1(11)) \quad (20)$$

and for strips 1 through 10

$$\Delta P_{R\alpha}(I) = \left( \frac{1.0}{P_{W1}} \right) (\Delta P_o(I)) \quad (21)$$

Wing rigid lift curve slope is then:

$$C_{L\alpha NR} = \left( \frac{P_{WL}}{P_{W0}} \right) C_{L\alpha W0} \quad (22)$$

The column matrix of unit rigid strip loads due to angle of attack,

$$AFW(I,1) = \Delta P_{R\alpha(I)} \quad (23)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

and  $\Delta P_{R\alpha}$  is from equation 9 or 21.

CP's of unit rigid strip loads due to angle of attack are obtained as follows:

- For strips 1 through 10, the CP is at an X/C value based on the mean chord of the strip. The  $(X/C)_\alpha$  value is obtained from the  $(X/C)_{WING}$  versus mach number plot in Figure 5 of Volume III, Section II.
- For strip 11, the CP is assumed to be at the same fuselage station as the CP of strip 1.

The column matrix of the CP's,  $AFWCP(I,1)$ , for strip loads due to angle of attack is as follows:

$$AFWCP(I,1) = (X/C)_\alpha(I) \quad (24)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

#### Wing Unit Rigid Airload Due to Wing Flap Deflection

Wing unit rigid strip loadings and CP's are determined as follows.

Calculate wing span ratios for outboard and inboard ends of flap,

$$b_{FO}/b = Y_{FO}/b/2 \quad (25)$$

$$b_{FI}/b = Y_{FI}/b/2 \quad (26)$$

Using parameters  $b_{FO}/b$  and  $b_{FI}/b$ , interpolate  $C_l C/C_{L\alpha} C_{AV}$  data in Table 3 of Volume III, Section II, at selected  $\eta$  values for  $b_{FO}/b$  and  $b_{FI}/b$  flap span ratios.

Calculate initial span loading parameter due to flap deflection at selected  $\eta$  stations,

$$(\Delta C_l C/C_{L\alpha} C_{AV}) = (C_l C/C_{L\alpha} C_{AV})_{b_{FO}/b} - (C_l C/C_{L\alpha} C_{AV})_{b_{FI}/b} \quad (27)$$

and integrate to obtain initial load of each of the strips,

$$\Delta P_{FO} (I) = \int_{\eta(I) \text{ INBD}}^{\eta(I) \text{ OUTBD}} (\Delta C_l C/C_{L\alpha} C_{AV}) d\eta \quad (28)$$

Summate strip loads to obtain flap span normalizing parameter.

$$K_{BF} = \sum_{I=1}^{11} \Delta P_{FO} (I) \quad (29)$$

Unit rigid strip loads due to flap deflection are then,

$$\Delta P_{RF}(I) = \frac{1}{K_{BF}} \cdot \Delta P_{FO}(I) \quad (30)$$

The column matrix of unit rigid strip loads for the lift due to flap deflection, AFW (I,2), is as follows:

$$AFW(I,2) = \Delta P_{RF}(I) \quad (31)$$



where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

CP's of unit rigid strip loads due to flap deflection are obtained as follows:

- For strips 1 through 10, the CP is at an  $X/C$  value based on the mean chord of the strip. The  $(X/C)_F$  value is obtained from the  $(X/C)_F$  versus  $(C_f/C_w)$  data in Figure 6 of Volume III, Section II.
- For strip 11, the CP is assumed to be at the same fuselage station as for strip 1.

The column matrix of CP's for unit rigid strip loads due to flap deflection,  $AFWCP(I,2)$ , is then:

$$AFWCP(I,2) = (X/C)_F(I) \quad (32)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

#### Wing Unit Rigid Load Due to Vertical Acceleration

Unit rigid strip loads due to vertical acceleration consist of the weight of the strip normalized to an exposed wing load of -1 pound per side; i.e.,

$$\Delta P_{nz}(I) = -\frac{1}{W_{WOP}} \cdot W_S(I) \quad (33)$$

where

$$W_S(I) = \text{strip weight}$$

and

$$W_{WOP} = \sum_{I=1}^{10} W_S(I) \quad (34)$$

The column matrix of the rigid strip loads due vertical acceleration, AFW (I,3) is then:

$$AFW (I,3) = \Delta P_{nz} (I) \quad (35)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

CP's of rigid strip loads,  $(X/C)_{WS}$ , are based on the mean chord of the strip, as shown in Figure 2. The column matrix of the CP's, AFWCP (I,3), is then:

$$AFWCP (I,3) = (X/C)_{WS} (I) \quad (36)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

#### Wing Flexible Airload Distributions

The methods used to calculate the redistributed wing airloads caused by the wing torsional and bending deflections are based on strip theory. Redistributed wing loads include the effects of the wing deflections resulting from (1) lift due to angle of attack, (2) lift due to flap deflection, and (3) inertia load due to vertical acceleration.

## Wing Structural Influence Coefficients

For the static aeroelastic analysis, the exposed semispan of the wing is divided into 10 evenly spaced strips, as shown in Figure 3. Two structural influence coefficient points are placed on the centerline of each strip, one at X/C forward and one at X/C aft. The values of fuselage stations (FS) and the butt line (BL) for the points on strip I are formed as follows:

$$BL = BL_{BS} + (2I-1) \left( \frac{b/2 - BL_{BS}}{20} \right) \quad (37)$$

$$X_{LE} = FS_{LE \text{ ROOT}} + BL \cdot \tan \Lambda_{LE} \quad (38)$$

$$C = C_{ROOT} \left[ 1 - \frac{BL}{b/2} (1 - \lambda) \right] \quad (39)$$

$$FS_{FWD} = \left[ (X/C)_{FWD} \cdot C \right] + X_{LE} \quad (40)$$

$$FS_{AFT} = \left[ (X/C)_{AFT} \cdot C \right] + X_{LE} \quad (41)$$

where

$$(X/C)_{FWD} = 0.15$$

and

$$(X/C)_{AFT} = 0.65.$$

The coordinates are then converted into the swept elastic axis system (Figure 3).

$$\bar{x} = (FS - FS_{EA=0}) \cos \Lambda_{EA} - BL \cdot \sin \Lambda_{EA} \quad (42)$$

$$\bar{y} = (FS - FS_{EA=0}) \sin \Lambda_{EA} + BL \cdot \cos \Lambda_{EA} \quad (43)$$

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NOTE The elastic axis does not have to be a constant-percent chord line.

Elements of the SIC matrix are formed using the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\eta} \geq \bar{y} \\ \text{SIC } (\bar{x}, \bar{y}; \bar{\xi}, \bar{\eta}) = \int_0^{\bar{y}} \frac{(\bar{\eta} - \bar{\lambda})(\bar{y} - \bar{\lambda})}{EI} d\bar{\lambda} + \\ \bar{x} \bar{\xi} \int_0^{\bar{y}} \frac{1}{GJ} d\bar{\lambda} \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

Each element of the SIC matrix represents the deflection at:  $\bar{x}, \bar{y}$  due to a 1-pound vertical load at  $\bar{\xi}, \bar{\eta}$ . The preceding equation is integrated to form the upper right triangle of the SIC matrix. In this process of integration, the value of  $\bar{y}$  sometimes exceeds  $\bar{\eta}$ . In that case, the upper limit of integration is changed to  $\bar{\eta}$ . The other half of the SIC matrix is formed by symmetry.

$$\text{SIC}_{ij} = \text{SIC}_{ji} \quad (45)$$

For the static aeroelastic analysis, a matrix of streamwise slopes,  $\overline{\text{SIC}}$ , is required. This matrix is formed by premultiplying the SIC matrix by a differential operator matrix called  $D_\theta$ , which is formed from the structural influence point geometry. The elements of  $D_\theta$  are formed as follows, where I goes from 1 through 10.

$$D_\theta (I, 2I-1) = \frac{1}{\text{FS}_{\text{AFT}}(I) - \text{FS}_{\text{FWD}}(I)} \quad (46)$$

$$D_\theta (I, 2I) = \frac{-1}{\text{FS}_{\text{AFT}}(I) - \text{FS}_{\text{FWD}}(I)} \quad (47)$$

The  $\overline{\text{SIC}}$  matrix is then formed as:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{\text{SIC}} \\ 10,20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} D_\theta \\ 10,20 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{SIC} \\ 20,20 \end{bmatrix} \quad (48)$$

## Wing Aerolastic Distributions

General Method. For each load effect, the total flexible wing load distribution is:

$$\left\{ P_{FLEX} \right\} = \left\{ P_{RIGID} \right\} + \left\{ P_{\Delta FLEX} \right\} \quad (49)$$

Where the incremental aeroelastic load distribution is related to the flexible load:

$$\left\{ P_{\Delta FLEX} \right\} = q \left[ A \right] \left[ \overline{SIC} \right] \left\{ P_{FLEX} \right\} \quad (50)$$

In this simplified solution, the aerodynamic load matrix, A, is defined as a diagonal matrix formed from the  $\alpha$  distribution load on each chordwise strip.

$$\left[ A \right] = \left[ \alpha \text{ LOAD} \right] \quad (51)$$

The equation for the aeroelastic solution is then formed as:

$$\left\{ P_{FLEX} \right\} = \left\{ P_{RIGID} \right\} + q \left[ \alpha \text{ LOAD} \right] \left[ \overline{SIC} \right] \left\{ P_{FLEX} \right\} \quad (52)$$

Transpose and factor out  $P_{FLEX}$ :

$$\left[ \left[ I \right] - q \left[ \alpha \text{ LOAD} \right] \left[ \overline{SIC} \right] \right] \left\{ P_{FLEX} \right\} = \left\{ P_{RIGID} \right\} \quad (53)$$

Let

$$\begin{bmatrix} D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I \end{bmatrix} - q \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \text{LOAD} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{SIC} \end{bmatrix} \quad (54)$$

then,

$$\begin{bmatrix} D \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} P_{\text{FLEX}} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} P_{\text{RIGID}} \end{Bmatrix} \quad (55)$$

Formulation for Flexible Airloads Program. The rigid loads distribution, AFW, for  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$  FLAP, and WEIGHT, are distributed to the SIC points by simply beaming the load on each strip, using the corresponding chordwise centers of pressure, AFWCP.

$$\text{RLOADS}(2I-1, J) = \text{AFW}(I, J) \frac{\text{AFWCP}(I, J) - (X/C)_{\text{AFT}}}{(X/C)_{\text{FWD}} - (X/C)_{\text{AFT}}} \quad (56)$$

$$\text{RLOADS}(2I, J) = \text{AFW}(I, J) \frac{-\text{AFWCP}(I, J) + (X/C)_{\text{FWD}}}{(X/C)_{\text{FWD}} - (X/C)_{\text{AFT}}} \quad (57)$$

where

$I = 1$  through 10

and

$J = 1$   $\alpha$  load

$J = 2$   $\delta$ F load

$J = 3$  weight

Define C as:

$$C = C_L q \frac{S_W}{2} \quad (58)$$

The D-matrix is then formed a column at a time, using column 1 of the RLOADS matrix; i.e., the  $\alpha$  load distribution and the  $\overline{SIC}$  matrix. The column K goes 1 through 20.

$$D(2I-1,K) = -C \cdot RLOADS(2I-1,1) \cdot SICBAR(I,K) \quad (59)$$

$$D(2I,K) = -C \cdot RLOADS(2I,1) \cdot SICBAR(I,K) \quad (60)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

The D-matrix is completed by adding 1.0 to each diagonal element.

$$D(K,K) = 1.0 + D(K,K)$$

The static aeroelastic equation to be solved is then:

$$\begin{bmatrix} D \end{bmatrix}_{20,20} \begin{bmatrix} \text{(FLEXIBLE)} \\ \text{FLOADS} \end{bmatrix}_{20,3} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{(RIGID)} \\ \text{RLOADS} \end{bmatrix}_{20,3} \quad (61)$$

This equation is solved for the flexible loads a column at a time, using a general least-squares technique. This technique is used because it is very fast and will work with even a poorly conditioned matrix. This method gives the solution to a system of linear equations  $Bx = C$ , where B is an  $N \times M$  matrix with  $N \geq M$ , and C is a column vector of dimension N. In the over-determined case, a least-squares solution is obtained.

The method finds an  $N \times N$  matrix R such that R is orthogonal (i.e.,  $R^T R = I$ ) and

$$R(B,C) = \begin{pmatrix} T & d \\ 0 & \alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

where T is an  $M \times M$  triangular matrix and d is an M-dimensional column vector. The number  $\alpha$  is the square root of the sum of the squares of the residuals. Solution of the problem is then the solution of  $Tx=d$ , and is found by back substitution.

Once flexible loads at the SIC points have been determined, flexible loads on the strips, AFWF, are formed by a simple summation; the delta flexible loads, AFWDF, are formed by subtracting rigid loads from flexible loads.

$$AFWF(I,J) = FLOADS(2I-1,J) + FLOADS(2I,J) \quad (62)$$

$$AFWDF(I,J) = AFWF(I,J) - AFW(I,J) \quad (63)$$

where

$$I = 1 \text{ through } 10$$

The total summed rigid loads, flexible loads, delta flexible loads, and flexible-to-rigid load ratios are:

$$\text{Rigid} \quad F(J,1) = \sum_{I=1}^{10} AFW(I,J) \quad (64)$$

$$\text{Flexible} \quad F(J,2) = \sum_{I=1}^{10} AFWF(I,J) \quad (65)$$

$$\Delta \text{Flexible} \quad F(J,3) = F(J,2) - F(J,1) \quad (66)$$

$$\frac{F}{R} \quad F(J,4) = \frac{F(J,2)}{F(J,1)} \quad (67)$$

Because the rigid load distribution on the strips is used for delta flexible loads, the chordwise CP on each load strip is the same for the delta flexible loads as it is for the rigid  $\alpha$  load.



The wing flexible lift curve slope is determined as follows:

$$C_{L \alpha WF} = C_{L \alpha WR} \left[ \frac{\Delta P_{\alpha} (11) + \sum_{I=1}^{10} AFWF (I,1)}{\Delta P_{\alpha} (11) + \sum_{I=1}^{10} AFW (I,1)} \right] \quad (68)$$

where  $\Delta P_{\alpha} (11)$  is from equation 8 or 20,  $AFWF (I,1)$  is the column matrix of flexible strip loads due to angle of attack, and  $AFW(I,1)$  is the column matrix of rigid strip loads due to angle of attack from equation 23.

#### Wing Unit Shears and Moments

Wing unit airload shears and moments for the flexible wing are developed using the column matrices of strip loads and CP's. The average unit running normal loading on a strip is the strip load ( $AF(I)$ ) divided by the strip width, and the running torsional moment is the running normal loading times the normal distance from strip CP to the selected load reference line for weight analysis. The average running normal loading and running torsional moment are applied at  $\eta$  station for the midspan at the strip.

Running loadings on the exposed wing along the load reference line are as follows (where  $\eta(I)$  is the  $\eta$  station at the midspan of the strip I,  $UL(I)$  is the unit running normal loading at station  $\eta(I)$ , and  $UT(I)$  is the unit running torsional moment at station  $\eta(I)$ ):

$$\begin{aligned} \eta(I) &= \eta_{BS} + 0.05 (1 - \eta_{BS}) + 0.1 (I - 1) (1 - \eta_{BS}) \\ &= -0.05 + 1.05 \eta_{BS} + (1 - \eta_{BS}) I/10 \end{aligned} \quad (69)$$

$$UL(I) = \frac{AF(I)}{0.1 (1 - \eta_{BS})} \quad (70)$$

$$UT(I) = -\Delta X_{\Lambda} (I) \cdot UL(I) \quad (71)$$

The term  $\Delta X_{\Lambda}(I)$  is the normal distance from the load reference line to the local CP and is determined, using the methods of Volume III, Section II, as follows:

$$\Delta X_{\Lambda}(I) = C_{\Lambda}(I) \left[ (X_{\Lambda}/C_{\Lambda})_{CP} - (X_{\Lambda}/C_{\Lambda})_R \right] \quad (72)$$

where

$$C_{\Lambda}(I) = \frac{[1 + \eta(I)(1 - \lambda)] C_R \cos \Lambda_R}{1 - K_{\Lambda} \left[ 1 - (X/C)_R - (X_{\Lambda}/C_{\Lambda})_R \right]} \quad (73)$$

$$K_{\Lambda} = \frac{4}{A} \left( \frac{1 - \lambda}{1 + \lambda} \right) (\sin \Lambda_R \cos \Lambda_R) \quad (74)$$

$$(X_{\Lambda}/C_{\Lambda})_R = (X/C)_R \left[ 1 - K_{\Lambda} \left( 1 - (X/C)_R \right) \right] \quad (75)$$

$$(X_{\Lambda}/C_{\Lambda})_{CP} = (X/C)_{CP} \left[ 1 - K_{\Lambda} \left( 1 - (X/C)_{CP} \right) \right] \quad (76)$$

Running unit normal loading inboard of the side of the body ( $\eta < \eta_{BS}$ ) is assumed to be constant and is:

$$UL_{\eta} = \frac{\Delta P(11)}{\eta_{BS}} \quad (77)$$

where  $\Delta P(11)$  is the unit airload on strip 11.

Unit running torsional moment inboard of the body side about the load reference line at station  $\eta$  is:

$$UT_{\eta} = - \Delta X_{\Lambda\eta} \cdot UL_{\eta} \quad (78)$$

where  $\Delta X_{\Lambda\eta}$  is determined, as follows.

The CP is assumed to be at a constant fuselage station equal to the fuselage station of the CP at strip 1. Then, when  $\eta < \eta_{BS}$ ,

$$\Delta X_{\Lambda \eta} = \Delta X_{\Lambda \eta (I=1)} + \left( \eta_{(I=1)} - \eta \right) \left( \frac{b}{2} \right) (\sin \Lambda_R) \quad (79)$$

where  $\eta_{(I=1)}$  is from equation 69

and  $\Delta X_{\Lambda \eta (I=1)}$  is from equation 72

Unit running normal and torsional loadings for the specific type of distributions are obtained using the following strip load data:

1. For flexible lift due to angle-of-attack distribution, use the following:
  - a. In equation (70):  $AF(I) = AFWF(I,1)$  from equation 62
  - b. In equation (76):  $(X/C)_{CP} = AFWCP(I,1)$  from equation 24
  - c. In equation (77):  $\Delta P(11) = \Delta P_{\alpha R}(11)$  from equation 8 or 20, depending on mach number
2. For rigid lift due to flap deflection distribution, use the following:
  - a. In equation (70):  $AF(I) = AFW(I,2)$  from equation 31
  - b. In equation (76):  $(X/C)_{CP} = AFWCP(I,2)$  from equation 32
  - c. In equation (77):  $\Delta P(11) = \Delta P_{FR}(11)$  from equation 30
3. For incremental flexible lift due to flap deflection distribution, use the following:
  - a. In equation (70):  $AF(I) = AFWDF(I,2)$  from equation 63
  - b. In equation (76):  $(X/C)_{CP} = AFWCP(I,1)$  from equation 24
  - c. In equation (77):  $\Delta P(11) = 0$

4. For incremental flexible lift due to vertical acceleration distribution, use the following:

- a. In equation (70):  $AF(I) = AFWDF(I,3)$  from equation 63
- b. In equation (76):  $(X/C)_{CP} = AFWCP(I,1)$  from equation 24
- c. In equation (77):  $\Delta P(11) = 0$

Wing unit shear and moments are calculated along the selected load reference line at the  $\eta$  stations selected for weight analysis and are normalized for a surface load of 1 pound per side.

Unit span normal loading, UL, from equations 70 and 77, is integrated to obtain the unit shear values, USZN, at the selected  $\eta$  stations; i.e.,

$$USZN = K_{UZ} \int_{\eta}^{1.0} (ULN) d\eta \quad (80)$$

where

$$K_{UZ} = \left[ \frac{1.0}{\int_0^{1.0} (ULN) d\eta} \right] \quad (81)$$

Unit shear, USZ, is integrated to obtain the unit bending moment,

UMXTN:

$$UMXTN = \frac{b}{2 \cos \Lambda_R} \left[ \int_{\eta}^{1.0} (USZN) d\eta \right] \quad (82)$$

Unit running torsional moment, UT, from equations 71 and 78, is integrated to obtain the unit torsional moment, UMYTN:

$$UMYTN = K_{UZ} \int_{\eta}^{1.0} (UTN) d\eta \quad (83)$$

In equations 80 through 83, the N in ULN, USZN, UMXTN, UMYTN, and UTN is used to designate the type of distribution; i.e.,

N = 1 for flexible lift due to angle of attack

N = 2 for rigid lift due to flap deflection

N = 3 for incremental flexible lift due to flap deflection

N = 4 for flexible lift due to vertical acceleration

Wing unit airloads and CP's for each of the four types of airload distribution are determined as follows.

Total wing unit airload per side, UPZWN; wing unit pitching moment per side, UMYWN, at the intersection of the wingload reference line and the A/P centerline; and CP of the wing unit airload, DXWN, measured aft from the theoretical wing apex, are as follows:

$$UPZWN = (USZN)_{\eta = 0} = 1.0 \quad (84)$$

$$UMYWN = (UMYTN)_{\eta = 0} \cos \Lambda_R - (UMXTN)_{\eta = 0} \sin \Lambda_R \quad (85)$$

$$DXWN = C_R (X/C)_R - (UMYWN) / (UPZWN) \quad (86)$$

Exposed wing unit loads of the intersection of the wingload reference line and the body side in the body reference system are as follows:

$$USZW(B)N = (USZN)_{\eta_{BS}} \quad (87)$$

$$UMXW(B)N = (UMXTN)_{\eta_{BS}} \cos \Lambda_R + (UMYTN)_{\eta_{BS}} \sin \Lambda_R \quad (88)$$

$$UMYW(B)N = (UMYTN)_{\eta_{BS}} \cos \Lambda_R - (UMXTN)_{\eta_{BS}} \sin \Lambda_R \quad (89)$$

NOTE Also

$$USZW(B)N = \left[ \frac{(USZN) \eta_{BS}}{(USZN) \eta_{=0}} \right] UPZWN \quad (90)$$

$$DXW(B)N = C_R(X/C)_R + Y_{BS} \tan \Lambda_R - \frac{UMYW(B)N}{USZW(B)N} \quad (91)$$

$$YW(B)N = Y_{BS} + \frac{UMXW(B)N}{USZW(B)N} \quad (92)$$

Wing unit carry-over load on the body,  $UPZB(W)N$ , and its CP,  $DXB(W)N$ , are determined as follows:

$$UPZB(W)N = (USZN) \eta_{=0} - (USZN) \eta_{BS} \quad (93)$$

$$UMYB(W)N = \left[ UMYTN \eta_{=0} - UMYTN \eta_{BS} \right] \cos \Lambda_R -$$

$$\left[ UMXTN \eta_{=0} - UMXTN \eta_{BS} - (USZN \eta_{BS}) \left( \frac{Y_{BS}}{\cos \Lambda_R} \right) \right] \sin \Lambda_R \quad (94)$$

$$DXB(W)N = C_R(X/C)_R - \frac{UMYB(W)N}{UPZB(W)N} \quad (95)$$

#### EMPENNAGE UNIT AIRLOAD DISTRIBUTIONS

The unit airload distributions on the horizontal and vertical tail surfaces are determined using the methods described in Volume III, Section II.

## COMPONENT LIMIT AIRLOADS

Gross limit airloads on airplane components and airplane inertia factors are determined for specific types of flight conditions, using methods similar to those described in Volume III, Section II. Revisions are made to include the effects of wing flexibility, consisting of the following:

1. Wing airload is divided into four parts: (1) flexible load due to angle of attack, (2) rigid load due to flap deflection, (3) incremental flexible load due to flap deflection, and (4) incremental flexible load due to vertical acceleration.
2. Airplane balance equations are expanded to incorporate added wingload parts.
3. Flexible wing lift curve slope is used to determine wing incremental gust load.

## BALANCED MANEUVER CONDITION

The balanced maneuver condition is a flight condition where the aircraft is trimmed (balanced) by a horizontal tail or canard load. Incremental loads due to flap deflection are determined only for low subsonic conditions.

Wing airloads consist of the following:

PZW1 = Flexible lift due to angle of attack

PZW2 = Rigid lift due to flap deflection

PZW3 = Incremental flexible lift due to flap deflection

PZW4 = Flexible lift due to vertical acceleration

Their corresponding CP's in terms of fuselage station, are:

$$XW1 = X_{RW} + DXW1 \quad (96)$$

$$XW2 = X_{RW} + DXW2 \quad (97)$$

$$XW3 = x_{RW} + DXW3 \quad (98)$$

$$XW4 = X_{RW} + DXW4 \quad (99)$$

DXWN values are obtained from equation (86) for each type of distribution.

For a given mach No., dynamic pressure, load factor and flap deflection, wingloads are determined as follows:

PZW1 is obtained from the balance equation (110)

$$PZW2 = \frac{\delta f}{57.3} K_{CF} K_{BF} C_{L\alpha WR} q S_W \quad (100)$$

Where

$\delta_f$  = flap deflection in degrees

$$K_{CF} = \frac{dC_L/d\delta_f}{dC_L/d\alpha}$$

and is obtained by interpolation of the

$K_{CF}$  versus  $(C_F/C_W)$  data in Figure 6 of Volume III, Section II

$K_{BF}$  is obtained from equation 29

$C_{L\alpha WR}$  is obtained from equation 11

$q$  = dynamic pressure, psf

$S_W$  = theoretical wing area

$$PZW3 = (PZW2) (USZW2)_{S\theta B} \left[ \frac{F}{R} - 1.0 \right] \quad (101)$$

Where  $(USZW2)_{S\theta B}$  is the unit rigid wingload at the body side due to flap deflection and is obtained from equation 87.

$F/R$  = matrix element  $F(2,4)$  from equation 67

$$PZW4 = 2.0 (N_2) (W_{W\theta P}) \left[ \frac{F}{R} - 1.0 \right] \quad (102)$$



Where  $N_z$  is the specified load factor and

$W_{WOP}$  = exposed wing weight per side

$\frac{F}{R}$  = matrix element F(3,4) from equation 67

Body nose load,  $P_{ZN}$ , is as defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{ZN} &= \alpha^2 \pi R_N^2 q / 144 \\ &= 0.043633 \alpha R_N^2 q \end{aligned} \quad (103)$$

Where  $R_N$  is the maximum nose radius (inches),  $\alpha$  is the angle of attack and

$$\alpha = \frac{PZW1/qS_W}{C_{L\alpha WF}} \quad (104)$$

Where  $C_{L\alpha WF}$  is the flexible wing lift curve slope and is obtained from equation 68.

Substituting equation 104 in 103:

$$P_{ZN} = \frac{0.043633(PZW1) R_N^2}{S_W C_{L\alpha WF}} \quad (105)$$

CP of the body nose load is:

$$X_N = X_O + \left( \ell_N - \frac{V_N}{\pi R_N^2} \right) \quad (106)$$

Horizontal tail load is  $P_{ZH}$  and is obtained from the balance equation 111. CP of the horizontal tail is:

$$X_H = X_{RH} + DXH \quad (107)$$

Where  $X_{PH}$  is the fuselage station of the leading edge of the horizontal tail theoretical root chord,  $DXH$  is the X-distance aft of the root chord leading edge to the CP and is obtained from equation 50 in Volume III, Section II.

Airplane balance equations, where  $\dot{Q} = 0$ , are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma M_y &= 0 \\ (PZW1) &\left[ (XCG - XW1) + (XCG - XN) \left( \frac{0.043633 R_N^2}{S_W C_{L\alpha WF}} \right) \right] + \\ &PZW2 (XCG - XW2) + PZW3 (XCG - XW3) + \\ &PZW4 (XCG - XW4) + PZH (XCG - XH) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (108)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma P_z &= 0 \\ PZW1 &\left( 1 + \frac{0.043633 R_N^2}{S_W C_{L\alpha WF}} \right) + PZW2 + PZW3 + \\ &PZW4 + PZH - N_z W = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (109)$$

Solving equations 108 and 109 for  $PZW1$  and  $PZH$ ,

$$PZW1 = \frac{(N_z W)F - (PZW2)(C-F) - (PZW3)(D-F) - (PZW4)(E-F)}{B - AF} \quad (110)$$

$$PZH = N_z W - A(PZW1) - PZW2 - PZW3 - PZW4 \quad (111)$$

where

$$A = 1 + \frac{0.043633 R_N^2}{S_W C_{L\alpha WF}} \quad (112)$$

$$B = (XCG - XW1) + (XCG - XN) \left( \frac{0.043633 R_N^2}{S_W C_{L\alpha WF}} \right) \quad (113)$$

$$C = (XCG - XW2) \quad (114)$$

$$D = (XCG - XW3) \quad (115)$$

$$E = (XCG - XW4) \quad (116)$$

$$F = (XCG - XH) \quad (117)$$

$$PZN = (A-1) PZW1 \quad (118)$$

#### PITCHING ACCELERATION CONDITION

The pitching acceleration condition is an arbitrary condition where a specified value of pitching acceleration is caused by an incremental horizontal tailload and is superimposed on a balanced maneuver condition such that the resulting load factor is one-half the design limit positive maneuver load factor.

The incremental horizontal tailload required to produce the specified pitching acceleration,  $\dot{Q}$ , is:

$$\Delta PZH = -12 \frac{\dot{Q} I_y}{X_H - XCG} \quad (119)$$

Where,  $I_y$  = airplane pitching moment of inertia, slug ft<sup>2</sup>, and  $X_H$  is obtained from equation 107.

The maneuver load factor,  $N_{ZM}$ , is determined as follows:

$$N_{ZM} = \frac{N_{ZL}}{2} - \frac{\Delta PZH}{W} \quad (120)$$

Where  $N_{ZL}$  is the design limit maneuver load factor

$W$  = airplane weight

Equations 96 through 118, with the following exceptions, are then used to determine the component loads:

$$PZW4 = -2.0 \left( \frac{N_{ZL}}{2} \right) (W_{WOP}) \left[ \frac{F}{R} - 1.0 \right] \quad (121)$$

$$PZW1 = \frac{N_{ZM} F - (PZW4)(E-F)}{B - AF} \quad (122)$$

$$PZH = N_{ZM} W - A(PZW1) - PZW4 + \Delta PZH \quad (123)$$

#### VERTICAL GUST CONDITION

The vertical gust condition consists of a  $\pm 50$  fps vertical gust encounter superimposed on a 1.0g trimmed condition.

Equivalent airspeed ( $V_E$ ), airplane mass ratio ( $\mu$ ), and the gust alleviation factor ( $K_g$ ) are determined using equations 115 through 119 of Volume III, Section II, at the specified mach number and altitude.

Component loads  $PZW1_{N_Z = 1.0}$  and  $PZH_{N_Z = 1.0}$ , for the 1.0g trimmed condition are determined using equations (110) and (111), where  $N_Z = 1.0$  and  $\delta_f = 0$ .

Airplane normal load factor,  $N_Z$ , is determined as follows:

$$N_Z W = A \left( PZW1_{N_Z = 1.0} + \Delta PZW1 \right) - 2.0 N_Z (W_{WOP}) \left( \frac{F}{R} - 1 \right) + PZH_{N_Z = 1.0} + \Delta PZH \quad (124)$$

or:

$$N_Z = \frac{A(PZW1_{N_Z = 1.0} + \Delta PZW1) + PZH_{N_Z = 1.0} + \Delta PZH}{W + 2.0 (W_{WOP}) \left( \frac{F}{R} - 1 \right)} \quad (125)$$

where  $PZW1_{N_Z = 1.0}$  is obtained using equation (110),  $PZH_{N_Z = 1.0}$  is obtained using equation (111),  $A$  is obtained using equation (112),  $F/R$  is the same as that used in equation (102), and incremental gust loads are:

$$\Delta PZW1 = 0.100354 \text{ Kg } C_{L\alpha WF} S_W V_E \quad (126)$$

$$\Delta PZH = 0.100354 \text{ Kg } C_{L\alpha H} S_H V_E$$

Where  $CL_{\alpha WF}$  is obtained using equation (68) and  $CL_{\alpha H}$  is obtained using equation 19 or 23 of Volume III, Section II.

Limit airload on the components are then determined as follows:

$$PZW1 - PZW1_{N_Z = 1.0} + \Delta PZW1 \quad (127)$$

$$PZW4 = - 2.0 N_Z (W_{WOP}) \left( \frac{F}{R} - 1 \right) \quad (128)$$

$$PZH = PZH_{N_Z = 1.0} + \Delta PZH \quad (129)$$

$$PZN = (A - 1) PZW1 \quad (130)$$

Airplane pitching acceleration,  $\dot{Q}$ , is determined as follows:

$$\dot{Q} = - [(XN - XCG) PZN + (XW1 - XCG) PZW1 + (XW4 - XCG) PZW4 + (XH - XCG) PZH] / 12 I_y \quad (131)$$

#### LATERAL GUST CONDITION

The lateral gust condition consist of a 50 fps lateral gust encounter superimposed on a 1.0 g trimmed condition.

Component limit airloads  $PZW1$ ,  $PZW4$ ,  $PZH$ , and  $PZN$  are determined using equations 110, 102, 111, and 118, respectively, with  $N_Z = 1.0$  and  $\delta_F = 0$ .

Component limit airloads  $P_{YN}$  and  $P_{YVT}$  are determined using equations 138 and 139, respectively, from Volume III, Section II.

Airplane yawing acceleration,  $\dot{R}$ , and side load factor,  $N_y$ , are determined using equations 140 and 141, respectively, from Volume III, Section II.

#### YAWING ACCELERATION CONDITION

The yawing acceleration condition is an arbitrary condition where a specified value of yawing acceleration is caused by a load on the vertical tail and is superimposed on a 1.0 g trimmed condition.

Component limit airloads PZW1, PZW4, PZH, and PZN are determined using equations 110, 102, 111, and 118, respectively, with  $N_z = 1.0$  and  $\delta_F = 0$ .

Equations 142 and 143, of Volume III, Section II, are used to determine vertical tail limit airload,  $P_{yVT}$ , and airplane side load factor,  $N_y$ , respectively.

#### LIFTING SURFACE LIMIT AIRLOAD SHEARS AND MOMENTS

Lifting surface unit airload shears and moments have been determined (for each type of distribution) such that the panel load (per side including the carry-over load on the body) is equal to unity. Therefore, limit airload shears and moments are obtained by multiplying the unit values by the limit panel loads.

#### WING LIMIT AIRLOAD SHEARS AND MOMENTS

Wing airload shears, bending moments, and torsional moments at the selected  $\eta$  stations for weight analysis along the load reference line are determined for a specific flight condition, as follows:

$$Y_{\Lambda} = (b/2)/\cos \Lambda_R = Y/\cos \Lambda_R \quad (132)$$

$$S_{Z_{\Lambda}} = [PZW1(USZ1) + PZW2(USZ2) + PZW3(USZ3) + PZW4(USZ4)] \div 2 \quad (133)$$

$$M_{X_{\Lambda}} = [PZW1(UMXT1) + PZW2(UMXT2) + PZW3(UMXT3) + PZW4(UMXT4)] \div 2 \quad (134)$$

$$M_{Y_{\Lambda}} = [PZW1(UMYT1) + PZW2(UMYT2) + PZW3(UMYT3) + PZW4(UMYT4)] \div 2 \quad (135)$$

where the unit shears and the unit bending and torsional moments are obtained from equations 80, 82, and 83, respectively, for each type of distribution.

Limit airload shear and moments of the side of the body stations,  $Y_{BS}$ , in the body reference system are obtained using unit values from equations 87, 88, and 89 for each type of distribution.

$$S_{Z(SOB)} = [PZW1 (USZW(B)1) + PZW2 (USZW(B)2) + PZW3 (USZW(B)3) + PZW4 (USZW(B)4)] + 2 \quad (136)$$

$$M_{X(SOB)} = [PZW1 (UMXW(B)1) + PZW2 (UMXW(B)2) + PZW3 (UMXW(B)3) + PZW4 (UMXW(B)4)] + 2 \quad (137)$$

$$M_{Y(SOB)} = [PZW1 (UMYW(B)1) + PZW2 (UMYW(B)2) + PZW3 (UMYW(B)3) + PZW4 (UMYW(B)4)] + 2 \quad (138)$$

The total limit carry over airload on the body,  $PZB(W)$ , and its CP,  $XBB(W)$ , are determined as follows using unit values from equations 93 and 95:

$$PZB(W) = PZW1 (UPZB(W)1) + PZW2 (UPZB(W)2) + PZW3 (UPZB(W)3) + PZW4 (UPZB(W)4) \quad (139)$$

$$XBB(W) = X_{RW} + [PZW1 (UPZB(W)1) DXB(W)1 + PZW2 (UPZB(W)2) DXB(W)2 + PZW3 (UPZB(W)3) DXB(W)3 + PZW4 (UPZB(W)4) DXB(W)4] + PZB(W) \quad (140)$$

#### EMPENNAGE LIMIT AIRLOAD SHEARS AND MOMENTS

Limit airload shears and bending and torsional moments are determined using equations 153 through 182, in Volume III, Section II.

## Section III

### COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The flexible airloads stand-alone program BFCNTL, has been developed to determine airplane component limit airloads, including effects of wing flexibility for specific flight case conditions. The limit airloads consist of the airload and center of pressure (CP) for each airplane component and airload shear, bending moment, and torsion distributions on wing and empennage surfaces.

Punched card output data are in a format that is compatible for use as an optional external input to the SWEEP program. Input data are generated by the SWEEP data generation program as punched card data such that the operation of the stand-alone program requires no further effort other than setting up the program decks and the preparation of a control data card.

#### PROGRAM FUNCTIONS

The flexible airloads main program, BFCNTL, utilizes three main subroutines and nine other subordinate subroutines. The main subroutines are USPANF, BNLDSE, and SPABMF.

Subroutine USPANF is used to determine lifting surface unit airload shears, moments, CP's and lift curve slopes for a specified mach number and altitude. For the empennage (horizontal and vertical tail) surfaces, the methods used are described in Volume III, Section II. For the wing, methods used are described Section II herein.

Subroutine BNLDSE is used to determine the gross limit airload and CP on each of the airplane components and the airplane inertia factors for the specified case conditions. Methods employed are described in Section II.

Subroutine SPABMF is used to determine limit airload shear, bending moment, and torsion distributions on lifting surfaces for a specific flight condition. For empennage surfaces, the methods described in Volume III, Section II, are used. For the wing, methods used are described in Section II herein.



The purposes of other subordinate subroutines are as follows:

- DECRD - Reads and stores input data in assigned dimension region
- RERDAT - Rearranges and stores input data in assigned locations
- CØDIM2 - Curve fitting interpolation routine for determination of a value on a single curve
- FCØDIM2 - Curve-fitting interpolation routine for the determination of a value from a family of curves.
- ATMØS - Determines the standard atmosphere density and the speed of sound for a given altitude
- WFLEX - Determines the flexible wing airload distribution data for given types of rigid wing and load data
- FLXSIC - Determines wing structural influence coefficient data required by WFLEX
- GLSQ - Gives the solution to a system of linear equations.
- MATRIT - Routine for printing matrices by rows or columns

The calling-called matrix for the program, showing the interdependence of the subroutines, is shown in Figure 4.

#### MAIN PROGRAM - BFCNTL

The main program, BFCNTL, performs the following functions:

1. Reads in input ND, BC, and BF data arrays of which BC and BF are the punched card outputs from the SWEEP II data generation program.
2. Rearranges BC input array and sets up flight condition data for subroutine usage.
3. Calls subroutines and transfers data required to perform the airload calculations.
4. Punches card output (and prints) data containing component limit airloads and CP's and the wing and empennage limit airload shear and moment distributions.

Calling \ Called	RERDAT	DECRD	USPANF	BNLDSF	SPABMF	CØDIM2	FCØDM2	ATHØS	WFLEX	FLXSIC	GLSQ	MATRIT
BFCNTL (MAIN)	x	x	x	x	x							
USPANF	x					x	x	x	x			
WFLEX										x	x	x
FLXSIC						x						
BNLDSF						x						
RERDAT		x										
FCØDM2						x						

Figure 4. Calling-called matrix for flexible airloads stand-alone program.

Methods described in Section II are used in the coding of the program. The logical flow chart for the main program, BFCNTL, is shown in Figure 5, and detail flow charts and program listing are presented in Appendix A.

#### PROGRAM DECK SETUP

The program deck setup is illustrated in Figures 6 and 7. The total deck setup must follow the blocked order shown. Twelve subordinate subroutines may be arranged in any order, but the total subroutine block must be immediately behind the main program deck. When only one case is to be run, the execute card must follow the last card of DP data set.

When multiple cases are to be run, subsequent-case data must be arranged as shown in Figure 7 and placed immediately behind the first case. The execute card must then follow the last-case DP data termination card.

#### INPUT DATA

Input data for the program consist of a user-prepared ND array and the BC and BF arrays produced by SWEEP data generation option.

The input ND data array is an integer array on one card containing control factors shown in Table 1. The flexible loads program uses some coding procedures which are identical to those contained in the airloads estimation program in Volume III. Consequently, some of the control factors listed in Table 1 are identical to those in Volume III. To simplify the coding procedures, identical control factors are located in the same card columns; some columns are left blank; and some columns contain relocated and new control data.

Figure 1 and Table 2 show basic conditions produced for each of the various case numbers. Any basic condition not specifically defined by the chosen case number will not be produced, even if the type factor ND(28) through ND(36)) is entered as yes. These type factors are used for selection or rejection of only those basic flight conditions described by the chosen case number.

BC data array contains (1) airplane design weights, centers of gravity locations, and moments of inertia, (2) design limit load factors, (3) design speed-altitude points, (4) airplane dimensional and geometric data, and (5) span stations on the lifting surfaces selected for weight analysis. These data are on punched cards in the E-format that is compatible with decimal read subroutine DECRD. Input BC array is shown in Table 3.

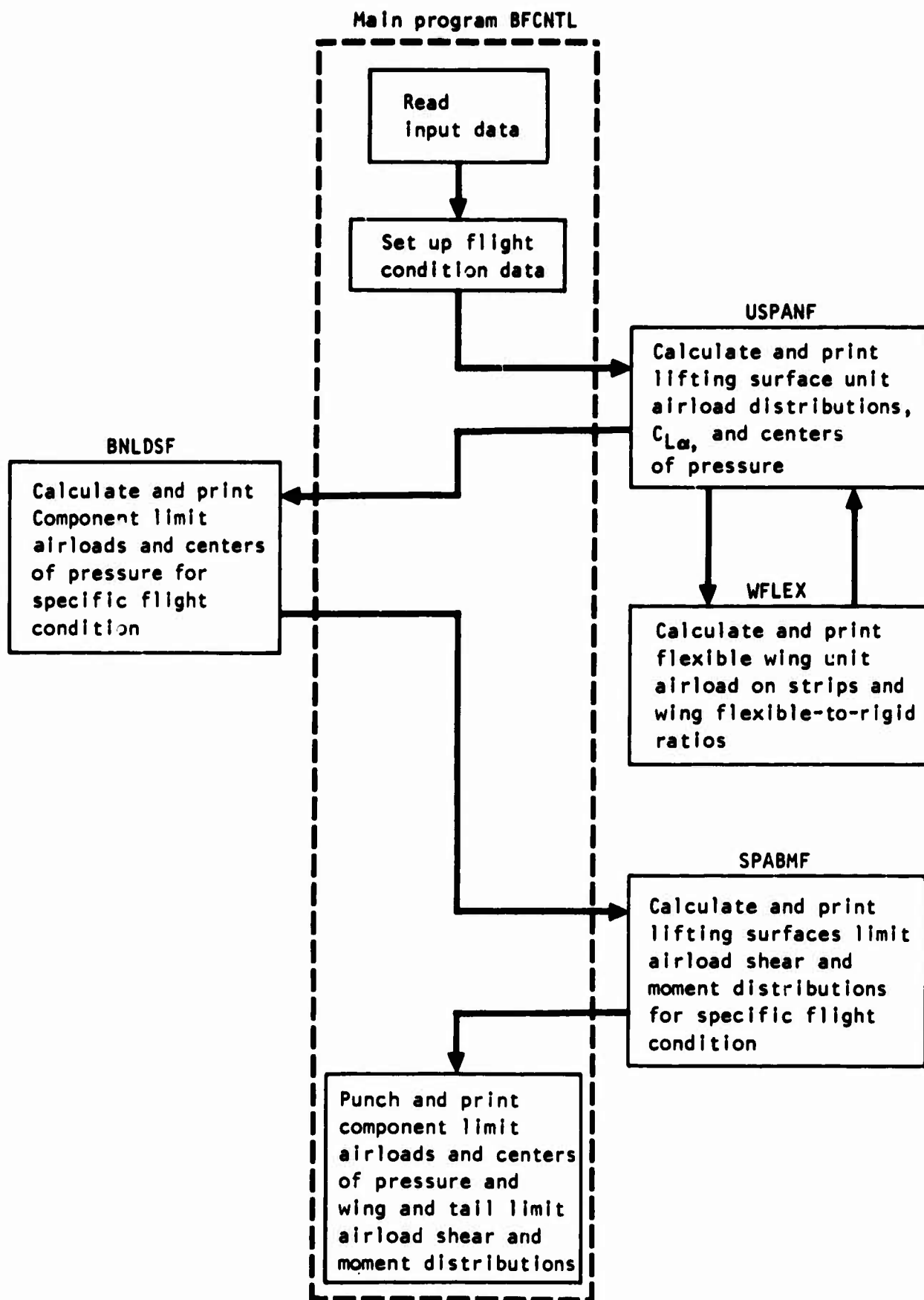


Figure 5. Logical flow chart for flexible airloads stand-alone program.

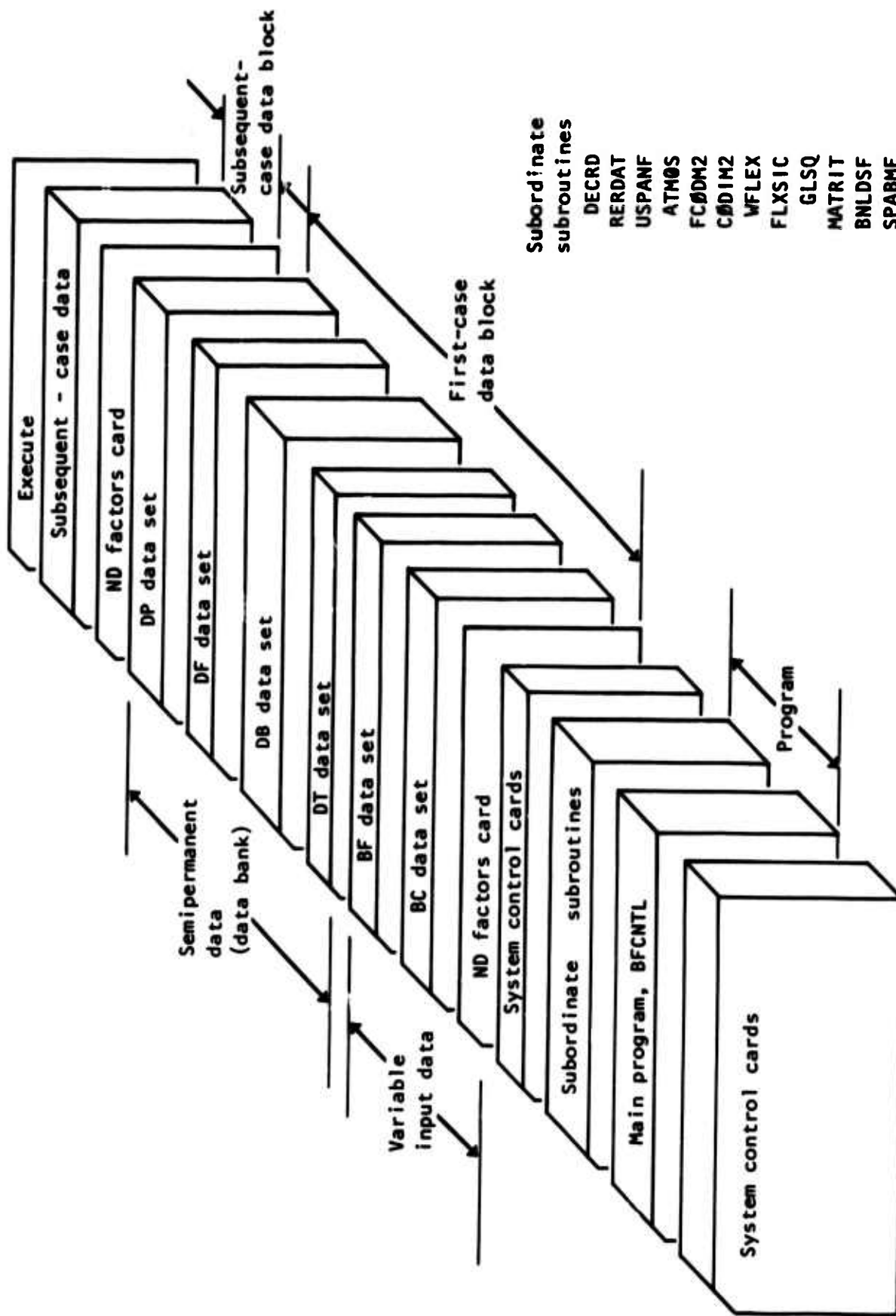


Figure 6. Flexible airloads program deck setup.

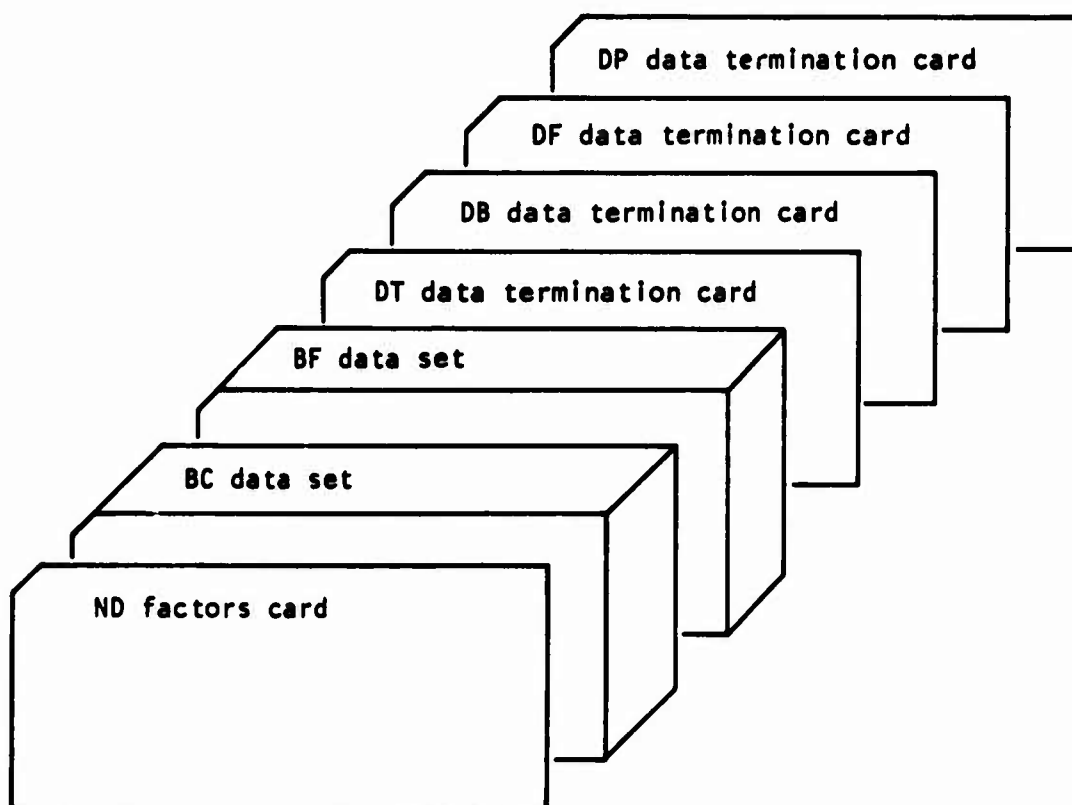


Figure 7. A subsequent-case data block setup.

BF data array contains (1) design speeds at 20,000 feet, (2) wing elastic axis location, (3) exposed wing strip weights and center of gravity (X/C) locations, and (4) wing spanwise variation of the stiffness parameters EI and GJ. These data are shown in Table 4, locations 1 through 106, and are on punched cards in the same format as the BC data.

#### SEMI-PERMANENT DATA

The program deck setup contains data sets DT, DB, DF, and DP, which comprise semi-permanent (fixed) data. These data sets contain aerodynamic data used by subroutine USPANF in the determination of lifting surface unit airload distributions. These data sets are the same as that contained in the SWEEP airloads module data bank.

DT data set array is shown in Table 5. This data set contains  $\eta$ -span stations and taper ratios applicable to spanwise loading parameters of DB and DP data sets, and contains the variation with mach number of compressible section lift-curve slope parameter,  $B/K$ , and section CP, X/C, for the wing and empennage.

DB data set array is shown in Table 6. This data set contains subsonic span loading parameter ( $C_l C/C_L C_{AV}$ ), variation of compressible lifting surface lift-curve slope parameter ( $BC_{L\alpha}/K$ ) versus compressible sweep parameter ( $\lambda_B$ ) and aspect ratio parameter ( $BA/K_1$ ) for 16 combinations of span station ( $\eta$ ) and taper ratio ( $\lambda$ ).

The DF data set array is shown in Table 7. This data set contains section CP (X/C) and flap lift effectiveness parameter ( $K_{CF}$ ) variation with flap chord ratio ( $C_F/C_W$ ) and flap lift spanwise loading parameter ( $C_l C/C_L C_{AV}$ ) variation with span station ( $\eta$ ) for 10 flap span ratios ( $b_F/b_W$ ).

DP data set array is shown in Table 8. This data set contains supersonic span loading parameter ( $2\Gamma/V\alpha b$ ) variation with sweep parameter ( $B_m$ ) and aspect ratio parameter ( $BA$ ) for 16 combinations of span station ( $\eta$ ) and taper ratio ( $\lambda$ ).

Numeric values of DT, DB, DF, and DP data contained in the program data bank are presented in Volume III, Section II.

## SUBROUTINE DESCRIPTIONS

### SUBROUTINE RERDAT

Subroutine RERDAT reads in and rearranges the input BC data set described in Table 3 to data locations shown in Table 9. The subroutine also interpolates EI and GJ data BF(47) through BF(106) to obtain EI and GJ data for subroutine WFLEX, as shown in data locations BF(114) through BF(173) of Table 4. BF data items BF(107) through BF(113), BF(174), and BF(175) are added to the input data list. The rearranged BC data locations and the complete BF data sets are then used in the main program and the subprogram.

Subroutine RERDAT logical flow chart and its program listing are shown in Appendix A.

### SUBROUTINE DECRD

#### Entry Name

DECRD provides the facility for reading a variable number of pieces of real data from the input device and storing them in specified elements (either sequential or nonconsecutive) or an array.

#### Usage

CALL DECRD (APR)

APR - The name of the real array to be read.

This routine is particularly helpful in programs in which the number of input elements varies from case to case. Only information specified is actually read into storage; remaining elements of the array are unchanged.

Data are usually written on the form Fortran Fixed 10 Digit Decimal Data. Each card must contain an index: an integer written in columns 2 through 12. The five data fields of 12 columns each (columns 13 through 72) contain input data of the real type. However, any data field may be left blank to indicate that the corresponding location in core is not to be changed. Columns 73 through 80 contain the identification.

The index defines the location of the first piece of data on the card within the array specified as the argument. This integer must be written to the extreme right of the field. If the name of the array is not subscripted in the CALL statement, the index can be considered equivalent to the subscript of a one-dimensioned array. For example, if the argument in the CALL is the



nonsubscripted array name, ARR, and the index is 10, the first piece of data on the card (columns 13 through 24) will be read into ARR (10); the third piece of data (columns 37 through 48) will be read into ARR (12).

For an array with multiple subscripts, the index should be computed so that the particular element can be defined by a single number. The index may not be zero or blank.

All data items must be of the real type; they are written following the rules for input with E-type format specification. If an exponent is written, it must be at the extreme right of the field.

1. If the number is written without either an exponent or a decimal point, the point is assumed to be at the extreme right of the field (as if read with an E12.0 format).
2. If the decimal point is explicitly written, the number may be positioned anywhere in the field.
3. If no decimal point is written but an exponent is furnished, the point is assumed to be immediately to the left of the exponent.

When a field is left blank, no information is read into the location corresponding to this field; the information already in this location is unaltered. A negative zero is read as zero.

Reading is terminated by putting a negative sign in column 1 of the last card to be read.

### Error

If card columns 2 to 12 are blank or zero, the comment, "DECRD ER. CARD = (bad card image)" is printed and execution of the job is terminated. If a field contained in columns 13 through 72 cannot be converted by the specified format, an error code is printed and execution of the job is terminated.

### Method

Data fields of each card are converted twice, using two formats, SF12.0 and 10A6. The A-type conversion is used to check for blank fields. If the field is not blank, the result of the E-type conversion is stored in the proper element of the specified array. After reading each card, a test is made for a negative sign in the first field; reading is terminated if the sign is negative. The numerical data cards processed by this subroutine is discussed in Section I of Volume IX.

#### SUBROUTINE USPANF

Subroutine USPANF is used to determine the lifting surface unit airload shears, moments, CP's and lift-curve slopes for a combination of mach number and altitude specified by the main program.

Methods used for the horizontal and vertical tail surface are the same as those described in Volume III, Section II, for the SWEEP program.

Methods used to develop the wing unit airload data include the airload distributions caused by wing bending and torsional deflections resulting from (1) lift due to angle of attack, (2) lift due to flap deflection, and (3) inertia load due to vertical acceleration. The applicable methods are described in Section II herein.

#### FUNCTION CØDIM2

Function CØDIM2 is an interpolation routine for the determination of a point on a single curve fitted through four points.

#### FUNCTION FCØDM2

Function FCØDM2 is an interpolation routine for the determination of a point from a family of fitted curves. The subroutine utilized CØDIM2 for each family curve interpolation.

#### SUBROUTINE ATMØS

Subroutine ATMØS is used to determine the 1962 U.S. Standard Atmosphere density and speed of sound for a given geometric altitude. The methods employed can be followed in the logical flow chart and the program listing shown in Appendix A.

#### SUBROUTINE WFLEX

Subroutine WFLEX solves the wing static aeroelastic problem for the  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$  FLAP, and vertical inertia load effects. The subroutine uses distributed rigid airload data, along with flight condition data and structural influence coefficients from subroutine FLXSIC. The logical flow chart and the program listing are shown in Appendix A.

## Usage

All input-output data, except printed results and diagnostic printed results, are passed through the call statement.

CALL WFLEX (AFW, AFWCP, AFWF, AFWDF, F, YEIGJ, EI, GJ, CR, BØ2, BLBS, ANGLE, FSLERT, ANGERA, FSEAØ, WLAMDA, Q, CLAR, EØTA, SW, NØEIGJ, NS, ICALCS, IPRINS, IPRINA)

Definition of call statement variables:

( ) = program dimensions

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
AFW(10,3)	INPUT	Rigid load distributions on NS number of chordwise strips. Stored by columns: Col 1, $\alpha$ load; col 2, $\delta_{FLAP}$ load; col 3, inertia load for $N_z = 1$ .
AFWCP(10,3)	INPUT	Chordwise centers of pressure for rigid loads provided in AFW. These X/C values are stored by columns.
AFWF(10-3)	OUTPUT	Total flexible load distributions, by column.
AFWDF(10,3)	OUTPUT	Delta flexible load distributions, by column.
F(3,4)	OUTPUT	Summation of load distributions: Col 1, $\Sigma$ rigid loads; col 2, $\Sigma$ total flexible loads; col 3, $\Sigma$ delta flexible loads; col 4, flexible-to-rigid ratios.
YEIGJ(20)	INPUT	Elastic axis y-coordinates for wing EI and GJ. NOTE: YEIGJ (1) must equal zero, (in.).
EI(20)	INPUT	EI, wing bending stiffness (lb in. <sup>2</sup> ).
GJ(20)	INPUT	GJ, wing torsional stiffness (lb in. <sup>2</sup> ).

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
CR	INPUT	Chord of wing at fuselage $\zeta$ (in.).
BØ2	INPUT	Wing semispan, b/2 (in.).
BLBS	INPUT	Butt line of body side (in.).
ANGLE	INPUT	Angle of wing leading edge sweep (deg).
FSLERT	INPUT	Fuselage station of wing leading edge at fuselage $\zeta$ (in.).
ANGEA	INPUT	Angle of wing elastic axis sweep (deg)
FSEAØ	INPUT	Fuselage station of elastic axis at $\zeta$ (in.).
WLAMDA	INPUT	Wing taper ratio, $\lambda_W = \frac{\text{chord tip}}{\text{chord } \zeta}$
Q	INPUT	Dynamic pressure, q (psf).
CLAR	INPUT	$C_{L\alpha}$ /RAD for the wing.
EØTA	INPUT	Exposed/total load ratio, for distributions.
SW	INPUT	Wing area (ft <sup>2</sup> ).
NØIGJ	INPUT	Number of values in the YEIGJ, EI and GJ lists, 20 maximum.
NS	INPUT	Numbers of load strips on the exposed wing, 10 maximum.
ICALCS	INPUT	Controls calculation of SIC matrix: 0 - Do not calculate SIC 1 - Do calculate SIC

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Descriptions</u>
IPRINS	INPUT	Controls printing of SIC matrix and other diagnostic data from subroutine FLXSIC: 0 - Do not print SIC 1 - Do print SIC  NOTE: IPRINS has no effect if ICALCS = 0
IPRINA	INPUT	Controls printing of diagnostic data from subroutine WFLEX: 0 - Do not print diagnostic data 1 - Do print diagnostic data

### Restrictions

The number of load strips, NS, may not exceed 10, and the number of EI and GJ values, NØEIGJ, may not exceed 20.

### Error Returns

If NS is greater than 10, or NØEIGJ is greater than 20, an error message will be printed and execution will be stopped.

### Method

The method is described under the heading "Wing Aeroelastic Distributions" in Section II. Note that when using subroutine GLSQ to obtain the solution, the D-matrix must be reloaded into A for each load effect, because GLSQ destroys A in the solution process. Also, note that region A must be cleared prior to loading D for at least two more rows than the number of rows in D, in order for the GLSQ solution to work.

## Operational Notes

Rigid load distributions that enter into WFLEX are for loads on the exposed wing panel only and can be handled several ways. But regardless of the manner in which it is used, the  $\alpha$  load, per radian, on the exposed wing panel due to a unit angle of attack is computed in the program as:

$$\text{LOAD} = \text{CLAR} * \text{EOTA} * Q * \frac{S_W}{2} * \sum_{I=1}^{NS} \text{AFW}(I,1)$$

The variable EOTA in application to this flexible airloads program is equated to 1.0.

## SUBROUTINE FLXSIC

Using wing geometry and wing EI and GJ distributions as input data, subroutine FLXSIC computes wing structural influence coefficient for use in the static aeroelastic solution that is calculated in subroutine WFLEX. The logical flow chart and program listing are shown in Appendix A.

## Usage

All input-output data, except printed diagnostic results, are passed through the call statement.

CALL FLXSIC (SICBAR, YEIGJ, EI, GJ, CR, B02, BLBS, ANGLE, FSLERT, ANGEA, FSEA0, WLAMDA, X0CFWD, X0CAFT, N0EIGJ, NS, IPRINS)

Definition of call statement variables:

( ) = Program dimensions

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
SICBAR(10,20)	OUTPUT	Matrix of strip slopes due to loads at the SIC points (radians/lb).
YEIGJ(20)	INPUT	Elastic axis y-coordinates for wing EI and GJ. NOTE: YEIGJ(1) must equal zero, (in.).

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
EI(20)	INPUT	EI, wing bending stiffness (lb-in. <sup>2</sup> ).
GJ(20)	INPUT	GJ, wing torsional stiffness (lb-in. <sup>2</sup> ).
CR	INPUT	Chord of wing at fuselage $\zeta$ (in.).
BØ2	INPUT	Wing semispan, b/2 (in.).
BLBS	INPUT	Butt line of body side (in.).
ANGLE	INPUT	Angle of wing leading edge sweep (deg).
FSLERT	INPUT	Fuselage station of wing leading edge at fuselage $\zeta$ (in.).
ANGEA	INPUT	Angle of wing elastic axis sweep (deg).
FSEAØ	INPUT	Fuselage station of elastic axis at $\zeta$ (in.).
WLAMDA	INPUT	Wing taper ratio, $\lambda_W + \frac{\text{tip chord}}{\zeta \text{ chord}}$
XØCFWD	INPUT	Strip X/C forward, used as 0.15.
XØCAFT	INPUT	Strip X/C aft, used as 0.65.
NØEIGJ	INPUT	Number of values in the YEIGJ, EI and GJ lists, 20 maximum.
NS	INPUT	Number of load strips on the exposed wing, 10 maximum.
IPRINS	INPUT	Controls printing of SIC matrix and other diagnostic data:  0 - Do not print SIC and diagnostic 1 - Do print SIC and diagnostic

### Restrictions

The number of load strip, NS, may not exceed 10, the number of EI and GJ values may not exceed 20, and YEIGJ(1) must equal 0.

### Error Returns

In the logic of this routine, it is possible for  $\bar{y}$  in the swept elastic axis system to become negative for a highly swept wing. If it does, this subroutine will print out an error message and execution will be stopped.

### Method

The method is described under the heading "Wing Structural Influence Coefficients," in Section II. Coding, with the exception of the technique used in integration of equation 44 is self-explanatory. Integration of equation 44 is accomplished trapezoidally after the input EI and GJ data are first interpolated, using the CØDIM2 subroutine, to obtain 20 intervals between the  $\xi$  and the point at which the deflection is being computed. For example:

$$\int_0^{\bar{y}} f(\bar{\lambda}) d\lambda = \sum_{i=2}^{21} \left( f(\bar{\lambda})_{i-1} + f(\bar{\lambda})_i \right) \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$$

where

$$\Delta\bar{\lambda} = \bar{y}/20$$

Note that if the value of  $\bar{y}$  ever exceeds the value of  $\bar{\eta}$ , the integration upper limit is changed to  $\bar{\eta}$  by simply zeroing out the value of the functions of  $\bar{\lambda}$  in both the bending and torsion integrals.



### Recommended Operational Data Setup

In the formulation of the aeroelastic solution that uses the SIC matrix from this subroutine, the wing elastic axis (EA) has been carried inboard of the side of the body to the body centerline. In general, the wing carry-through structure does not extend along the wing EA, but is directed across the airplane. Since bending across the airplane does not affect wing angle of attack, and the wing is effectively fixed in torsion at the side of the body, stiffness EI and GJ inboard of the body side should be arbitrarily greatly increased.

EI and GJ recommended data setup:

$$y_{\text{BODY SIDE}} = \frac{BL_{\text{BS}}}{\cos \Lambda E_A}$$

YEIGJ(1) = 0.	EI(1) = 10 EI <sub>BS</sub>	GJ(1) = 10 GJ <sub>BS</sub>
(2) = 0.25 $\overline{y}_{\text{BS}}$	(2) = 10 EI <sub>BS</sub>	(2) = 10 GJ <sub>BS</sub>
(3) = 0.50 $\overline{y}_{\text{BS}}$	(3) = 10 EI <sub>BS</sub>	(3) = 10 GJ <sub>BS</sub>
(4) = $\overline{y}_{\text{BS}}$	(4) = EI <sub>BS</sub>	(4) = GJ <sub>BS</sub>
(5) = 1.10 $\overline{y}_{\text{BS}}$	(5) = See Note	(5) = See Note

NOTE: Data for point 5 and on should be taken from the EI and GJ curves. Sufficient data points should be input (20 maximum) to give good definition of the curves when fitted with CDDIM2.

Subroutines USPANF through RERDAT set up EI and GJ values in accordance with the preceding note and interpolate EI and GJ input data BF(47) through BF(106) to obtain 15 additional points outboard of YEIGJ(5). Resulting EI and GJ data are then located in BF(114) through BF(173), as shown in Table 4, for transfer to this subroutine.

### SUBROUTINE GLSQ

This FORTRAN subprogram gives the least squares solution to a system of overdetermined linear equations  $Bx = C$ , where B is an N x M matrix, with

$N \geq M$  and  $C$  a column vector of dimension  $N$ . The logical flow chart and the program listing are shown in Appendix A.

### Calling Sequence

CALL GLSQ (A, X, IL, N, M, ALPHA, E1, E2)

Definition of call statement variables:

( ) = program dimensions

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
A(25,26)	INPUT	The augmented matrix B,C of at least dimension $(M+2) \times (M+1)$ or $N \times (M+1)$ , whichever is greater.
X(26)	OUTPUT	The vector where the solution is stored and must be of at least dimension $M + 1$ .
IL(26)	INPUT	A temporary vector of at least dimension $M+1$ .
N	INPUT	Number of rows of B.
M	INPUT	Number of columns of B.
ALPHA	OUTPUT	The square root of the sum of the squares of the residuals.
E1 and E2	INPUT	Two nonnegative numbers which are small compared to the size of the numbers in the input matrix.

### Restrictions

This subprogram has a dimension statement A(25, 26), X(26), IL(26). The calling program must be dimensioned exactly the same. The input data, A, are destroyed during the computation.

## Method

The method is discussed under "Wing Aeroelastic Distributions," in Section II. In the triangularization process, if any number to be annihilated is already less in magnitude than  $E1$ , it is considered to be zero and the computations to annihilate the element are omitted.

Let  $b_j$  denote the  $j^{\text{th}}$  column of  $B$ . If the routine finds that  $b_k$  is a linear combination of  $b_1, \dots, b_{k-1}$ , then it sets the  $k^{\text{th}}$  component of  $x$  to zero. The routine considers that such a linear combination holds whenever numbers  $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_{k-1}$  can be found so that the length of the vector

$$b_k - (\lambda_1 b_1 + \dots + \lambda_{k-1} b_{k-1})$$

is less than  $E2$ .

## Operational Notes

When using GLSQ to solve an exactly determinate set of linear equations, the dimension of the augmented matrix must be at least  $A(M+2, M+1)$ , and the region must be cleared prior to loading the augmented matrix.

## SUBROUTINE MATRIT

Subroutine MATRIT prints matrices by row or column in format IP8E13.5 and with a heading statement that is transmitted in the calling sequence. The logical flow chart and the program listing are shown in Appendix A.

## Usage

CALL MATRIT (AMN, NR, NC, NRMAX, MTYPE, IPRIN, HEAD)

Definition of call statement variables:

( ) = Program Dimensions

<u>Variable ( )</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
AMN(1)	INPUT	Matrix to be printed.
NR	INPUT	Number of rows in AMN.
NC	INPUT	Number of column in AMN.
NRMAX	INPUT	Maximum number of rows in AMN, dimension in calling program.
MTYPE	INPUT	Type of matrix: 1 - real -1 - complex (do not use)
IPRIN	INPUT	Print by rows or columns: 1 - print by rows 2 - print by columns
HEAD(100)	INPUT	Format of matrix heading; for example, 24H (IHI 20X, 11HMASS, MATRIX).

#### SUBROUTINE BNLDSF

Subroutine BNLDSF is used to determine the limit airloads and CP's on the airplane components, and up inertia factors for the flight conditions specified by the main program. There are five types of flight conditions for which the airloads can be determined; namely, (1) the balanced maneuver condition, (2) the pitching acceleration condition, (3) the vertical gust condition, (4) the lateral gust condition, and (5) the yawing acceleration condition. The methods used in deriving the component loads for these conditions are presented in Section II and include the aeroelastic effects of wing flexibility.

The subroutine BNLDSF logical flow chart and the program listing are shown in Appendix A.

## SUBROUTINE SPABMF

Subroutine SPABMF is used to determine the net limit airload shear and moments along the load reference line on the wing, horizontal tail, and vertical tail surfaces. The methods employed are described in Section II. The logical flow chart and the program listing are shown in Appendix A.

## OPERATING CORE, TCQM

The program operating core, TCQM, is dimensioned to 4,400 locations and is blocked into data regions as shown in Table 10. A description and the location of the data within each data block can be found in the tables referenced by Table 10.

## OUTPUT DATA DESCRIPTION

### GENERAL

Primary output of the program is a deck of cards containing airplane component limit airloads, CP locations, and wing and empennage limit airload shears and moments at the spanwise stations along the load reference line selected for weight analysis. Punched card output is in a format for use as an optional airloads input to the SWEEP program. Printout of other data is also included for visual inspection of the results of final and intermediate calculations.

### PUNCHED CARD OUTPUT

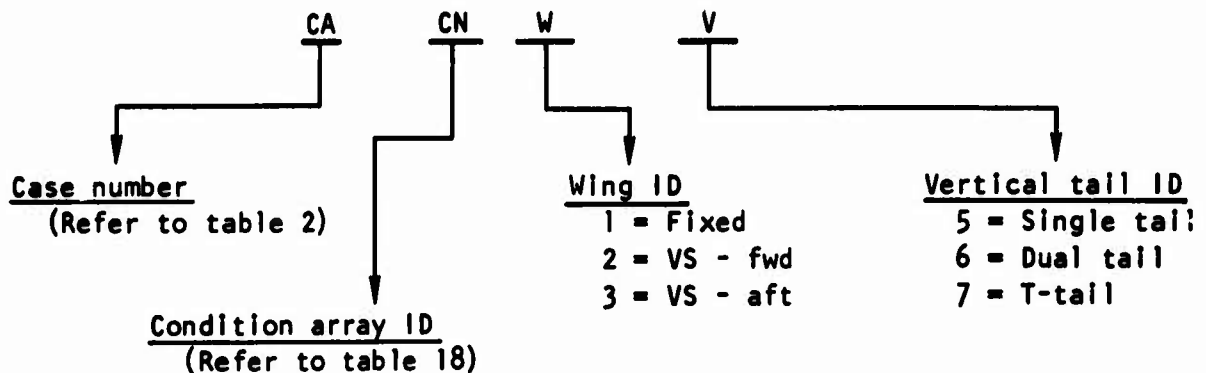
The output punched cards list limit airloads data in an E-format to be read by subroutine DECRD in SWEEP. A sample printout of data on the punched cards is shown in Table 17. Each card contains a DECRD array index number, followed by five decimal data items and the card identification number. A "yes" in control factor ND(40), per Table 1, will provide the punched card output.

Output data array is described in Table 15. The index number punched on each card corresponds to the location within the array for the first item of decimal data on the card.

Condition identification number and component loads identification numbers are assigned by the program and are included in the punched output deck for each condition. Component loads identification numbers also appear in the printed output.

### Condition ID

The condition identification number is punched in columns 13 to 24 of card 1 and is defined as follows:



### Fuselage Loads ID

The fuselage loads identification number is punched in columns 25 to 36 of card 1 and appears on the components load and CP printed page. It is defined as follows:

CA CN 0

### Wingloads ID

The wingloads identification number is punched in columns 25 to 36 of card 5 and appears on the wing spanwise loads printed page. It is defined as follows:

CA CN W

## Horizontal Tail Loads ID

The horizontal tailloads identification number is punched in columns 61 to 72 of card 15 and appears on the horizontal tail spanwise loads printed page. It is defined as follows:

CA   CN   4

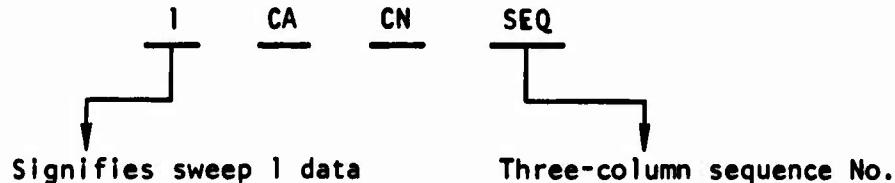
## Vertical Tail Loads ID

The vertical tailloads identification number is punched in columns 37 to 48 of card 26 and appears on the vertical tail spanwise loads printed page. It is defined as follows:

CA      CN      V

### Punched Card ID

The punched output identification and card sequence number is punched in columns 73 to 80 and is defined as follows:



### PRINTED OUTPUT DATA

The program will always print the data in Tables 19 through 28. With a "yes" in ND(41), per Table 1, a listing of the data on the punched output cards will be printed as shown in Table 17. With a "yes" in ND(44), per Table 1, FLXSIC matrices will be printed as shown in Tables 29 through 35. With a "yes" in ND (45), per Table 1, WFLX matrices will be printed as shown in Tables 36 through 38.

### Data of Primary Interest

Data of primary interest to the user consist of (1) that which is descriptive of the data that are to be used as optional input to SWEEP, and (2) input data for the main program, BFCNTL.

Table 17 shows a sample printout of the data on the output punched cards. Data items can be identified using Table 15. Table 25 presents a summary of the component limit airloads, CP's, and the airplane inertia factors. Tables 26 through 28 show sample printouts of limit airload shears and moments along the load reference line for the wing, horizontal tail, and vertical tail, respectively. Tables 19 and 20 show sample printouts of the program input BC and BF data sets; the data items can be identified using Tables 3 and 4.

### Intermediate Step and Diagnostic Data

Tables of printed data presented are divided into three groups. The first group consists of intermediate-step results produced by subroutine USPANF as spanwise unit airload distributions for the wing, and horizontal and vertical tails are developed. The second group consists of optional diagnostic matrix data produced by subroutine FLXSIC. The third group consists of optional diagnostic matrix data produced by subroutine WFLEX.

#### Intermediate-Step Data

Tables 21, 23, and 24 are produced by subroutine USPANF. Table 22 is produced by subroutine WFLEX, which is subordinate to subroutine USPANF. These printed data are not optional in the current configuration of the flexible airloads stand-alone program. Table 21 shows sample printouts of the rigid loading data extracted from the data bank aerodynamic data for the condition mach number and the subject air vehicle configuration. Table 22 shows sample printouts of rigid loading and CP data input to subroutine WFLEX by subroutine USPANF, and aeroelastic loading data returned to subroutine USPANF by subroutine WFLEX. Table 23 shows sample printouts of final unit spanwise loading distributions for the wing, and horizontal and vertical tails developed by subroutine USPANF. Table 24 shows sample printouts of spanwise variation of unit shear, bending moment, and torque for three surfaces as developed by subroutine USPANF and stored in data region BU.



## FLXSIC Diagnostic Data

Tables 29 through 35 present optional diagnostic data produced by subroutine FLXSIC. If control factor ND(44) is assigned a value of 1, these tables will be produced. A value of 0 will eliminate them. Table 29 shows a sample printout of the data input to subroutine FLXSIC by subroutine WFLEX. Table 30 shows a sample printout of the elastic axis geometry developed by subroutine FLXSIC. Tables 31 through 35 show sample printouts of the various structural influence coefficient (SIC) matrices developed by subroutine FLXSIC. Subroutine FLXSIC is recalled only when there is a change in wing geometry or stiffness properties.

## WFLEX Diagnostic Data

Tables 36 through 38 present optional diagnostic data produced by subroutine WFLEX. If control factor ND(45) is assigned a value of 1, these data will be produced. A value of 0 will eliminate them. Table 36 shows a sample printout of the pertinent aerodynamic data used by subroutine WFLEX. Table 37 shows a sample printout of the aeroelastic D-matrix developed by the subroutine. Table 38 shows sample printouts of the rigid and the resultant flexible loads matrices. Subroutine WFLEX is called whenever mach number, dynamic pressure, wing geometry, wing stiffness properties, or wing weight distribution change.

TABLE 1. ND CONTROL FACTORS CARD

Control Factor	Card Col	ND 13	ND 14	ND 15	ND 23	ND 24	ND 25	ND 26	ND 27
SWEEP A/V class	2								
Fighter		1							
Attack		2							
Bomber I		3							
Bomber II		4							
Cargo-assault		5							
Cargo-transport		6							
Wing Type									
Fixed wing	3,4		-1						
Variable sweep	4		1						
Vertical tail type									
Single tail	5,6			-1					
Dual tail	6			0					
T-tail	6			1					
Loads requirements									
Select components	21,22				-1				
Fuselage No	23,24					-1			
Fuselage Yes	24					1			
Wing No	25,26						-1		
Wing Yes	26						1		
Horizontal tail No	27,28							-1	
Horizontal tail Yes	28							1	
Vertical tail No	29,30								-1
Vertical tail Yes	30								1
Do all components	22,24 26,28 & 30				1	0	0	0	0

TABLE 1. ND CONTROL FACTORS CARD (CONT)

Control Factor		Card Col	ND 28	ND 29	ND 30	ND 31	ND 32	ND 33	ND 34	ND 35	ND 36	ND 40	ND 41
Basic condition types*													
Pos bal flight	No	31,32	-1										
	Yes	32	1										
Neg bal flight	No	33,34		-1									
	Yes	34		1									
Maneuvering flap	No	35,36			-1								
	Yes	36			1								
1 g trim flap	No	37,38				-1							
	Yes	38				1							
Pos vert gust	No	39,40					-1						
	Yes	40					1						
Neg vert gust	No	41,42						-1					
	Yes	42						1					
Lateral gust	No	43,44							-1				
	Yes	44							1				
Pitch acceler	No	45,46								-1			
	Yes	46								1			
Yawing acceler	No	47,48									-1		
	Yes	48									1		
Punch output factors													
Punched output	No	55,56										-1	
	Yes	56										1	
Print check	No	57,58											-1
	Yes	58											1

TABLE 1. ND CONTROL FACTORS CARD (CONCL)

Control Factor	Card Col	ND 42	ND 43	ND 44	ND 45	ND 46
Input control factors - No. of values YEIGJ, EL, GJ (20 Maximum) Wing weight strips	59,60 61,62	20	10			
Diagnostic printing FLXSIC matrices      No Yes MFLEX matrices      No Yes	64 64 66 66			0 1	0 1	
Case No.	67,68					**
<p>*Basic conditions not specifically defined by the chosen case number will not be produced, even if the type factor is entered as yes. Type factors are used for the selection or rejection of basic conditions described by the chosen case number.</p> <p>**Enter case number selected from Table 2 (the number must be right-adjusted in the field).</p>						

TABLE 2. CASE NUMBER CONDITIONS

Case No.	Condition No.	Condition Type	Mach No.	Altitude
1	104 WV 106 WV 107 WV	+ Bal man. Pitch accel Yaw accel	$M_{L1,1}$	$h_{1,1}$
	108 WV 110 WV 111 WV	+ Bal man. Pitch accel Yaw accel		$h_{1,2}$
	112 WV 114 WV 115 WV	+ Bal man. Pitch accel Yaw accel		$h_{1,3}$
2	208 WV 210 WV 211 WV	+ Bal man. Pitch accel Yaw accel	$M_{L1,2}$	$h_{1,2}$
	212 WV 214 WV 215 WV	+ Bal man. Pitch accel Yaw accel		$h_{1,3}$
3	312 WV 314 WV 315 WV	+ Bal man. Pitch accel Yaw accel	$M_{L1,3}$	$h_{1,3}$
4	401 WV 402 WV 403 WV 405 WV	+ Vert gust - Vert gust Lat gust - Bal man.	$M_{H1,1}$	$h_{1,1}$
	409 WV 413 WV	- Bal man. - Bal man.		$h_{1,2}$ $h_{1,3}$
5	501 WV 502 WV 505 WV	+ Vert gust - Vert gust Lat gust	$M_{H1,2}$ or $M_{H1, 20,000 \text{ ft}^*}$	$h_{1,2}$ or 20,000 ft*
	509 WV 513 WV	- Bal man. - Bal man.	$M_{H1,2}$	$h_{1,2}$ $h_{1,3}$

TABLE 2. CASE NUMBER CONDITIONS (CONCL)

Case No.	Condition No.	Condition Type	Mach No.	Altitude	
6	601 WV 602 WV 603 WV	+ Vert gust - Vert gust Lat gust	$M_{H1,3}$ or $M_{H1, 20,000 \text{ ft}^*}$	$h_{1,3}$ or 20,000 ft*	
	613 WV	- Bal man.	$M_{H1,3}$	$h_{1,3}$	
7	704 WV 705 WV 706 WV 707 WV	+ Bal man. - Bal man. Pitch man. Yaw man.	0.90	$h_{1,1}$	
	708 WV 709 WV 710 WV 711 WV	+ Bal man. - Bal man. Pitch man. Yaw man.		$h_{1,2}$	
	712 WV 713 WV 714 WV 715 WV	+ Bal man. - Bal man. Pitch man. Yaw man.		$h_{1,3}$	
	8	816 WV	Flap man.	1.5 $V_{SO}$	SL
	9	917 WV	1 g flap trim	1.2 $V_{SL}$	SL
	10	1018 WV 1019 WV 1020 WV 1021 WV	+ Vert gust - Vert gust + Bal man. - Bal man.	$M_{H2,1}$	$h_{2,1}$
1022 WV 1023 WV		+ Bal man. - Bal man.	$h_{2,2}$		
11	1118 WV 1119 WV	+ Vert gust - Vert gust	$M_{H2,2}$ or $M_{H2, 20,000 \text{ ft}^*}$	$h_{2,2}$ or 20,000 ft*	
	1122 WV 1123 WV	+ Bal man. - Bal man.	$M_{H2,2}$	$h_{2,2}$	
*Gust conditions maximum altitude is 20,000 feet.					
W = 1 = Fixed wing 2 = Variable sweep (fwd) 3 = Variable sweep (aft)					
V = 5 = Single vertical tail 6 = Dual vertical tail 7 = T - tail					

TABLE 3. BC INPUT DATA SET

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
1	MAXIMUM DESIGN WEIGHT (MDW).	POUNDS
2	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT MDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FWD.	INCHES
3	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT MDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	INCHES
4	BASIC FLIGHT DESIGN WEIGHT (BFDW).	POUNDS
5	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FWD.	INCHES
6	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	INCHES
7	PITCHING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IYY) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FORWARD.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
8	PITCHING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IYY) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
9	YAWING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IZZ) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FORWARD.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
10	YAWING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IZZ) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
11	LANDING DESIGN WEIGHT (LDW).	POUNDS
12	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT LDW.	INCHES
13	LIMIT POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR (NZ) AT BFDW-SUBSONIC.	
14	LIMIT POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR (NZ) AT BFDW-SUPERSONIC.	
15	LIMIT NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR (-NZ) AT BFDW-NEGATIVE SIGN (-) REQUIRED.	
16	LIMIT LOAD FACTOR (NZ) FOR FLAP DOWN MANEUVER AT MDW.	
17	PITCHING ACCELERATION AT ML FOR BFDW.	RAD./SECOND SQUARED
18	YAWING ACCELERATION AT ML FOR BFDW.	RAD./SECOND SQUARED
19-21	ALTITUDES-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.	FEET
22-24	SPEEDS MH-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.	MACH NUMBER
25-30	ARE NOT USED IF A/V HAS FIXED WING-ENTER ZERCS.	
25-27	ALTITUDES FOR VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN FORWARD POSITION.	FEET
28-30	SPEEDS MH FOR VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN FORWARD POSITION.	MACH NUMBER
31	MINIMUM SPEED FLAPS UP (VSO) AT MDW.	KNOTS
32	MINIMUM SPEED FLAPS DOWN (VSL) AT LDW.	KNOTS
33	XO-DISTANCE FROM X REFERENCE POINT TO BODY NOSE.	INCHES
34	LN-LENGTH OF BODY NOSE.	INCHES

TABLE 3. BC INPUT DATA SET (CONT)

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	INCHES	CUBED INCHES
35	VN-BODY NOSE VOLUMN.		
36	PN=SQUARE ROOT (MAXIMUM NOSE AREA/PI)	INCHES	
37	YRW-BODY HALF WIDTH AT WING-BODY INTERFACE.	INCHES	
DATA LOCATIONS 38-57	ARE FOR A FIXED WING OR A VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT POSITION.		
38	WING LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES	
39	WING LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES	
40	WING APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES	
41	WING APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG CENTER LINE.	INCHES	
42	WING TAPEX RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	INCHES	
43	WING ASPECT RATIO (AR)-SPAN SQUARED/AREA.		
44	WING TOTAL TRAPEZOIDAL AREA.	SQUARE FEET	
45	WING SPAN-TIP TO TIP.	FEET	
46-56	ELEVEN WING NORMAL SPAN (Y) STATIONS FOR WEIGHT ANALYSIS. FROM ROOT TO TIP.	INCHES	
57	PERCENT OF WING CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	DECIMAL	
58-68	ARE NOT USED. ENTER ZEROS.		
69-88	ARE NOT USED IF A/V HAS FIXED WING-ENTER ZEROS.		
DATA LOCATIONS 69-88	ARE FOR A VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN THE FORWARD POSITION.		
69	WING LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES	
70	WING LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES	
71	WING APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES	
72	WING APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG CENTER LINE.	INCHES	
73	WING TAPEX RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.		
74	WING ASPECT RATIO (AR)-SPAN SQUARED/AREA.		
75	WING TOTAL TRAPEZOIDAL AREA.	SQUARE FEET	
76	WING SPAN-TIP TO TIP.	FEET	
77-87	ELEVEN WING NORMAL SPAN (Y) STATIONS FOR WEIGHT ANALYSIS. FROM ROOT TO TIP.	INCHES	
88	PERCENT OF WING CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	DECIMAL	
89-99	ARE NOT USED-ENTER ZEROS.		
100	BUTT LINE (Y) OF FLAP-INBOARD END.	INCHES	
101	-CUTBOARD END.	INCHES	
102	FLAP CHORD/WING CHORD RATIO-AERODYNAMIC.	DECIMAL	



TABLE 3. BC INPUT DATA SET (CONCL)

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
103	MAXIMUM FLAP DEFLECTION FOR FLAP MANEUVER.	DEGREES
104	Z DISTANCE FROM VERT TAIL ROOT TO HOR TAIL PLANE.	INCHES
105	HOR TAIL LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
106	HOR TAIL LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
107	HOR TAIL APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT HOR TAIL CEN LINE.	INCHES
108	HOR TAIL APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
109	HOR TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
110	HOR TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
111	HOR TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
112	HOR TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
113	HOR TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
114-124	HOR TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
125	PERCENT OF HOR TAIL CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	PERCENT
126-136	ARE NOT USED-ENTER ZEROS.	PERCENT
137	VERT TAIL LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
138	VERT TAIL LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
139	VERT TAIL APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
140	VERT TAIL APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
141	VERT TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
142	VERT TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
143	VERT TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
144	VERT TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
145	VERT TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
146-156	VERT TAIL TAPEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
157	PERCENT OF VERT TAIL CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	PERCENT
158-165	ARE NOT USED-ENTER ZEROS	PERCENT
166-168	SPEEDS ML-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.	MACH NUMBER

TABLE 4. THE BF DATA REGION

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
9F(1) IS EQUIVALENT TO TCCM(4001).		
1-106	INPUT DATA FROM SWEEP	
1	SPEED MH AT 20000 FEET-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP AFT.	MACH NUMBER
2	SPEED MH AT 20000 FEET-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FORWARD. ENTER ZERO IF A/V HAS FIXED WING.	MACH NUMBER
3-24	DATA FOR A FIXED WING OR A VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN AFT POSITION.	
3	WING ELASTIC AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
4	(X) STATION OF ELASTIC AXIS AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES
5-14	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP WEIGHTS-BODY INTERFACE TO TIP.	POUNDS
15-24	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP CG (X/C) VALUES.	DECIMAL
25-46	DATA FOR A VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN FORWARD POSITION. ARE NOT USED IF A/V HAS FIXED WING-ENTER ZEROS.	
25	WING ELASTIC AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
26	(X) STATION OF ELASTIC AXIS AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES
27-36	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP WEIGHTS-BODY INTERFACE TO TIP.	POUNDS
37-46	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP CG (X/C) VALUES.	DECIMAL
47-66	STATIONS (YEA) ALONG ELASTIC AXIS-20 MAXIMUM.	INCHES
67-86	VALUES OF EI AT (YEA) STATIONS-20 MAXIMUM.	POUND-INCHES SQUARED
87-106	VALUES OF GJ AT (YEA) STATIONS-20 MAXIMUM.	POUND-INCHES SQUARED
107-113	TEMPORARY STORAGE FOR SOME BC INPUT DATA TO BE REARRANGED.	
107	BUTT LINE (Y) OF FLAP-INBOARD END.	INCHES
108	-OUTBOARD END.	INCHES
109	FLAP CHORD/WING CHORD RATIO-AERODYNAMIC.	DECIMAL
110	MAXIMUM FLAP DEFLECTION FOR FLAP MANEUVER.	DEGREES

TABLE 4. THE BF DATA REGION (CONCL)

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS
111-113	SPEEDS WL-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.
114-173	MODIFIED ARRAYS OF YFA,EI,AND GJ FOR INPUT TO SUBROUTINE WFLEX.
114-133	TWENTY (YEA) STATIONS ALONG ELASTIC AXIS-ROOT TO TIP.
134-153	VALUES OF EI FOR (YEA) STATIONS.
154-173	VALUES OF GJ FOR (YEA) STATIONS.
174	ELASTIC AXIS LENGTH FROM ROOT TO TIP.
175	(YEA TIP - YEA BODY SIDE) / 15.0
176-200	ARE NOT USED.
	POUND-INCHES SQUARED INCHES
	POUND-INCHES SQUARED INCHES
	MACH NUMBER

TABLE 5. DT DATA SET

Location	Description
UT(1) is equivalent to TC <del>OM</del> M (100)	
1 - 4	(1) through (4), span station, fraction of semispan
5 - 9	(1) through (4), taper ratios
9 - 20	M(1) through M(12), mach numbers
21 - 32	B/K (1) through B/K (12), compressible section lift-curve slope parameters
33 - 44	$X/C_w$ (1) through $X/C_w$ (12), wing section center of pressure locations, $w$ fraction of chord
45 - 56	$X/C_T$ (1) through $X/C_T$ (12), tail section center of pressure locations, fraction of chord

**TABLE 6. DB DATA SET**

Location	Description
DB(1) is equivalent to TOOM (156)	
1 - 6	$\Lambda_B(1)$ through $\Lambda_B(6)$ , compressible sweep angle (deg)
7 - 13	BA/K(1) through BA/K(6), aspect ratio parameter
14 - 55	Table of $C_l$ $C/C_{LCAV}$ values versus $\Lambda_B$ and BA/K for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(1)$ (42 values per table)
56 - 97	Same as 14 - 55, except for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(2)$
78 - 139	Same as 14 - 55, except for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(3)$
140 - 181	Same as 14 - 55, except for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(4)$
182 - 349	Same as 14 - 181, except $\eta = \eta(2)$
350 - 517	Same as 14 - 181, except $\eta = \eta(3)$
518 - 685	Same as 14 - 181, except $\eta = \eta(4)$
686 - 727	Table of $BC_{La}/K$ values versus $\Lambda_B$ and BA/K for $\lambda(1)$ (42 values per table)
728 - 769	Same as 686 - 727, except $\lambda = \lambda(2)$
770 - 811	Same as 686 - 727, except $\lambda = \lambda(3)$
812 - 853	Same as 686 - 727, except $\lambda = \lambda(4)$
<p>NOTES: Table data order = values for BA/K(1), <math>\Lambda_B(1)</math> through <math>\Lambda_B(6)</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">BA/K(2), <math>\Lambda_B(1)</math> through <math>\Lambda_B(6)</math>, etc</p>	

Refer to Table 2 in Volume III, Section II, for numerical values of data.

TABLE 7. DF DATA SET

Location	Description
DF(1) is equivalent to TQM (1009)	
1 - 5	$C_F/C_W(1)$ through $C_F/C_W(5)$ , flap chord to wing chord ratios
6 - 10	$X/C(1)$ through $X/C(5)$ , centers of pressure of section lift due to flap deflection, fraction of wing chord
11 - 15	$K_{CF}(1)$ through $K_{CF}(5)$ , flap lift effectiveness parameters
16 - 25	$b_F/b_W(1)$ through $b_F/b_W(10)$ , flap span to wingspan ratios
26 - 36	$\eta(1)$ through $\eta(11)$ wingspan stations, fraction of wing semispan
37 - 146	Table of $C_L$ $C/C_{L\alpha}$ $C_{AV}$ values versus $\eta$ , $b_F/b_W$
NOTE: Table data order = values for $b_F/b_W(1)$ , $\eta(1)$ through $\eta(11)$ $b_F/b_W(2)$ , $\eta(1)$ through $\eta(11)$ , etc	

Refer to Table 3 in Volume III, Section II, for numerical value of data.

TABLE 8. DP DATA SET

Location	Description
DP(1) is equivalent to TOOM (1155)	
1 - 5	BA(1) through BA(5), aspect ratio parameter
6 - 14	Bm(1) through Bm(9), sweep parameter
15 - 59	Table of $2\Gamma/V_{ab}$ values versus Bm and BA for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(1)$ (45 values per table)
60 - 104	Same as 15 - 59, except for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(2)$
105 - 149	Same as 15 - 59, except for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(3)$
150 - 194	Same as 15 - 59, except for $\eta(1)$ , $\lambda(4)$
195 - 374	Same as 15 - 194, except $\eta = \eta(2)$
375 - 554	Same as 15 - 194, except $\eta = \eta(3)$
555 - 734	Same as 15 - 194, except $\eta = \eta(4)$
NOTE: Table data order = Values for BA(1), Bm(1) through Bm(9), etc	

Refer to Table 4 in Volume III, Section II, for numerical values of data.

TABLE 9. INTERNAL REARRANGED BC DATA SET

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
BC(1) IS EQUIVALENT TO TCOM(2758)		
1	MAXIMUM DESIGN WEIGHT (MDW).	POUNDS
2	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT MDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FWD.	INCHES
3	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT MDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	INCHES
4	BASIC FLIGHT DESIGN WEIGHT (BFDW).	POUNDS
5	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FWD.	INCHES
6	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	INCHES
7	PITCHING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IYY) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FORWARD.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
8	PITCHING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IYY) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
9	YAWING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IZZ) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FORWARD.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
10	YAWING MOMENT OF INERTIA (IZZ) AT BFDW-VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT. -FIXED WING.	SLUG-FT SQUARED
11	LANDING DESIGN WEIGHT (LDW).	POUNDS
12	CENTER OF GRAVITY STATION (X) AT LDW.	INCHES
13	LIMIT POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR (NZ) AT BFDW-SUBSONIC.	
14	LIMIT POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR (NZ) AT BFDW-SUPERSONIC.	
15	LIMIT NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR (-NZ) AT BFDW-NEGATIVE SIGN (-) REQUIRED.	
16	LIMIT LOAD FACTOR (NZ) FOR FLAP DOWN MANEUVER AT MDW.	
17	PITCHING ACCELERATION AT ML FOR BFDW.	RAD./SECOND SQUARED
18	YAWING ACCELERATION AT ML FOR BFDW.	RAD./SECOND SQUARED
19-21	ALTITUDES-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.	FEET
22-24	SPEEDS MH-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.	MACH NUMBER
25-27	SPEEDS ML-FIXED WING OR VARIABLE SWEEP IN AFT POSITION.	MACH NUMBER
28	SPEED MH AT 20000 FT-VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN THE AFT POSITION. -AND FOR A FIXED WING.	MACH NUMBER
29-33	ARE NOT USED IF A/V HAS FIXED WING.	
29-30	ALTITUDES FOR VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN FORWARD POSITION.	FEET
31-32	SPEEDS MH FOR VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN FORWARD POSITION.	MACH NUMBER



TABLE 9. INTERNAL REARRANGED BC DATA SET (CONT)

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
33	SPEED MH AT 20000 FT-VARIABLE SWEEP WING FORWARD POSITION.	MACH NUMBER
34	MINIMUM SPEED FLAPS UP (VSO) AT MDW.	KNOTS
35	MINIMUM SPEED FLAPS DOWN (VSL) AT LDW.	KNOTS
36	XO-DISTANCE FROM X REFERENCE POINT TO BODY NOSE.	INCHES
37	LN-LENGTH OF BODY NOSE.	INCHES
38	VN-BODY NOSE VOLUME.	INCHES CUBED
39	RN=SQUARE ROOT (MAXIMUM NOSE AREA/PI)	INCHES
40	YBW-BODY HALF WIDTH AT WING-BODY INTERFACE.	INCHES
41	BUTT LINE (Y) OF FLAP-INBOARD END.	INCHES
42	-OUTBOARD END.	INCHES
43	FLAP CHORD/WING CHORD RATIO-AERODYNAMIC.	DECIMAL
44	MAXIMUM FLAP DEFLECTION FOR FLAP MANEUVER.	DEGREES
DATA LOCATIONS 45-86	ARE FOR A FIXED WING OR A VARIABLE SWEEP WING AFT POSITION.	
45	WING LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
46	WING ELASTIC AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
47	WING LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
48	WING APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES
49	WING ELASTIC AXIS (X) STATION AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES
50	WING APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG CENTER LINE.	INCHES
51	WING TAPE RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	
52	WING ASPECT RATIO (AR)-SPAN SQUARED/AREA.	SQUARE FEET
53	WING TOTAL TRAPEZOIDAL AREA.	FEET
54	WING SPAN-TIP TO TIP.	DECIMAL
55	PERCENT OF WING CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	
56-66	ELEVEN WING NORMAL SPAN (Y) STATIONS FOR WEIGHT ANALYSIS.	
	FROM ROOT TO TIP.	INCHES
67-76	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP WEIGHTS-BODY INTERFACE TO TIP.	POUNDS
77-86	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP CG (X/C) VALUES.	DECIMAL
87-128	ARE NOT USED IF A/V HAS FIXED WING-ENTER ZERCS.	
DATA LOCATIONS 87-128	ARE FOR A VARIABLE SWEEP WING IN THE FORWARD POSITION.	
87	WING LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
88	WING ELASTIC AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
89	WING LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES

TABLE 9. INTERNAL REARRANGED BC DATA SET (CONT)

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
90	WING APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES
91	WING ELASTIC AXIS (X) STATION AT CENTER LINE.	INCHES
92	WING APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG CENTER LINE.	INCHES
93	WING TAPEX RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	
94	WING ASPECT RATIO (AR)-SPAN SQUARED/AREA.	SQUARE FEET
95	WING TOTAL TRAPEZOIDAL AREA.	FEET
96	WING SPAN-TIP TO TIP.	DECIMAL
97	PERCENT OF WING CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	
98-108	ELEVEN WING NORMAL SPAN (Y) STATIONS FOR WEIGHT ANALYSIS. FROM ROOT TO TIP.	INCHES
109-118	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP WEIGHTS-BODY INTERFACE TO TIP.	POUNDS
119-128	TEN WING OUTER PANEL STRIP CG (X/C) VALUES.	DECIMAL
129	HOR TAIL LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
130	HOR TAIL LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
131	HOR TAIL APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT HOR TAIL CEN LINE.	INCHES
132	HOR TAIL APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG HOR TAIL CENTER LINE.	INCHES
133	HOR TAIL TAPEX RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	
134	HOR TAIL ASPECT RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	
135	HOR TAIL TOTAL TRAPEZOIDAL AREA.	SQUARE FEET
136	HOR TAIL SPAN-TIP TO TIP.	FEET
137	YBH-BODY HALF WIDTH AT HOR TAIL-BODY INTERFACE.	INCHES
138	PERCENT OF HOR TAIL CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	DECIMAL
139-149	ELEVEN HOR TAIL NORMAL SPAN (YH) STATIONS FOR WEIGHT ANALYSIS. FROM ROOT TO TIP.	INCHES
150	VERT TAIL LEADING EDGE SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
151	VERT TAIL LOADS REFERENCE AXIS SWEEP ANGLE.	DEGREES
152	VERT TAIL APEX (X) STATION-LEADING EDGE AT VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
153	VERT TAIL APEX CHORD (CR)-ALONG VERT TAIL ROOT.	INCHES
154	VERT TAIL TAPEX RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	
155	VERT TAIL ASPECT RATIO-TIP CHORD/ROOT CHORD.	
156	VERT TAIL TRAPEZOIDAL AREA-PER SURFACE IF DUAL.	SQUARE FEET
157	VERT TAIL SPAN-ROOT TO TIP.	FEET
158	Z DISTANCE FROM VERT TAIL ROOT TO VERT TAIL-BODY INTERFACE.	INCHES

TABLE 9. INTERNAL REARRANGED BC DATA SET (CONCL)

LOCATIONS	DESCRIPTIONS	
159	Z DISTANCE FROM VERT TAIL ROOT TO HOR TAIL PLANE.	INCHES
160	PERCENT OF VERT TAIL CHORD OF LOADS REFERENCE AXIS (X/C).	DECIMAL
161-171	ELEVEN VERT TAIL NORMAL SPAN (ZV) STATIONS FOR WEIGHT ANALYSIS. FROM ROOT TO TIP.	
172-195	ARE NOT USED.	INCHES

TABLE 10. TOAM BLOCKED CORE LOCATIONS

Data Block	Core Location		Data are Described in:	
	Data	TOAM Equivalence	Table No.	Page No.
---	Not used	TOAM(1) through TOAM(99)	---	---
DT	DT(1) through DT(56)	TOAM(100) through TOAM(155)	5	93
DB	DB(1) through DB(853)	TOAM(156) through TOAM(1008)	6	94
DF	DF(1) through DF(146)	TOAM(1009) through TOAM(1154)	7	95
DP	DP(1) through DP(734)	TOAM(1155) through TOAM(1888)	8	96
---	Not used	TOAM(1889) through TOAM(2757)	---	---
BC	BC(1) through BC(195)	TOAM(2758) through TOAM(2952)	9	97-100
BB	BB(1) through BB(20)	TOAM(2953) through TOAM(2972)	11	102
BS	BS(1) through BS(20)	TOAM(2973) through TOAM(2992)	12	103-104
BD	BD(1) through BD(160)	TOAM(2993) through TOAM(3152)	13	105-107
BU	BU(1) through BU(500)	TOAM(3153) through TOAM(3652)	14	108-111
BØ	BØ(1) through BØ(348)	TOAM(3653) through TOAM(4000)	15	112-114
BF	BF(1) through BF(200)	TOAM(4001) through TOAM(4200)	4	91-92
ND	ND(1) through ND(200)	TOAM(4201) through TOAM(4400)	16	115-117

TABLE 11. CONDITION DATA REGION BB\*\*\*

Location	Description
BB(1) is equivalent to TOOM(2953)	
1	W, airplane weight (lb)
2	XCG, airplane center of gravity location (FS) (in.)
3	I <sub>y</sub> , airplane pitching moment of inertia (slug ft <sup>2</sup> )
4	I <sub>z</sub> , airplane yawing moment of inertia (slug ft <sup>2</sup> )
5	δ <sub>F</sub> , flap deflection (deg)
6	N <sub>z</sub> , airplane limit normal load factor
7	$\dot{Q}$ , airplane pitching acceleration (rad/sec <sup>2</sup> )
8	$\dot{R}$ , airplane yawing acceleration (rad/sec <sup>2</sup> )
9	h <sub>p</sub> , altitude (ft)
10	M, mach number
11	Previous condition altitude (ft)
12	Wing ID number*
13	Horizontal ID number = 4.0
14	Vertical tail ID number**
15	Condition number
16	Previous condition mach number
17	q, dynamic pressure (psf)
18	C <sub>L<sub>0</sub>WR</sub> , wing rigid lift curve slope per radian
19	V <sub>E</sub> , equivalent airspeed (knots)
20	Balance N <sub>z</sub> , airplane normal load factor for balanced part
<p>*Fixed wing ID = 1.0  Variable wing forward ID = 2.0  Variable wing aft ID = 3.0</p> <p>**Single vertical tail ID = 5.0  Dual vertical tail ID = 6.0  T-type vertical tail ID = 7.0</p> <p>***This condition data region is set up for each condition by the main program BFCNTL.</p>	

TABLE 12. PARAMETER DATA REGION BS FOR SUBROUTINES  
USPANF AND BNLDSE

Location	Description
USPANF	
BS(1) is equivalent to TOOM(2973)	
1	B/K, subsonic lift-curve slope parameter
2	M, mach number
3	(X/C) <sub>CP</sub> , section center of pressure, fraction of chord
4	Y <sub>BS</sub> , wing-body interface station (BL), or horizontal
5	$\Lambda_{LE}$ , surface leading edge sweep angle (deg)
6	$\Lambda_{EA}$ , surface elastic axis sweep angle (deg)
7	$\Lambda_{RA}$ , surface load reference line sweep angle (deg)
8	X <sub>LE</sub> , fuselage sta. of root chord leading edge (in.)
9	X <sub>EA</sub> , fuselage sta of elastic axis at root chord (in.)
10	C <sub>R</sub> , root chord of theoretical surface (in.)
11	$\lambda_S$ , taper ratio of theoretical surface
12	A <sub>S</sub> , aspect ratio of theoretical surface
13	S <sub>S</sub> , area of theoretical surface (ft <sup>2</sup> )
14	b <sub>S</sub> /2 or b <sub>V</sub> , span of surface panel (in.)
15	$\eta_{BS}$ or $\eta_{BV}$ , span station of surface-body interface station, fraction of panel span
16	(X/C) <sub>RA</sub> , location of load reference line in fraction of chord
17	Y <sub>FO</sub> /b <sub>W</sub> /2, wingspan station of outboard end of flap, fraction of semispan
18	Y <sub>FI</sub> /b <sub>W</sub> /2, wingspan station of inboard end of flap, fraction of semispan
19	$\Lambda_B$ , subsonic compressible sweep parameter, or BA, supersonic aspect ratio parameter
20	BA/K, subsonic aspect ratio parameter, or B <sub>m</sub> , supersonic sweep parameter

TABLE 12. PARAMETER DATA REGION BS FOR SUBROUTINES  
USPANF AND BNLDSF (CONCL)

Location	Description
BNLDSF	
BS(1) is equivalent to TCØM(2973)	
1	$S_S$ , area of theoretical surface ( $\text{ft}^2$ )
2	$X_{LE}$ , fuselage station of root chord leading edge (in.)
3	$b_S$ , span of surface (ft)
4	PZN/PZW1, ratio of fuselage nose normal load to wing normal load due to angle of attack
5	A, balance equation factor
6	B, balance equation factor
7	C, balance equation factor
8	D, balance equation factor
9	E, balance equation factor
10	F, balance equation factor
11	WØP, exposed wing panel weight per side (lb)
12	$K_{CF}$ , flap lift effectiveness parameter
13	PZW1, wing flexible normal airload due to angle of attack (lb)
14	PZW2, wing rigid normal airload due to flap deflection (lb)
15	PZW3, wing increment flexible normal airload due to flap deflection (lb)
16	PZW4, wing flexible normal airload due to vertical acceleration (lb)
17	PZH, horizontal tailload (lb)
18	$\mu$ , airplane mass ratio
19	$K_g$ , gust alleviation factor
20	$\Delta PZHQ$ , incremental horizontal tailload due to pitching acceleration (lb)

TABLE 13. THE BD DATA REGION

Location	Description
BD(1) is equivalent to TCØM(2993)	
1-4	Array (YA) - subsonic ( $BC_{L\alpha}/K$ ) table values
5-20	Array (YB) - rigid loading table values (first)
5-20	Array (YB) - loading at weight analysis stations (second)
21-25	Array (YC) - rigid loading values at aero data stations
26-30	Array (ED) - aero data stations fraction of span
31-43	Array (ESS) - strip boundary stations (first) fraction of span
31-43	Array (ESS) - weight analysis stations (second) fraction of span
44	No. of wing outer panel weight strips per side
45-57	Array (YSS) - strip running loadings (first)
45-57	Array (YSS) - torsional loading at weight analysis station (second)
58-68	Array (DPA) - strip alpha loads
69	Flap lift center of pressure, fraction of wing chord (X/C)
70-80	Array (DPF) - flap effects strip loads
81-88	Subroutine FCØDM2 factors
81-84	Array (T)
85-88	Array (YX)
89	PWØ - summated strip alpha loads to centerline (first)
89	Summated AFW (I,1) - exposed rigid alpha loads (second)



TABLE 13. THE BD DATA REGION (CONT)

Location	Description
90	$P_{W1} - P_{W0}$ less half carry-over strip load (first)
90	Summated AFWF (I,1) - exposed flexible alpha loads (second)
91	Summated wing outer panel weights (first) (lb)
91	Ratio of exposed alpha load to total (second) (dec) = 1.0
92	Atmospheric density (Rho) (slugs/feet cubed)
93	Factor (NB-I) - number of strips counter
94	Speed of Sound (ah) (knots)
95-105	Array (ECP) - strip center of pressure, fraction of span
106-116	Array (ULN) - running load at weight analysis stations
117-129	Array (DXS) - swept torsion arms (in.)
130-140	Array (UTN) - torsional loading at weight analysis station (in.)
141	Parameter K sweep
142	Fraction of swept chord of reference axis, X/C
143	Fraction of swept chord of center of pressure, X/C
144	Swept chord (in.)
145	Expression: $1.0 - K_s (1.0 - (X/C) \text{ of RA} - (X/C) \text{ of RA})$
146	Integral of Array (ULN) versus (Y/b/2) - tip to root
147	KUZ, span-loading normalizing parameter
148	Swept bending moment at body side (in./lb)
149	Swept torsion moment at body side (in./lb)

TABLE 13. THE BD DATA REGION (CONCL)

Location	Description
150	Empennage swept torsion arm at body interface (in.)
151	Body nose load due to vertical gust (lb)
152	Exposed wingload due to vertical gust (lb)
153	Body carry-over load due to vertical gust (lb)
154	Horizontal tailload due to vertical gust (lb)
155	Parameter KPA
156	Wing semispan (first) (in.)
156	Horizontal tail semispan (second) (in.)
156	Vertical tail span (third) (in.)
157	Wing reference axis sweep angle (first) (deg)
157	Horizontal tail reference axis sweep angle (second) (deg)
157	Vertical tail reference axis sweep angle (third) (deg)
158	Swept distance from vertical tail root to horizontal tail plane (in.)
159	Gust load factor
160	Wing inertial aeroelastic load due to vertical gust (lb)

TABLE 14. THE BU DATA REGION

Location	Description
BU(1) is equivalent to TQM (3153)	
1-60	<u>Data for wing flexible alpha effects</u>
1	Flexible lift curve slope
2	X-distance from apex to total load CP (in.)
3	Y-distance from CL to exposed load CP (in.)
4	X-distance from apex to exposed load CP (in.)
5	X-distance from apex to carry-over load CP (in.)
6	Airload unit shear at side of body (dec)
7	Airload unit bending moment at side of body (in.)
8	Airload unit torsion moment at side of body (in.)
9-21	13 load stations, percent span from tip to $\zeta$ (dec)
22-34	Airload unit shears from tip to centerline (dec)
35-47	Airload unit bending moments - swept (in.)
48-60	Airload unit torsion moments - swept (in.)
61-107	<u>Data for wing rigid flap effects</u>
61	Parameter KBF
62	X-distance from apex to total load CP (in.)
63	Y-distance from CL to exposed load CP (in.)
64	X-distance from apex to exposed load CP (in.)
65	X-distance from apex to carry-over load CP (in.)
66	Airload unit shear at side of body (dec)
67	Airload unit bending moment at side of body (in.)

TABLE 14. THE BU DATA REGION (CONT)

Location	Description
68	Airload unit torsion moment at side of body (in.)
69-81	Airload unit shears from tip to centerline (dec)
82-94	Airload unit bending moments - swept (in.)
95-107	Airload unit torsion moments - swept (in.)
108-166	<u>Data for horizontal tail effects</u>
108	Horizontal tail lift curve slope
109	Parameter KH(B)
110	YH distance from centerline to horizontal tailload CP (in.)
111	XH distance from HT apex to HT load CP (in.)
112	Airload unit shear at side of body (dec)
113	Airload unit bending moment at side of body (in.)
114	Airload unit torsion moment at side of body (in.)
115-127	Thirteen HT load stations - percent spantip to centerline (dec)
128-140	Airload unit shears from tip to centerline (dec)
141-153	Airload unit bending moments - swept (in.)
154-166	Airload unit torsion moments - swept (in.)
167-225	<u>Data for vertical tail effects</u>
167	Vertical tail lift curve slope
168	Parameter KV(B)
169	Z-distance from VT root to vertical tailload CP (in.)

TABLE 14. THE BU DATA REGION (CONT)

Location	Description
170	XV distance from VT apex to vertical tailload CP (in.)
171	Airload unit side shear at body interface (dec)
172	Airload unit bending moment at body interface (in.)
173	Airload unit torsion moment at body interface (in.)
174-186	Thirteen VT load stations - percent spantip to root (dec)
187-199	Airload unit side shears from tip to root (dec)
200-212	Airload unit bending moments - swept (in.)
213-225	Airload unit torsion moments - swept (in.)
226-357	<u>Data arrays for subroutine WFLEX</u>
226-255	Rigid load matrix - AFW(10,3) (1b)
256-285	Rigid load CP(X/C) matrix - AFWCP (10,3) (dec)
286-315	Flexible load matrix - AFWF(10,3) (1b)
316-345	Aeroelastic increment load matrix - AFWDF(10,3) (1b)
346-357	Unit loads and F/R matrix - F(3,4) (dec)
358-403	<u>Data for aeroelastic flap effects</u>
358	X-distance from apex to total load CP (in.)
359	Y-distance from centerline to exposed load CP (in.)
360	X-distance from apex to exposed load CP (in.)
361	X-distance from apex to carry-over load CP (in.)
362	Airload unit shear at side of body (dec)
363	Airload unit bending moment at side of body (in.)
364	Airload unit torsion moment at side of body (in.)

TABLE 14. THE BU DATA REGION (CONCL)

Location	Description
365-377	Airload unit shears from tip to centerline (dec)
378-390	Airload unit bending moments - swept (in.)
391-403	Airload unit torsion moments - swept (in.)
404-449	<u>Data for inertial aeroelastic effects</u>
404	X-distance from apex to total load CP (in.)
405	Y-distance from centerline to exposed load CP (in.)
406	X-distance from apex to exposed load CP (in.)
407	X-distance from apex to carry-over load CP (in.)
408	Airload unit shear at side of body (dec)
409	Airload unit bending at side of body (in.)
410	Airload unit torsion at side of body (in.)
411-423	Airload unit shears from tip to centerline (dec)
424-436	Airload unit bending moments - swept (in.)
437-449	Airload unit torsion moments - swept (in.)
450-454	<u>Data for subroutine SPAEMF</u>
450	Wing total flexible alpha airload (PZW1) (1b)
451	Wing total rigid flap airload (PZW2) (1b)
452	Wing total aeroelastic flap airload (PZW3) (1b)
453	Wing total inertia aeroelastic airload (PZW4) (1b)
455-494	Previously inputted EI and GJ arrays
495-500	Are not used

TABLE 15. OUTPUT BØ DATA REGION

Location	Description
BØ(1) through BØ(180) is equivalent to TOØM(3653) through TOØM(3832)	
1	Condition number
2	Fuselage ID number
3	$P_{ZN}$ , body nose normal load (lb)
4	$P_{YN}$ , body nose side load (lb)
5	$\bar{X}_N$ , body nose CP (fus sta) (in.)
6	$P_{ZW(B)}/2$ , exposed wing panel load (per side) (lb)
7	$\bar{Y}_{W(B)}$ , spanwise CP of exposed wing panel load (BL) (in.)
8	$\bar{X}_{W(B)}$ , exposed wing panel CP (fus sta) (in.)
9	$P_{ZB(W)}$ , body carry-over load (lb)
10	$\bar{X}_{B(W)}$ , body carry-over CP (fus sta) (in.)
11	$P_{ZHT}/2$ , horizontal tail panel load (per side) (lb)
12	$\bar{Y}_{HT}$ , spanwise CP of horizontal tail panel load (BL) (in.)
13	$\bar{X}_{HT}$ , horizontal tailload CP (fus sta) (in.)
14	$M_{XV(H)}$ , incremental unsymmetrical horizontal tail rolling moment (for T-tail and fus) (in./lb)
15	$P_{YVT}$ , vertical tail side load
16	$\bar{Z}_{VT}$ , vertical tail spanwise CP (WL) (in.)
17	$\bar{X}_{VT}$ , vertical tail CP (fus sta) (in.)
18	$N_Z$ , airplane normal load factor
19	$N_Y$ , airplane side load factor
20	$\dot{Q}$ , airplane pitching acceleration (rad/sec <sup>2</sup> )

TABLE 15. OUTPUT BØ DATA REGION (CONT)

Location	Description
21	$\dot{R}$ , airplane yawing acceleration (rad/sec <sup>2</sup> )
22	Wing ID number
23	$Y_{BW}$ , wing-body interface station (BL) (in.)
24	$S_{ZBW}$ , wing shear load at side of body station (lb)
25	$M_{XBW}$ , exposed wing panel rolling moment at side of body station (in./lb)
26	$M_{YBW}$ , exposed wing panel pitching moment at intersection of load reference line and side of body station (in./lb)
Wing shears and moments at stations $Y_{WA}$ (1) through $Y_{WA}$ (12) along load reference line:	
27	$Y_{WA}$ (1), first wing station (in.)
28	$S_{ZW}$ (1), shear at station $Y_{WA}$ (1) (lb)
29	$M_{XA}$ (1), bending moment at station $Y_{WA}$ (1) (in./lb)
30	$M_{YA}$ (1), torsional moment at station $Y_{WA}$ (1) (in./lb)
31 - 74	Station, shear, and moments in same order as 27 through 30, for next 11 wing stations
75	Horizontal tail ID number
76	$Y_{BH}$ , horizontal tail-body interface station (BL) (in.)
77	$S_{ZBH}$ , horizontal tail shear at side of body station (lb)
78	$M_{XBH}$ , exposed horizontal tail panel rolling moment at side of body station (in./lb)
79	$M_{YBH}$ , exposed horizontal tail panel pitching moment at intersection of load reference line and side of body station (in./lb)



TABLE 15. OUTPUT BØ DATA REGION (CONCL)

Location	Description
Horizontal tail shears and moments at stations $Y_{HA}(1)$ through $Y_{HA}(12)$ along load reference line:.	
80	$Y_{HA}(1)$ , first horizontal tail station (in.)
81	$S_{ZH}$ , shear at station $Y_{HA}(1)$ (lb)
82	$M_{XA}$ , bending moment at station $Y_{HA}(1)$ (in./lb)
83	$M_{YA}$ , torsional moment at station $Y_{HA}(1)$ (in./lb)
84 - 127	Station, shear, and moments in same order as 80 through 81, for next 11 horizontal tail stations
128	Vertical tail ID number
129	$Z_{BV}$ , vertical distance from vertical tail root chord station to vertical tail-body interface station (in.)
130	$S_{YBV}$ , vertical tail shear at vertical tail-body interface station (lb)
131	$M_{XBV}$ , exposed vertical tail panel rolling moment at vertical tail-body interface station (in./lb)
132	$M_{ZBV}$ , exposed vertical tail panel yawing moment at the intersection of the load reference line and the vertical tail-body interface station (in./lb)
Vertical tail shears and moments at stations $Z_{VA}(1)$ through $Z_{VA}(12)$ along load reference line	
133	$Z_{VA}(1)$ , first vertical tail station (in.)
134	$S_Z(1)$ , shear at station $Z_V(1)$ (lb)
135	$M_{XA}(1)$ , bending moment at station $Z_{VA}(1)$ (in./lb)
136	$M_{ZA}(1)$ , torsional moment at station $Z_{VA}(1)$ (in./lb)
137 - 180	Station, shear, and moments in same order as 133 through 136, for next 11 vertical tail stations

TABLE 16. INTEGER DATA REGION (ND)

Location	Description
ND(1) is equivalent to TCOM(4201)	
1-12	Integers
13-46	Control factors (refer to Table 1)
47-99	Are not used
100	BFCNTL - Case number counter (NC)
101	Integer Variable (I)
102	Integer Variable (J)
103	USPANF - N $\Phi$ EIGJ = 20
103	BFCNTL - Punched card index number col 2-12 (IC)
104	Punched card ID number col 73-80 (IDC)
105	BFCNTL, USPANF - SIC matrix calculation option (IACALCS)
106	BFCNTL, BNLDSE - Condition type factor (NI)
107	BFCNTL, RERDAT, USPANF - RERDAT entry factor (IR)
108	BFCNTL, USPANF - (NF = -1)
109-131	BFCNTL - Condition selection array (No = -1, Yes = 1)
132	RERDAT, USPANF - Integer variable (I)
133	Integer variable (J)
134	USPANF - Integer variable (K)
135	Integer variable (L)
136	Integer variable (M)
137	USPANF, RERDAT, BNLDSE, SPABMF - Wing position factor (IP) (Refer to note)

TABLE 16. INTEGER DATA REGION (ND) (CONT)

Location	Description
138	FOØDM2 - Interpolation factor (N3)
139	Interpolation factor (N4)
140	Integer variable (I)
141	Integer variable (K)
142	Integer variable (L)
143	ØØDIM2 - Interpolation factor (N1)
144	Integer variable (J)
145	Integer variable (JJ)
146	Integer variable (K)
147	Integer variable (L)
148	Integer variable (M)
149	USPANF - Repeatative operation counter (NT)
150	BNLDSF - Repeatative operation counter (NT)
151	Integer variable (I)
152	Integer variable (J)
153	Integer variable (K)
154	SPAEMF - Distribution selector (ID)
155	Integer variable (I)
156	Integer variable (J)
157	Integer variable (K)

TABLE 16. INTEGER DATA REGION (ND) (CONCL)

Location	Description
158	Integer variable (L)
159	Integer variable (M)
160-200	Not used
NOTE: (-1) = fixed, (0) = VS wing fwd, (1) = VS wing aft	

TABLE 17. LISTING OF CONDITION PUNCHED OUTPUT COMPONENT LIMIT AIRLOADS DATA FOR SWEEP

1	6.03150E 04	6.03600E 03	1.35195E 03	2.51056E 03	7.99106E 01	10603001
6	1.19952E 04	5.66348E 01	3.53530E 02	4.50491E 03	2.76666E 02	10603002
11	-1.32359E 03	4.97644E 01	4.99432E 02	1.97602E 04	1.31553E 04	10603003
16	5.62251E 01	5.01705E 02	1.00000E 00	5.75951E-01	0.0	10603004
21	-1.84769E 00	6.03100E 03	3.35000E 01	1.19952E 04	7.59712E 05	10603005
26	-9.86198E 05	3.12810E 02	0.0	0.0	0.0	10603006
31	2.90517E 02	1.41979E 02	1.58255E 03	-1.25360E 03	2.68222E 02	10603007
36	5.28498E 02	9.05667E 03	-4.98466E 03	2.45926E 02	1.09545E 03	10603008
41	2.71602E 04	-1.11774E 04	2.23631E 02	1.61895E 03	5.96493E 04	10603009
46	-2.00877E 04	2.01335E 02	2.71062E 03	1.10144E 05	-3.23895E 04	10603010
51	1.79040E 02	3.76775E 03	1.82363E 05	-4.84892E 04	1.56744E 02	10603011
56	4.96191E 03	2.79679E 05	-6.83463E 04	1.34449E 02	6.27109E 03	10603012
61	4.04902E 05	-9.19881E 04	1.12153E 02	7.67537E 03	5.60374E 05	10603013
66	-1.19361E 05	8.96577E 01	9.15146E 03	7.47955E 05	-1.50260E 05	10603014
71	6.75622E 01	1.06841E 04	9.69078E 05	-1.64523E 05	6.03400E 03	10603015
76	2.60000E 01	-1.01266E 03	-3.62321E 04	3.75607E 04	1.51761E 02	10603016
81	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.42160E 02	-2.39596E 01	10603017
86	-1.15262E 02	2.39698E 01	1.32430E 02	-8.49236E 01	-6.44955E 02	10603018
91	8.97107E 01	1.22701E 02	-1.63484E 02	-1.85341E 03	1.83874E 02	10603019
96	1.12971E 02	-2.50995E 02	-3.86976E 03	2.99969E 02	1.03242E 02	10603020
101	-3.45271E 02	-6.77046E 03	4.37148E 02	9.35121E 01	-4.42818E 02	10603021
106	-1.06044E 04	5.91534E 02	8.37825E 01	-5.40487E 02	-1.53879E 04	10603022
111	7.58705E 02	7.40529E 01	-6.37482E 02	-2.11185E 04	9.37256E 02	10603023
116	6.43233E 01	-7.33545E 02	-2.77883E 04	1.12651E 03	5.45937E 01	10603024
121	-8.28535E 02	-3.53874E 04	1.32593E 03	4.48642E 01	-9.22137E 02	10603025
126	-4.39041E 04	1.53453E 03	6.03500E 03	2.15500E 01	1.08541E 04	10603026
131	5.00967E 05	-4.83068E 05	1.69513E 02	0.0	0.0	10603027
136	0.0	1.57840E 02	2.73391E 02	1.59565E 03	-3.20031E 02	10603028
141	1.46113E 02	9.45717E 02	8.74359E 03	-1.18194E 03	1.34387E 02	10603029
146	1.79495E 03	2.48129E 04	-2.42102E 03	1.22660E 02	2.74101E 03	10603030
151	5.14084E 04	-3.97791E 03	1.10933E 02	3.75287E 03	8.94836E 04	10603031
156	-5.83148E 03	9.92069E 01	4.78932E 03	1.39569E 05	-7.92323E 03	10603032
161	8.74404E 01	5.82532E 03	2.01805E 05	-1.02088E 04	7.57539E 01	10603033
166	6.85508E 03	2.76157E 05	-1.26758E 04	6.40273E 01	7.87850E 03	10603034
171	3.62547E 05	-1.53173E 04	5.23008E 01	8.89077E 03	4.60670E 05	10603035
176	-1.81220E 04	4.05743E 01	9.88735E 03	5.70971E 05	-2.10706E 04	10603036

TABLE 18. CONDITION ARRAY ID (CN)

ARRAY NO.	DESCRIPTIONS
01	POSITIVE VERTICAL GUST. (NOT COMPUTED AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 20000 FT) CASE 4 = MH(1,1) AT ALT(1,1) CASE 5 = MH(1,2) AT ALT(1,2) OR MH(1,20) AT 20000 FT CASE 6 = MH(1,3) AT ALT(1,3) OR MH(1,20) AT 20000 FT
02	NEGATIVE VERTICAL GUST. (NOT COMPUTED AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 20000 FT) CASE 4 = MH(1,1) AT ALT(1,1) CASE 5 = MH(1,2) AT ALT(1,2) OR MH(1,20) AT 20000 FT CASE 6 = MH(1,3) AT ALT(1,3) OR MH(1,20) AT 20000 FT
03	LATERAL GUST. (NOT COMPUTED AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 20000 FT) CASE 4 = MH(1,1) AT ALT(1,1) CASE 5 = MH(1,2) AT ALT(1,2) OR MH(1,20) AT 20000 FT CASE 6 = MH(1,3) AT ALT(1,3) OR MH(1,20) AT 20000 FT
04	POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(1,1) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 7 MN=.90
05	NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(1,1) CASE 4 = MH(1,1) CASE 7 MN=.90
06	PITCHING ACCELERATION AT ALT(1,1) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 7 MN=.90
07	YAWING ACCELERATION AT ALT(1,1) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 7 MN=.90
08	POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(1,2) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 2 = ML(1,2) CASE 7 MN=.90
09	NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(1,2) CASE 4 = MH(1,1) CASE 5 = MH(1,2) CASE 7 MN=.90

TABLE 18. CONDITION ARRAY ID (CN) (CONT)

ARRAY NO.	DESCRIPTIONS
10	PITCHING ACCELERATION AT ALT(1,2) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 2 = ML(1,2) CASE 7 MN=.90
11	YAWING ACCELERATION AT ALT(1,2) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 2 = ML(1,2) CASE 7 MN=.90
12	POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(1,3) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 2 = ML(1,2) CASE 3 = ML(1,3) CASE 7 MN=.90
13	NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(1,3) CASE 4 = MH(1,1) CASE 5 = MH(1,2) CASE 6 = MH(1,3) CASE 7 MN=.90
14	PITCHING ACCELERATION AT ALT(1,3) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 2 = ML(1,2) CASE 3 = ML(1,3) CASE 7 MN=.90
15	YAWING ACCELERATION AT ALT(1,3) CASE 1 = ML(1,1) CASE 2 = ML(1,2) CASE 3 = ML(1,3) CASE 7 MN=.90
16	MANEUVERING FLAP AT SEA LEVEL FOR 1.5VSO
17	1 G TRIMMED FLAP AT SEA LEVEL FOR 1.2VSL
18	POSITIVE VERTICAL GUST. (NOT COMPUTED AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 20000 FT) CASE 10 = MH(2,1) AT ALT(2,1) CASE 11 = MH(2,2) AT ALT(2,2) OR MH(2,20) AT 20000 FT

TABLE 18. CONDITION ARRAY ID (CN) (CONCL)

ARRAY NO.	DESCRIPTIONS
19	NEGATIVE VERTICAL GUST. (NOT COMPUTED AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 20000 FT) CASE 10 = MH(2,1) AT ALT(2,1) CASE 11 = MH(2,2) AT ALT(2,2) OR MH(2,20) AT 20000 FT
20	POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER CASE 10 = MH(2,1) ALT(2,1)
21	NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER CASE 10 = MH(2,1) ALT(2,1)
22	POSITIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(2,2) CASE 10 = MH(2,1) CASE 11 = MH(2,2)
23	NEGATIVE LOAD FACTOR BALANCED FLIGHT MANEUVER AT ALT(2,2) CASE 10 = MH(2,1) CASE 11 = MH(2,2)



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TABLE 19. INPUT BC DATA SET

3.84100E 04	3.06000E 02	2.72000E 04	3.13000E 02
3.13000E 02	6.83100E 04	6.55700E 04	6.55700E 04
2.22050E 04	3.13720E 02	7.33000E 00	-3.00000E 00
4.00000E 00	3.00000E 00	6.0	2.37000E 04
3.50000E 04	9.60000E -01	1.31000E 00	0.0
2.37000E 04	3.50000E 04	1.10000E 00	1.31000E 00
1.53300E 02	1.38000E 02	1.93500E 02	4.71000E 05
3.45000E 01	3.35000E 01	4.22667E 01	1.64730E 02
1.90350E 02	2.61700E -01	3.86100E 02	3.85830E 01
5.00000E 01	6.65000E 01	9.95000E 01	1.16000E 02
1.32500E 02	1.49000E 02	1.62000E 02	1.98500E 02
2.15000E 02	4.00000E -01	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	4.90357E 01	4.22667E 01
1.64730E 02	1.90350E 02	3.85560E 00	3.86100E 02
3.85830E 01	5.00000E 01	6.30000E 01	9.95000E 01
1.16000E 02	1.32500E 02	1.65500E 02	1.62000E 02
1.98500E 02	2.15000E 02	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6.90000E 01	2.50000E -01	4.50000E 01	3.35000E 01
4.22707E 01	4.09220E 02	9.76500E 01	4.90357E 01
9.91500E 01	1.87200E 01	2.60000E 01	3.53440E 00
4.76000E 01	5.48000E 01	6.20000E 01	4.04000E 01
6.36000E 01	9.08000E 01	9.60000E 01	7.64000E 01
0.0	0.0	0.0	4.00000E -01
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	4.97590E 01	4.16698E 01	0.0
2.65330E -01	1.59800E 00	6.96770E 01	1.25240E 02
3.03100E 01	3.90700E 01	4.78300E 01	2.15500E 01
7.41100E 01	6.26700E 01	9.16300E 01	6.53500E 01
1.17910E 02	4.00000E -01	0.0	1.09150E 02
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.06000E 00	1.68500E 00	1.57500E 00	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 20. INPUT BF DATA SET

1.05000E 00	4.22670E 01	2.40870E 02	4.12100E 02
2.90600E 02	2.50600E 02	1.75200E 02	1.36500E 02
1.19000E 02	4.51000E 01	2.43000E 01	3.31900E-01
4.46600E-01	4.84200E-01	4.63700E-01	4.99100E-01
4.78400E-01	4.28500E-01	5.37400E-01	4.22670E 01
2.40870E 02	2.90600E 02	2.38400E 02	2.50600E 02
1.75200E 02	1.19000E 02	7.42000E 01	4.51000E 01
2.43000E 01	4.46600E-01	4.75900E-01	4.84200E-01
4.63700E-01	4.78400E-01	4.48500E-01	4.28500E-01
5.37400E-01	2.00000E 01	4.50000E 01	4.70000E 01
6.00000E 01	1.60000E 02	2.00000E 02	2.40000E 02
2.80000E 02	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	1.40000E 11	1.41000E 10	1.39000E 10
1.16000E 10	6.00000E 09	1.15000E 09	5.50000E 08
3.50000E 08	3.00000E 08	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	9.20000E 10	9.30000E 09	9.20000E 09
7.96000E 09	5.65000E 09	8.50000E 08	2.60000E 08
2.10000E 08	1.70000E 08	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0			

TABLE 21. INTERPOLATED AERODYNAMIC DATA

SUBSONIC DATA

VALUES FROM BC/LA/K TABLES FOR AR= 3.8556 SWB= 47.07 TR= 0.2617 BA/K= 3.9428

TR= 0.0 0.25 0.50 1.00

0.05348 0.05340 0.05140 0.04761 (WING)

VALUES FROM LOADING TABLES FOR MN= 0.367

1.34059 1.19621 1.10823 0.96240 STA= 0.0

1.22852 1.16908 1.14557 1.12861 STA= 0.383

0.85683 0.93744 0.99356 1.08126 STA= 0.707

0.37612 0.55667 0.61396 0.67689 STA= 0.924

SUPERSONIC DATA

AR= 3.8556 TR= 0.2617 BA= 1.7668 BM= 0.3979

TR= 0.0 0.25 0.50 1.00 (WING)

VALUES FROM LOADING TABLES FOR MN= 1.050

1.49775 1.17622 0.97766 0.79550 STA= 0.0

1.45710 1.33428 1.31289 1.21675 STA= 0.383

1.13541 1.30192 1.46587 1.44676 STA= 0.707

0.61892 0.61251 0.80966 0.65049 STA= 0.924

STATION  
0.0  
0.38300  
0.70700  
0.92400  
1.00000LOADING AT DATA STATIONS MN= 1.050  
1.16427  
1.33160  
1.30965  
0.81495  
0.0

TABLE 21. INTERPOLATED AERODYNAMIC DATA (CONT)

STATION	WING OUTB LONG	WING INBD LONG	FLAP INCR	MN= 1.050	DF= 0.0
1.00000	0.0	0.0	0.0		
0.91447	0.08115	0.03653	0.04461		
0.82894	0.12804	0.05036	0.07767		
0.74341	0.17559	0.06048	0.11511		
0.65788	0.23900	0.07573	0.16328		
0.57235	0.31540	0.10339	0.21201		
0.48663	0.40193	0.13960	0.26232		
0.40130	0.56997	0.17533	0.39464		
0.31577	0.84779	0.21565	0.63214		
0.23024	0.96921	0.31283	0.65638		
0.14471	1.02427	0.48415	0.54012		
0.0	1.05540	0.64714	0.40825		

TABLE 21. INTERPOLATED AERODYNAMIC DATA (CONCL.)

AR= 3.5344 TR= 0.3019 BA= 1.6197 BM= 0.3974  
 TR= 0.0 0.25 0.50 1.00 (HOR TAIL)

VALUES FROM LOADING TABLES FOR MN= 1.050

1.56779 1.22710 1.02270 0.83722 STA= 0.0  
 1.51018 1.37684 1.36066 1.26379 STA= 0.383  
 1.17146 1.34236 1.52054 1.48327 STA= 0.707  
 0.63376 0.81399 0.81261 0.65712 STA= 0.924

AR= 3.1960 TR= 0.2653 BA= 1.4646 BM= 0.3879

TR= 0.0 0.25 0.50 1.00 (VERT TAIL)

VALUES FROM LOADING TABLES FOR MN= 1.050

1.61315 1.25576 1.04946 0.86701 STA= 0.0  
 1.55051 1.40412 1.39613 1.29877 STA= 0.383  
 1.20098 1.37384 1.57827 1.51917 STA= 0.707  
 0.64666 0.81652 0.81571 0.86409 STA= 0.924

HOR TAIL

STATION  
 0.0  
 0.38300  
 0.70700  
 0.92400  
 1.00000

LOADING AT DATA STATIONS  
 1.17510  
 1.37055  
 1.37891  
 0.81645  
 0.0

VERT TAIL

STATION  
 0.0  
 0.38300  
 0.70700  
 0.92400  
 1.00000

LOADING AT DATA STATIONS  
 1.23900  
 1.40084  
 1.38554  
 0.81923  
 0.0

TABLE 22. WFLEX LOADING MATRICES

RIGID LOAD ON STRIPS (ALPHA, DELTA FLAP, AND M2) (AFW Matrix)

COLUMN NO. = 1

9.80337E-02 1.00846E-01 1.02855E-01 1.04063E-01 1.04835E-01 1.04772E-01 1.01050E-01 9.24351E-02  
7.78254E-02 3.42254E-02

COLUMN NO. = 2

1.04784E-01 1.77458E-01 1.41410E-01 9.64782E-02 6.53257E-02 5.16845E-02 3.63391E-02 2.65497E-02  
1.68414E-02 6.14430E-03

COLUMN NO. = 3

-2.33352E-01 -1.04553E-01 -1.34994E-01 -1.41903E-01 -9.42073E-02 -7.72933E-02 -6.73639E-02 -4.26159E-02  
-2.55379E-02 -1.37599E-02

CHORDWISE C.P. ON STRIPS (X/C), RIGID LOADS (AFWCP Matrix)

COLUMN NO. = 1

5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01  
5.80000E-01 5.80000E-01

COLUMN NO. = 2

4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01  
4.65386E-01 4.65386E-01

COLUMN NO. = 3

3.31900E-01 4.46600E-01 4.75900E-01 4.64200E-01 4.65700E-01 4.99100E-01 4.78400E-01 4.46500E-01  
4.28500E-01 5.37400E-01

TABLE 22. WFLX LOADING MATRICES (CONT)

FLEXIBLE LOAD ON STRIPS (AFWF MATRIX)			
COLUMN NO. = 1			
9.20860E-02	8.65268E-02	8.38896E-02	7.75115E-02
2.49692E-02	1.03641E-02		6.90841E-02
			5.96213E-02
			4.67020E-02
			3.57144E-02
COLUMN NO. = 2			
1.61076E-01	1.69876E-01	1.30479E-01	7.66667E-02
2.91944E-03	1.12185E-04		4.90090E-02
			3.37250E-02
			1.98886E-02
			9.69606E-03
COLUMN NO. = 3			
-2.28764E-01	-1.55008E-01	-1.20814E-01	-1.23113E-01
-3.57190E-03	-4.05184E-03		-7.58492E-02
			-5.06720E-02
			-3.91128E-02
			-1.58053E-02
DELTA FLEX LOAD ON STRIPS (AFWDF MATRIX)			
COLUMN NO. = 1			
-5.94777E-03	-1.23192E-02	-1.89649E-02	-2.65710E-02
-5.28562E-02	-2.38613E-02		-5.57509E-02
			-4.51510E-02
			-5.43464E-02
			-5.67207E-02
COLUMN NO. = 2			
-3.70830E-03	-7.56171E-03	-1.09311E-02	-1.36115E-02
-1.39219E-02	-6.03211E-03		-1.63166E-02
			-1.79595E-02
			-1.84505E-02
			-1.66536E-02
COLUMN NO. = 3			
4.58637E-03	9.54431E-03	1.41601E-02	1.67699E-02
2.19660E-02	9.70807E-03		2.33561E-02
			2.66214E-02
			2.82711E-02
			2.62106E-02

TABLE 22. WFLEX LOADING MATRICES (CONCL)

RIGID, FLEX, DELTA FLEX LOADS, AND F/R RATIOS ( FLEX LOADS )

ROW NO. = 1

9.20961E-01 5.88469E-01 -3.32492E-01 6.38973E-01

ROW NO. = 2

7.79014E-01 6.53447E-01 -1.25567E-01 8.38813E-01

ROW NO. = 3

-1.00000E 00 -8.16762E-01 1.83236E-01 8.16762E-01



TABLE 23. SPANWISE LOADING DISTRIBUTION

ANALYSIS STATIONS	LOADING-FLEXIBLE ALPHA EFFECT	LOADING-RIGID FLAP EFFECT
1.00000	0.0	0.0
0.92873	0.18109	0.11429
0.85746	0.31347	0.21640
0.78618	0.41756	0.31041
0.71491	0.52389	0.42396
0.64363	0.64791	0.55174
0.57236	0.75473	0.68316
0.50108	0.84218	0.84346
0.42981	0.92030	1.14465
0.35853	0.98083	1.65334
0.28726	1.02695	2.03326
0.21598	1.06672	1.99504
0.0	0.54620	1.52710

ANALYSIS STATIONS	TOR LODG	TOR LODG
1.00000	0.0	0.0
0.92873	-1.5983	-0.3534
0.85746	-3.1774	-0.7640
0.78618	-4.8116	-1.2540
0.71491	-6.7853	-1.9271
0.64363	-9.3877	-2.7869
0.57236	-11.9803	-3.7837
0.50108	-14.5777	-5.1219
0.42981	-17.2531	-7.5801
0.35853	-19.8076	-11.7061
0.28726	-22.2242	-15.3922
0.21598	-24.5857	-15.6722
0.0	-22.7147	-40.0398

TABLE 23. SPANWISE LOADING DISTRIBUTION (CONT)

ANALYSIS STATIONS	INCREMENT LOADING-FLAP AEROELASTIC	ANALYSIS STATIONS	INCREMENT LOADING-INERTIA AEROELASTIC
1.00000	0.0	1.00000	0.0
0.92873	-0.10513	0.92873	0.16751
0.85746	-0.17125	0.85746	0.26959
0.78618	-0.19705	0.78618	0.30645
0.71491	-0.21416	0.71491	0.52923
0.64363	-0.21365	0.64363	0.32027
0.57236	-0.20182	0.57236	0.29429
0.50108	-0.18179	0.50108	0.25545
0.42981	-0.15619	0.42981	0.21074
0.35853	-0.12781	0.35853	0.16579
0.28726	-0.09559	0.28726	0.12072
0.21598	-0.05813	0.21598	0.07268
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

ANALYSIS STATIONS	TOR LODG	ANALYSIS STATIONS	TOR LODG
1.00000	0.0	1.00000	0.0
0.92873	0.9330	0.92873	-1.4862
0.85746	1.7224	0.85746	-2.7121
0.78618	2.2706	0.78618	-3.5313
0.71491	2.7766	0.71491	-4.2685
0.64363	3.0810	0.64363	-4.6193
0.57236	3.2006	0.57236	-4.6668
0.50108	3.1463	0.50108	-4.4307
0.42981	2.9281	0.42981	-3.9512
0.35853	2.5810	0.35853	-3.3482
0.28726	2.0690	0.28726	-2.6152
0.21598	1.3260	0.21598	-1.6539
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 23. SPANWISE LOADING DISTRIBUTION (CONCL)

ANALYSIS STATION	LOADING--(HOR TAIL)	ANALYSIS STATION	LOADING--(VERT TAIL)
1.00000	0.0	1.00000	0.0
0.93661	0.70005	0.93114	0.75481
0.87251	1.06136	0.86196	1.09296
0.80841	1.20845	0.79278	1.24102
0.74430	1.32003	0.72360	1.35903
0.68020	1.40389	0.65443	1.42191
0.61610	1.41453	0.58525	1.42660
0.55199	1.40742	0.51607	1.42355
0.48789	1.39507	0.44689	1.41111
0.42379	1.38048	0.37771	1.39991
0.35969	1.36407	0.30854	1.38215
0.29558	1.34036	0.23936	1.35675
0.0	1.17510	0.0	1.23900
STATION	DX SWEEP	STATION	DX SWEEP
1.00000	0.873	1.00000	0.983
0.93661	1.000	0.93114	1.171
0.87251	1.130	0.86196	1.359
0.80841	1.259	0.79278	1.547
0.74430	1.388	0.72360	1.736
0.68020	1.518	0.65443	1.924
0.61610	1.647	0.58525	2.112
0.55199	1.776	0.51607	2.301
0.48789	1.906	0.44689	2.489
0.42379	2.035	0.37771	2.677
0.35969	2.164	0.30854	2.865
0.29558	2.294	0.23936	3.054
0.0	20.128	0.0	17.942

TABLE 24. USPANF SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS

WING FLEXIBLE ALPHA PARAMETERS				MN= 1.050	CLA= 2.83530		
DXTOTAL=	175.75	YW(B)=	95.85	DXW(B)=	188.02	DXB(W)=	64.11
SIDE OF BODY UNITS							
USZWB=	0.83869	UMXWB=	52.289	UMYWB=	-68.303		
SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS							
STA SWEPT	USZW(B)	UMXW(B) SWEEP	UMYW(B) SWEEP				
1.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0				
0.9287	0.00944	0.105	-0.083				
0.8575	0.03524	0.603	-0.332				
0.7862	0.07337	1.814	-0.749				
0.7149	0.12247	3.997	-1.354				
0.6436	0.18359	7.409	-2.198				
0.5724	0.25675	12.318	-3.312				
0.5011	0.34005	18.971	-4.697				
0.4298	0.43198	27.578	-6.358				
0.3585	0.53114	38.314	-8.291				
0.2873	0.63586	51.324	-10.483				
0.2160	0.74506	66.718	-12.925				
0.0	1.00000	125.668	-20.401				

TABLE 24. USPANF SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT)

RIGID FLAP DOWN PARAMETERS      DF= 0.0      KBF= 0.31051      MN= 1.050  
 DXTOTAL= 149.75      YW(B)= 86.57      DXW(B)= 165.01      DXB(W)= 60.24

SIDE OF BODY UNITS  
 USZWB= 0.75682      UMXWB= 40.167      UMYWB= -44.217

SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS

STA SWEPT	USZW(B)	UMXW(B) SWEPT	UMYW(B) SWEPT
1.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.9287	0.00399	0.645	-0.012
0.6575	0.01555	0.262	-0.051
0.7862	0.03396	0.814	-0.122
0.7149	0.05962	1.857	-0.233
0.6436	0.09371	3.567	-0.398
0.5724	0.13687	6.137	-0.627
0.5011	0.19021	9.783	-0.939
0.4298	0.25968	14.799	-1.382
0.3585	0.35746	21.678	-2.056
0.2873	0.48628	31.084	-3.003
0.2160	0.62704	43.495	-4.089
0.0	1.00000	98.458	-9.988

TABLE 24. USPANF SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT)

AEROELASTIC FLAP PARAMETERS      DF= 6.0      MN= 1.050  
 DXTOTAL= 211.96      YW(B)= 129.71      DXW(B)= 214.53      DXB(W)= 71.56

SIDE OF BODY UNITS

USZW= 0.97704      UMXW= 94.001      UMYW=-105.468

SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS

STA SWEPT	USZW(B)	UMXW(B) SWEPT	UMYW(B) SWEPT
1.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.9287	0.02950	0.329	-0.262
0.8575	0.10707	1.851	-1.007
0.7862	0.21043	5.391	-2.128
0.7149	0.32584	11.369	-3.544
0.6436	0.44591	19.972	-5.188
0.5724	0.56251	31.214	-6.951
0.5011	0.67017	44.955	-8.732
0.4298	0.76502	60.955	-10.437
0.3585	0.84473	78.900	-11.983
0.2873	0.90742	98.432	-13.288
0.2160	0.95056	119.145	-14.241
0.0	1.00000	185.037	-15.369

TABLE 24. USPANF SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT)

AEROELASTIC INERTIA PARAMETERS      WEIGHT= 27200.      FSCG= 313.00      MN= 1.050

DXTOTAL= 215.10      YW(B)= 133.24      DXW(B)= 217.36      DXB(W)= 71.67

SIDE OF BODY UNITS

USZWB= 0.98031      UMXWB= 97.778      UMYWB=-108.594

SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS

STA SWEPT	USZW(B)	UMXW(B) SWEEP	UMYW(B) SWEEP
1.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.9287	0.03238	0.361	-0.287
0.8575	0.11688	2.025	-1.099
0.7862	0.22823	5.872	-2.306
0.7149	0.35112	12.330	-3.814
0.6436	0.47667	21.558	-5.532
0.5724	0.59547	33.510	-7.327
0.5011	0.70174	47.971	-9.085
0.4298	0.79186	64.622	-10.706
0.3585	0.86465	83.088	-12.117
0.2873	0.92004	102.983	-13.270
0.2160	0.95742	123.913	-14.095
0.0	1.00000	190.037	-15.064

TABLE 24. USPANF SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT)

HOR TAIL PARAMETERS				MN= 1.050		
CLA= 4.33216	KH(B)=0.76509	YH= 49.76	DXH= 90.21			
SIDE OF BODY UNITS						
USZHB= 0.76509	UMXHB= 28.885	UMYHB= -28.378				
SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS						
STA SWEPT	USZH(B)	UMXH(B) SWEEP	UMYH(B) SWEEP			
1.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0			
0.9366	0.01810	0.087	-0.018			
0.8725	0.06416	0.487	-0.068			
0.8084	0.12352	1.400	-0.139			
0.7443	0.18963	2.924	-0.227			
0.6802	0.26086	5.115	-0.330			
0.6161	0.33456	8.012	-0.447			
0.5520	0.40835	11.626	-0.573			
0.4879	0.48163	15.956	-0.708			
0.4238	0.55421	20.995	-0.851			
0.3597	0.62598	26.736	-1.002			
0.2956	0.69670	33.171	-1.159			
0.0	1.00000	71.231	-4.382			



TABLE 24. USPANF SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS (CONCL)

VERT TAIL PARAMETERS			MN= 1.050		
CYB= 3.99680	KV(B)=0.82507	DZV= 56.23	DXV= 105.65		
TOP OF BODY UNITS					
USYVB= 0.82507	UMXVB= 38.081	UMZVB= -36.720			
SPANWISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS					
STA SWEPT	USYV(B)	UMXV(B) SWEEP	UMZV(B) SWEEP		
1.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0		
0.9311	0.02078	0.121	-0.024		
0.8620	0.07189	0.665	-0.090		
0.7928	0.13644	1.886	-0.184		
0.7236	0.20836	3.908	-0.302		
0.6544	0.28527	6.802	-0.443		
0.5852	0.36406	10.609	-0.602		
0.5161	0.44281	15.340	-0.776		
0.4469	0.52113	20.992	-0.964		
0.3777	0.59886	27.559	-1.164		
0.3085	0.67583	35.033	-1.378		
0.2394	0.75159	43.402	-1.602		
0.0	1.00000	78.937	-4.126		

TABLE 25. COMPONENT LIMIT AIRLOADS AND CENTERS OF PRESSURE

CONDITION NO=	6030.	MN=	1.050	ALT=	20000.	DF=	0.0
BODY LOADS							
PZN=	1352.	PYN=	2511.	XBN=	79.91		
WING PANEL LOAD							
PZW(B)/2=	11995.	YBW(B)=	96.83	XBW(B)=	353.53		
WING CARRY-OVER LOAD							
PZB(W)=	4505.	XBB(W)=	276.67				
HORIZONTAL TAIL LOADS							
PZH/2=	-1324.	YBH=	49.76	XBH=	499.43	DMXH=	19760.
VERTICAL TAIL LOAD							
PYV=	13155.	ZBV=	56.23	XBV=	501.70		
AIRPLANE INERTIA FACTORS							
NZ=	1.00	NY=	0.58	QDOT=	0.0	RDOT=	-1.848
COMPONENT SPANWISE FACTORS							
PZW61=	27848.	PZW62=	0.	PZW63=	0.	PZW64=	647.
						PZHB=	-2647.

TABLE 26. WING LIMIT AIRLOAD DISTRIBUTIONS

WING LOADS	COND NO=	6031.	MM=	1.050	ALT=	20000.	DF=	0.0	TORSM SCB=	-986196.IN-LB
BODY INT=	33.50IN	SHEAR SCB=	11995.LB	BENDM SCB=	755712.IN-LB					
STATION (IN)		SHEAR (LB)		BENDM (IN-LB)		TORS MOM (IN-LB)				
312.01		0.		0.		0.				
296.52		142.		1583.		-1254.				
266.22		528.		9057.		-4985.				
245.43		1045.		27160.		-11177.				
223.63		1819.		59849.		-20086.				
201.34		2711.		110144.		-32390.				
175.04		3768.		162363.		-48469.				
156.74		4962.		279679.		-66346.				
134.45		6271.		464902.		-91986.				
112.15		7675.		560374.		-119361.				
89.86		9151.		747955.		-150260.				
67.56		10654.		969078.		-184523.				

TABLE 27. HORIZONTAL TAIL LIMIT AIRLOAD DISTRIBUTIONS

HORIZONTAL TAIL LUALS			CUND NO=	6034.	MN=	1.050	ALT=	20000.			
BODY INT=	26.001N	SHEAR SUB=	-1013.16	BENDM SOB=	-38232.1N-LB	TORSN SOB=	37561.1N-LB				
STATION (IN)	SHEAR (LB)	BEND MOM (IN-LB)	TORS MOM (IN-LB)								
151.78	0.	0.	0.								
142.16	-24.	-115.	24.								
132.43	-85.	-645.	90.								
122.70	-163.	-1853.	184.								
112.97	-251.	-3870.	300.								
103.24	-345.	-6770.	437.								
93.51	-443.	-10604.	592.								
63.78	-540.	-15388.	759.								
74.05	-637.	-21119.	937.								
64.32	-734.	-27788.	1127.								
54.59	-829.	-35387.	1326.								
44.86	-922.	-43904.	1535.								

TABLE 28. VERTICAL TAIL LIMIT AIRLOAD DISTRIBUTIONS

VERTICAL TAIL LOADS	COND NO=	6035.	MN=	1.650	ALT=	20000.			
BOLY INT=	21.55IN	SHEAR SOB=	10854.LB	BENDOM SOB=	500967.IN-LB	TORSM SOB=	-23068.IN-LB		
STATION (IN)		SHEAR (LB)		BEND MOM (IP-LB)		TORS MOM (IN-LB)			
169.51		0.		0.		0.			
157.64		273.		1596.		-320.			
146.11		946.		8744.		-1182.			
134.39		1795.		24813.		-2421.			
122.66		2741.		51408.		-3978.			
110.93		3753.		89484.		-5831.			
99.21		4769.		139569.		-7923.			
87.48		5825.		201805.		-10209.			
75.75		6856.		276157.		-12676.			
64.03		7876.		362547.		-15317.			
52.30		8891.		460870.		-16122.			
40.57		9887.		570971.		-21071.			

TABLE 29. WFLEX INPUT DATA

DATA FROM SUBROUTINE FLXSIC

NS = 10  
 NOEIGJ = 11  
 CR = 190.35 IN.      BD2 = 231.50 IN.      BLBS = 33.50 IN.  
 ANGLE = 49.036 DEG.      FSLERT = 164.73 IN.  
 ANGEA = 42.267 DEG.      FSEA0 = 240.87 IN.  
 WLANDA = 0.262      XOCFWD = 0.150      XOCAPT = 0.650

ELASTIC AXIS Y COORDINATES FOR WING EI AND GJ

COLUMN NO. = 1

0.0	2.00000E 01	4.50000E 01	4.70000E 01	8.00000E 01	1.20000E 02	1.60000E 02	2.00000E 02
2.40000E 02	2.80000E 02	3.20000E 02					

EI

COLUMN NO. = 1

1.40000E 11	1.40000E 11	1.41000E 10	1.39000E 10	1.16000E 10	6.00000E 09	2.60000E 09	1.15000E 09
5.50000E 08	3.50000E 08	3.00000E 08					

GJ

COLUMN NO. = 1

9.20000E 10	9.20000E 10	9.30000E 09	9.20000E 09	7.96000E 09	5.65000E 09	2.25000E 09	8.50000E 08
2.60000E 08	2.10000E 08	1.70000E 08					

TABLE 30. FLXSIC GEOMETRY

SIC FUSELAGE STATIONS

COLUMN NO. = 1

2.39313E 02	3.21314E 02	2.60313E 02	3.36304E 02	2.81312E 02	3.51294E 02	3.02312E 02	3.66284E 02
3.23312E 02	3.81274E 02	3.44312E 02	3.96264E 02	3.65312E 02	4.11254E 02	3.86312E 02	4.26244E 02
4.07311E 02	4.41233E 02	4.28311E 02	4.56223E 02				

SIC BUTT LINES

COLUMN NO. = 1

4.3394E 01	4.3399E 01	6.31997E 01	6.31997E 01	8.29995E 01	1.02799E 02	1.02799E 02
1.22599E 02	1.22599E 02	1.42399E 02	1.42399E 02	1.62199E 02	1.81998E 02	1.81998E 02
2.01798E 02	2.01798E 02	2.21546E 02	2.21598E 02			

SIC ELASTIC AXIS X COORDINATES

COLUMN NO. = 1

-3.03408E 01	3.03447E 01	-2.81162E 01	2.81219E 01	-2.58915E 01	2.58986E 01	-2.36668E 01	2.36759E 01
-2.14419E 01	2.14531E 01	-1.92172E 01	1.92301E 01	-1.69925E 01	1.70072E 01	-1.47676E 01	1.47843E 01
-1.25429E 01	1.25613E 01	-1.03182E 01	1.03384E 01				

SIC ELASTIC AXIS Y COORDINATES

COLUMN NO. = 1

3.10710E 01	8.62207E 01	5.98472E 01	1.10955E 02	8.86235E 01	1.35689E 02	1.17400E 02	1.60424E 02
1.46176E 02	1.85158E 02	1.74952E 02	2.05892E 02	2.03729E 02	2.34627E 02	2.32505E 02	2.59361E 02
2.61281E 02	2.84095E 02	2.90057E 02	3.08830E 02				

TABLE 31. DELTA SIC, BENDING (IN./LB) MATRIX

ROW NO. = 1									
6.95994E-08	2.56968E-07	1.67365E-07	3.41002E-07	2.65131E-07	4.25035E-07	3.62897E-07	5.09068E-07		
4.60663E-07	5.93102E-07	5.58429E-07	6.77136E-07	6.56194E-07	7.61169E-07	7.53961E-07	8.45203E-07		
6.51726E-07	9.29236E-07	9.44491E-07	1.01327E-06						
ROW NO. = 2									
2.56968E-07	3.84425E-06	1.17032E-06	6.35199E-06	4.08785E-06	8.65972E-06	7.00539E-06	1.13675E-05		
9.92254E-06	1.38752E-05	1.28405E-05	1.63829E-05	1.57580E-05	1.88907E-05	1.86735E-05	2.13984E-05		
2.15931E-05	2.39061E-05	2.45106E-05	2.64138E-05						
ROW NO. = 3									
1.67365E-07	1.17032E-06	7.12883E-07	2.07946E-06	1.46233E-06	2.74083E-06	2.25178E-06	3.40220E-06		
3.02123E-06	4.06357E-06	3.79068E-06	4.72494E-06	4.56012E-06	5.38632E-06	5.32958E-06	6.04769E-06		
6.09903E-06	6.70906E-06	6.86847E-06	7.37043E-06						
ROW NO. = 4									
3.41002E-07	6.35199E-06	2.07946E-06	1.16681E-05	6.68404E-06	1.76098E-05	1.33641E-05	2.33516E-05		
2.00442E-05	2.90934E-05	2.67242E-05	3.48351E-05	3.34043E-05	4.05770E-05	4.00844E-05	4.63187E-05		
4.67644E-05	5.20605E-05	5.34445E-05	5.78023E-05						
ROW NO. = 5									
2.65131E-07	4.08785E-06	1.48233E-06	6.66404E-06	4.37106E-06	9.61977E-06	7.58014E-06	1.23781E-05		
1.07692E-05	1.51364E-05	1.39483E-05	1.78947E-05	1.72073E-05	2.06530E-05	2.04164E-05	2.34114E-05		
2.36255E-05	2.61697E-05	2.68346E-05	2.89280E-05						
ROW NO. = 6									
4.25035E-07	8.85972E-06	2.74083E-06	1.76096E-05	9.61977E-06	2.80303E-05	1.98674E-05	3.90697E-05		
3.27107E-05	5.01090E-05	4.55540E-05	6.11483E-05	5.83972E-05	7.21875E-05	7.12405E-05	8.32268E-05		
8.40838E-05	9.42661E-05	9.69270E-05	1.05305E-04						
ROW NO. = 7									
3.62897E-07	7.00539E-06	2.25178E-06	1.33641E-05	7.58014E-06	1.98674E-05	1.50161E-05	2.69200E-05		
2.29779E-05	3.37635E-05	3.09397E-05	4.06070E-05	3.89016E-05	4.74506E-05	4.68636E-05	5.42942E-05		
5.46254E-05	6.11377E-05	6.27872E-05	6.79812E-05						
ROW NO. = 8									



TABLE 31. DELTA SIC, BENDING (IN./LB) MATRIX (CONT)

5.09066E-07	1.13675E-05	3.40220E-06	2.33516E-05	1.23781E-05	3.90697E-05	2.69200E-05	5.61613E-05
4.67180E-05	7.80274E-05	6.98303E-05	5.78933E-05	9.25426E-05	1.17759E-04	1.16055E-04	1.37625E-04
1.39167E-04	1.57491E-04	1.62260E-04	1.77357E-04				
ROW NO. = 9							
4.60663E-07	9.92294E-06	3.02123E-06	2.00442E-05	1.07892E-05	3.27107E-05	2.29779E-05	4.67180E-05
3.91925E-05	6.18360E-05	5.59077E-05	7.62033E-05	7.26229E-05	9.05707E-05	8.93383E-05	1.04938E-04
1.06053E-04	1.19306E-04	1.22769E-04	1.33673E-04				
ROW NO. = 10							
5.93102E-07	1.38752E-05	4.06357E-06	2.90934E-05	1.51364E-05	5.01090E-05	3.37635E-05	7.80274E-05
6.18360E-05	1.12316E-04	9.79592E-05	1.47111E-04	1.38440E-04	1.81906E-04	1.78921E-04	2.16700E-04
2.19461E-04	2.51495E-04	2.59882E-04	2.86289E-04				
ROW NO. = 11							
5.58429E-07	1.28405E-05	3.79068E-06	2.67242E-05	1.39983E-05	4.55540E-05	3.09397E-05	6.98303E-05
5.59077E-05	9.79592E-05	8.78637E-05	1.26389E-04	1.19452E-04	1.54228E-04	1.51840E-04	1.82067E-04
1.84228E-04	2.09906E-04	2.16616E-04	2.37745E-04				
ROW NO. = 12							
6.77136E-07	1.63829E-05	4.72494E-06	3.48351E-05	1.78947E-05	6.11483E-05	4.06070E-05	9.78933E-05
7.62033E-05	1.47111E-04	1.26389E-04	2.04357E-04	1.89558E-04	2.63743E-04	2.58649E-04	3.23129E-04
3.27739E-04	3.82515E-04	3.96829E-04	4.41901E-04				
ROW NO. = 13							
6.56194E-07	1.57580E-05	4.56012E-06	3.34043E-05	1.72073E-05	5.83972E-05	3.89016E-05	9.29426E-05
7.26229E-05	1.38440E-04	1.19452E-04	1.89558E-04	1.75687E-04	2.40510E-04	2.36066E-04	2.92416E-04
2.96445E-04	3.44314E-04	3.56823E-04	3.96212E-04				
ROW NO. = 14							
7.61169E-07	1.88907E-05	5.38632E-06	4.05770E-05	2.06530E-05	7.21875E-05	4.74506E-05	1.17759E-04
9.05707E-05	1.81906E-04	1.54228E-04	2.63743E-04	2.40516E-04	3.62286E-04	3.53678E-04	4.62634E-04
4.78424E-04	5.62982E-04	5.87170E-04	6.63331E-04				
ROW NO. = 15							
7.53961E-07	1.86755E-05	5.32958E-06	4.00844E-05	2.04164E-05	7.12405E-05	4.68636E-05	1.16055E-04

TABLE 31. DELTA SIC, BENDING (IN./LB) MATRIX (CONCL)

8.93383E-05	1.78921E-04	1.51840E-04	2.58649E-04	2.36066E-04	3.53678E-04	3.45876E-04	4.50192E-04
4.57650E-04	5.46264E-04	5.69422E-04	6.42338E-04				
ROW NO. = 16							
8.45203E-07	2.13984E-05	6.04769E-06	4.63187E-05	2.34114E-05	8.32268E-05	5.42942E-05	1.37625E-04
1.04938E-04	2.16700E-04	1.82067E-04	3.23129E-04	2.92416E-04	4.62634E-04	4.50192E-04	6.20363E-04
6.33230E-04	7.86112E-04	8.26664E-04	9.51863E-04				
ROW NO. = 17							
6.51726E-07	2.15931E-05	6.09903E-06	4.67644E-05	2.36255E-05	8.40838E-05	5.48254E-05	1.39167E-04
1.06053E-04	2.19401E-04	1.84228E-04	3.27739E-04	2.96445E-04	4.70424E-04	4.57650E-04	6.33230E-04
6.46679E-04	8.05514E-04	8.47022E-04	9.77717E-04				
ROW NO. = 18							
9.29236E-07	2.39061E-05	6.70906E-06	5.20605E-05	2.61697E-05	9.42661E-05	6.11377E-05	1.57491E-04
1.19306E-04	2.51495E-04	2.09906E-04	3.62515E-04	3.44314E-04	5.62982E-04	5.46264E-04	7.86112E-04
6.05514E-04	1.05609E-03	1.12065E-03	1.32392E-03				
ROW NO. = 19							
9.49491E-07	2.45106E-05	6.86847E-06	5.34445E-05	2.68346E-05	9.69270E-05	6.27872E-05	1.62280E-04
1.22769E-04	2.59882E-04	2.16616E-04	3.96829E-04	3.56823E-04	5.87170E-04	5.69422E-04	8.26664E-04
6.47022E-04	1.12065E-03	1.19739E-03	1.42434E-03				
ROW NO. = 20							
1.01327E-06	2.64138E-05	7.37043E-06	5.78023E-05	2.69280E-05	1.05305E-04	6.79812E-05	1.77357E-04
1.33673E-04	2.86289E-04	2.37745E-04	4.41901E-04	3.96212E-04	6.63331E-04	6.42338E-04	9.51863E-04
9.77717E-04	1.32392E-03	1.42434E-03	1.73689E-03				

TABLE 32. DELTA SIC, TORSION (IN./LB) MATRIX

ROW NO. = 1

3.28066E-07 -3.28108E-07 3.04011E-07 -3.04072E-07 2.79956E-07 -2.80035E-07 2.35901E-07 -2.56000E-07  
 4.31845E-07 -2.31965E-07 2.07789E-07 -2.07928E-07 1.83734E-07 -1.83893E-07 1.59678E-07 -1.59858E-07  
 1.35622E-07 -1.35821E-07 1.11567E-07 -1.11786E-07

ROW NO. = 2

-3.28108E-07 5.41801E-06 -5.02011E-06 5.02113E-06 -4.62290E-06 4.62420E-06 -4.22568E-06 4.22731E-06  
 -3.82843E-06 3.83043E-06 -3.43121E-06 3.43351E-06 -3.03400E-06 3.03662E-06 -2.63674E-06 2.63972E-06  
 -2.23953E-06 2.24280E-06 -1.84231E-06 1.84591E-06

ROW NO. = 3

3.04011E-07 -5.02011E-06 2.11725E-06 -2.11767E-06 1.94972E-06 -1.95027E-06 1.78219E-06 -1.78288E-06  
 1.61465E-06 -1.61549E-06 1.44712E-06 -1.44809E-06 1.27960E-06 -1.28070E-06 1.11206E-06 -1.11331E-06  
 9.44528E-07 -9.45910E-07 7.77000E-07 -7.78521E-07

ROW NO. = 4

-3.04072E-07 5.02113E-06 -2.11767E-06 7.48151E-06 -6.88815E-06 6.89010E-06 -6.29629E-06 6.29873E-06  
 -5.70439E-06 5.70736E-06 -5.11253E-06 5.11595E-06 -4.52067E-06 4.52458E-06 -3.92877E-06 3.93321E-06  
 -3.33691E-06 3.34179E-06 -2.74505E-06 2.75043E-06

ROW NO. = 5

2.79956E-07 -4.62290E-06 1.94972E-06 -6.88815E-06 4.16510E-06 -4.16628E-06 3.60722E-06 -3.80870E-06  
 3.44931E-06 -3.45111E-06 3.09143E-06 -3.09349E-06 2.73355E-06 -2.73591E-06 2.37563E-06 -2.37832E-06  
 2.01775E-06 -2.02070E-06 1.65987E-06 -1.66312E-06

ROW NO. = 6

-2.80035E-07 4.62420E-06 -1.95027E-06 6.89010E-06 -4.16628E-06 9.44540E-06 -8.63137E-06 8.63472E-06  
 -7.61996E-06 7.62403E-06 -7.00859E-06 7.01328E-06 -6.19724E-06 6.20259E-06 -5.38582E-06 5.39191E-06  
 -4.57446E-06 4.58115E-06 -3.76310E-06 3.77047E-06

ROW NO. = 7

2.55901E-07 -4.22568E-06 1.78219E-06 -6.29629E-06 3.90722E-06 -8.63137E-06 5.87389E-06 -5.87617E-06  
 5.32170E-06 -5.32447E-06 4.76954E-06 -4.77274E-06 4.21740E-06 -4.22104E-06 3.66520E-06 -3.66934E-06  
 3.11305E-06 -3.11760E-06 2.56090E-06 -2.56591E-06

ROW NO. = 8

TABLE 32. DELTA SIC, TORSION (IN./LB) MATRIX (CONT)

-2.55600E-07	4.22731E-06	-1.76286E-06	6.29673E-06	-3.80870E-06	8.63472E-06	-5.87417E-06	1.23808E-05
-1.12125E-05	1.12184E-05	-1.00492E-05	1.00559E-05	-8.88563E-06	8.89350E-06	-7.72237E-06	7.73110E-06
-6.55902E-06	6.56862E-06	-5.39567E-06	5.40623E-06				
ROW NO. = 9							
2.31845E-07	-3.82843E-06	1.61465E-06	-5.70439E-06	3.44931E-06	-7.81996E-06	5.32170E-06	-1.12125E-05
7.76821E-06	-7.77226E-06	6.96221E-06	-6.96687E-06	6.15623E-06	-6.16154E-06	5.35017E-06	-5.35622E-06
4.54418E-06	-4.55083E-06	3.73820E-06	-3.74552E-06				
ROW NO. = 10							
-2.31965E-07	3.83043E-06	-1.61549E-06	5.70736E-06	-3.45111E-06	7.82403E-06	-5.32447E-06	1.12184E-05
-7.77226E-06	1.71838E-05	-1.53929E-05	1.54032E-05	-1.36109E-05	1.36227E-05	-1.18268E-05	1.18422E-05
-1.00466E-05	1.00615E-05	-8.26486E-06	8.28104E-06				
ROW NO. = 11							
2.07789E-07	-3.43121E-06	1.44712E-06	-5.11253E-06	3.09143E-06	-7.00859E-06	4.76954E-06	-1.00492E-05
6.96221E-06	-1.53929E-05	1.10969E-05	-1.11043E-05	9.81225E-06	-9.82072E-06	8.52750E-06	-8.53714E-06
7.24286E-06	-7.25346E-06	5.95821E-06	-5.96988E-06				
ROW NO. = 12							
-2.07928E-07	3.43351E-06	-1.44809E-06	5.11595E-06	-3.09349E-06	7.01328E-06	-4.77274E-06	1.00559E-05
-6.96687E-06	1.54032E-05	-1.11043E-05	2.42116E-05	-2.13944E-05	2.14129E-05	-1.85932E-05	1.86142E-05
-1.57922E-05	1.56153E-05	-1.29912E-05	1.30166E-05				
ROW NO. = 13							
1.83734E-07	-3.03400E-06	1.27960E-06	-4.52067E-06	2.73355E-06	-6.19724E-06	4.21740E-06	-8.68583E-06
6.15623E-06	-1.36109E-05	9.81225E-06	-2.13944E-05	1.63094E-05	-1.63235E-05	1.41740E-05	-1.41900E-05
1.20387E-05	-1.20564E-05	9.90346E-06	-4.92265E-06				
ROW NO. = 14							
-1.83893E-07	3.03662E-06	-1.28070E-06	4.52456E-06	-2.73591E-06	6.20259E-06	-4.22104E-06	8.69350E-06
-6.16154E-06	1.36227E-05	-9.82072E-06	2.14129E-05	-1.63235E-05	3.56714E-05	-3.09741E-05	3.10091E-05
-2.63079E-05	2.63464E-05	-2.16418E-05	2.16841E-05				
ROW NO. = 15							
1.59678E-07	-2.63674E-06	1.11206E-06	-3.92877E-06	2.37563E-06	-5.38582E-06	3.66520E-06	-7.72237E-06

TABLE 32. DELTA SIC, TORSION (IN./LB) MATRIX (CONCL)

5.35017E-06	-1.18288E-05	8.52750E-06	-1.25932E-05	1.41740E-05	-3.09741E-05	2.54164E-05	-2.54451E-05
2.15875E-05	-2.16191E-05	1.77586E-05	-1.77933E-05				
ROW NO. = 16							
-1.59858E-07	2.63972E-06	-1.11331E-06	3.93321E-06	-2.37832E-06	5.39191E-06	-3.66934E-06	7.73110E-06
-5.35622E-06	1.18422E-05	-8.53714E-06	1.86142E-05	-1.41500E-05	3.10691E-05	-2.54451E-05	4.60615E-05
-4.07920E-05	4.08517E-05	-3.35569E-05	3.36226E-05				
ROW NO. = 17							
1.35622E-07	-2.23953E-06	9.44528E-07	-3.33691E-06	2.01775E-06	-4.57446E-06	3.11305E-06	-6.55902E-06
4.54418E-06	-1.00468E-05	7.24286E-06	-1.57922E-05	1.20387E-05	-2.63079E-05	2.15875E-05	-4.07920E-05
3.59060E-05	-3.59586E-05	2.95375E-05	-2.95453E-05				
ROW NO. = 18							
-1.35821E-07	2.24280E-06	-9.45910E-07	3.34179E-06	-2.02070E-06	4.58115E-06	-3.11760E-06	6.54862E-06
-4.55083E-06	1.00615E-05	-7.25346E-06	1.58153E-05	-1.20564E-05	2.63464E-05	-2.16191E-05	4.08517E-05
-3.59586E-05	5.28395E-05	-4.34040E-05	4.34890E-05				
ROW NO. = 19							
1.11567E-07	-1.64231E-06	7.77000E-07	-2.74505E-06	1.65967E-06	-3.76310E-06	2.56090E-06	-5.39567E-06
3.73820E-06	-6.26486E-06	5.95821E-06	-1.29912E-05	9.90346E-06	-2.16418E-05	1.77586E-05	-3.35569E-05
2.95375E-05	-4.34040E-05	3.66232E-05	-3.86988E-05				
ROW NO. = 20							
-1.11786E-07	1.84591E-06	-7.78521E-07	2.75043E-06	-1.66312E-06	3.77047E-06	-2.56591E-06	5.40623E-06
-3.74552E-06	8.28104E-06	-5.96988E-06	1.30166E-05	-9.92285E-06	2.16418E-05	-1.77933E-05	3.36226E-05
-2.95953E-05	4.34890E-05	-3.86988E-05	4.93537E-05				

TABLE 33. STRUCTURAL INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS (IN./LB) MATRIX

ROW NO. = 1									
3.97665E-07	-7.11399E-06	4.71376E-07	5.69292E-06	5.45087E-07	1.44999E-07	6.18798E-07	2.53668E-07		
6.92507E-07	3.61137E-07	7.66216E-07	4.69208E-07	8.39929E-07	5.77276E-07	9.13638E-07	6.85345E-07		
9.87348E-07	7.93415E-07	1.06106E-06	9.01481E-07						
ROW NO. = 2									
-7.11399E-08	9.26226E-06	-3.84980E-06	1.13731E-05	-5.35049E-07	1.34639E-05	2.77971E-06	1.55948E-05		
6.09451E-06	1.77056E-05	9.40927E-06	1.98164E-05	1.27240E-05	2.19273E-05	1.60388E-05	2.40381E-05		
1.93535E-05	2.61489E-05	2.26662E-05	2.62547E-05						
ROW NO. = 3									
4.71376E-07	-3.84980E-06	2.83013E-06	-3.82179E-08	3.43205E-06	7.90554E-07	4.03397E-06	1.61931E-06		
4.63588E-06	2.44808E-06	5.23780E-06	3.27685E-06	5.83972E-06	4.10561E-06	6.44164E-06	4.93437E-06		
7.04355E-06	5.76315E-06	7.64547E-06	6.59191E-06						
ROW NO. = 4									
5.69242E-08	1.13731E-05	-3.82175E-06	1.93446E-05	-2.04114E-07	2.44999E-05	7.06762E-06	2.96503E-05		
1.43398E-05	3.48008E-05	2.16117E-05	3.99511E-05	2.68836E-05	4.51015E-05	3.61556E-05	5.02519E-05		
4.34275E-05	5.54023E-05	5.66994E-05	6.05527E-05						
ROW NO. = 5									
5.45067E-07	-5.35049E-07	3.43205E-06	-2.04114E-07	8.53617E-06	5.45349E-06	1.13874E-05	8.56941E-06		
1.42365E-05	1.16853E-05	1.70897E-05	1.48012E-05	1.99409E-05	1.79171E-05	2.27921E-05	2.10330E-05		
2.56432E-05	2.41490E-05	2.84944E-05	2.72649E-05						
ROW NO. = 6									
1.44999E-07	1.34839E-05	7.90554E-07	2.44999E-05	5.45349E-06	3.74757E-05	1.12360E-05	4.77044E-05		
2.46906E-05	5.79330E-05	3.85454E-05	6.81615E-05	5.22000E-05	7.83901E-05	6.56547E-05	8.86187E-05		
7.95093E-05	9.88473E-05	9.31639E-05	1.09076E-04						
ROW NO. = 7									
6.18798E-07	2.77971E-06	4.03397E-06	7.06762E-06	1.13674E-05	1.12360E-05	2.08899E-05	2.10438E-05		
2.82996E-05	2.64391E-05	3.57093E-05	3.58343E-05	4.31190E-05	4.32295E-05	5.05267E-05	5.06246E-05		
5.74365E-05	5.80201E-05	6.53481E-05	6.54153E-05						
ROW NO. = 8									

TABLE 33. STRUCTURAL INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS (IN./LB) MATRIX (CONT)

2.53068E-07	1.55948E-05	1.61931E-06	2.96503E-05	6.56941E-06	4.77044E-05	2.16438E-05	7.05421E-05
3.55054E-05	8.92457E-05	5.97611E-05	1.07949E-04	6.40566E-05	1.26653E-04	1.08333E-04	1.45356E-04
1.32606E-04	1.64060E-04	1.56684E-04	1.82763E-04				
ROW NO. = 9							
6.92507E-07	6.09451E-06	4.63568E-06	1.43398E-05	1.42385E-05	2.48908E-05	2.82996E-05	3.55054E-05
4.69607E-05	5.40637E-05	6.28699E-05	6.92365E-05	7.87792E-05	8.44092E-05	9.46885E-05	9.95819E-05
1.10598E-04	1.14755E-04	1.26507E-04	1.29927E-04				
ROW NO. = 10							
3.61137E-07	1.77056E-05	2.44808E-06	3.48008E-05	1.16853E-05	5.79330E-05	2.84391E-05	8.92457E-05
5.40637E-05	1.29500E-04	8.25663E-05	1.62514E-04	1.24829E-04	1.95528E-04	1.67092E-04	2.26542E-04
2.09355E-04	2.61556E-04	2.51617E-04	2.94570E-04				
ROW NO. = 11							
7.66218E-07	9.40927E-06	5.23780E-06	2.16117E-05	1.70897E-05	3.85454E-05	3.57093E-05	5.97811E-05
6.28699E-05	8.25663E-05	9.81606E-05	1.15285E-04	1.29264E-04	1.44406E-04	1.60366E-04	1.73530E-04
1.91471E-04	2.02653E-04	2.22575E-04	2.31775E-04				
ROW NO. = 12							
4.69208E-07	1.98164E-05	3.27685E-06	3.99511E-05	1.48012E-05	6.81615E-05	3.58343E-05	1.07949E-04
6.92365E-05	1.62514E-04	1.15285E-04	2.28569E-04	1.66164E-04	2.85156E-04	2.40056E-04	3.41743E-04
3.11947E-04	3.98330E-04	3.83838E-04	4.54917E-04				
ROW NO. = 13							
8.39925E-07	1.27240E-05	5.63972E-06	2.88836E-05	1.99409E-05	5.22000E-05	4.31190E-05	8.40568E-05
7.87792E-05	1.24829E-04	1.29264E-04	1.66164E-04	1.91996E-04	2.24195E-04	2.50240E-04	2.78226E-04
3.08463E-04	3.32257E-04	3.66727E-04	3.86289E-04				
ROW NO. = 14							
5.77276E-07	2.19273E-05	4.10561E-06	4.51015E-05	1.79171E-05	7.83901E-05	4.32295E-05	1.26653E-04
8.44092E-05	1.95528E-04	1.44408E-04	2.85156E-04	2.24195E-04	3.97957E-04	3.22704E-04	4.93643E-04
4.44116E-04	5.89328E-04	5.65528E-04	6.85015E-04				
ROW NO. = 15							
9.13636E-07	1.60366E-05	6.44164E-06	3.61556E-05	2.27921E-05	6.58547E-05	5.05287E-05	1.08333E-04

TABLE 33. STRUCTURAL INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS (IN./LB) MATRIX (CONCL)

9.44885E-05	1.67092E-04	1.60366E-04	2.40056E-04	2.50240E-04	3.22704E-04	3.71294E-04	4.24747E-04
4.79237E-04	5.24645E-04	5.87120E-04	6.24544E-04				
ROW NO. = 16							
6.85345E-07	2.40381E-05	4.93437E-06	5.02519E-05	2.10330E-05	8.86187E-05	5.06248E-05	1.45356E-04
9.95819E-05	2.28542E-04	1.73530E-04	3.41743E-04	2.78226E-04	4.93643E-04	4.24747E-04	6.68444E-04
5.92438E-04	8.26963E-04	7.92507E-04	9.85485E-04				
ROW NO. = 17							
9.87348E-07	1.93535E-05	7.04355E-06	4.34275E-05	2.56432E-05	7.95093E-05	5.79385E-05	1.32608E-04
1.10598E-04	2.09355E-04	1.91471E-04	3.11947E-04	3.08483E-04	4.44116E-04	4.79237E-04	5.92438E-04
6.82585E-04	7.69555E-04	8.76555E-04	9.48122E-04				
ROW NO. = 18							
7.93415E-07	2.61489E-05	5.76315E-06	5.54023E-05	2.41490E-05	9.88473E-05	5.80201E-05	1.64060E-04
1.14755E-04	2.61556E-04	2.02653E-04	3.98330E-04	3.32257E-04	5.89328E-04	5.24645E-04	8.26963E-04
7.69555E-04	1.10893E-03	1.07724E-03	1.36740E-03				
ROW NO. = 19							
1.06106E-06	2.26682E-05	7.64547E-06	5.06994E-05	2.84944E-05	9.31639E-05	6.53481E-05	1.56884E-04
1.26507E-04	2.51617E-04	2.22575E-04	3.83838E-04	3.66727E-04	5.65528E-04	5.87180E-04	7.92507E-04
8.76559E-04	1.07724E-03	1.23601E-03	1.38564E-03				
ROW NO. = 20							
9.01481E-07	2.82597E-05	6.59191E-06	6.05527E-05	2.72649E-05	1.09076E-04	6.54153E-05	1.62763E-04
1.29927E-04	2.94570E-04	2.31775E-04	4.54917E-04	3.86289E-04	6.85015E-04	6.24544E-04	9.85485E-04
9.48122E-04	1.36740E-03	1.38564E-03	1.76625E-03				



TABLE 34. DTHEDA MATRIX

ROW NO. = 1									
1.21949E-02	-1.21949E-02	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 2									
0.0	0.0	1.31593E-02	-1.31593E-02	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 3									
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.42894E-02	-1.42894E-02	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 4									
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.56319E-02	-1.56319E-02
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 5									
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.72527E-02	-1.72527E-02	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 6									
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 7									
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ROW NO. = 8									
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 34. DTHEDA MATRIX (CONCL)

TABLE 35. SICRAR MATRIX (RAD/LB)

ROW NO. = 1

5.71703E-09 -1.13820E-07 5.26963E-08 -1.38244E-07 1.31722E-06 -1.62667E-07 -2.63522E-06 -1.87091E-07  
 -6.58769E-08 -2.11515E-07 -1.05401E-07 -2.35537E-07 -1.44925E-07 -2.60361E-07 -1.84450E-07 -2.64784E-07  
 -2.23974E-07 -3.64208E-07 -2.63498E-07 -3.33631E-07

ROW NO. = 2

5.71703E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -2.55131E-07 4.78495E-06 -3.11949E-07 -3.99234E-08 -3.68669E-07  
 -1.27697E-07 -4.25740E-07 -2.15469E-07 -4.82606E-07 -3.03242E-07 -5.39479E-07 -3.91016E-07 -5.96346E-07  
 -4.78769E-07 -6.53218E-07 -5.66561E-07 -7.10088E-07

ROW NO. = 3

5.71703E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -3.53067E-07 4.40498E-08 -4.57580E-07 2.16236E-09 -5.59217E-07  
 -1.52215E-07 -6.60854E-07 -3.06590E-07 -7.62489E-07 -4.60965E-07 -8.64125E-07 -6.15341E-07 -9.65762E-07  
 -7.69717E-07 -1.06740E-06 -5.24691E-07 -1.16903E-06

ROW NO. = 4

5.71703E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -3.53006E-07 4.40498E-08 -5.70068E-07 -2.40482E-09 -7.73750E-07  
 -1.12640E-07 -9.50520E-07 -3.76267E-07 -1.12729E-06 -6.39933E-07 -1.30406E-06 -9.03563E-07 -1.48083E-06  
 -1.16723E-06 -1.65760E-06 -1.43088E-06 -1.83437E-06

ROW NO. = 5

5.71704E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -3.53007E-07 4.40497E-08 -5.70068E-07 -2.40595E-09 -9.27165E-07  
 -1.22546E-07 -1.30146E-06 -3.39816E-07 -1.60929E-06 -7.94484E-07 -1.91710E-06 -1.24916E-06 -2.22492E-06  
 -1.70382E-06 -2.53272E-06 -2.15848E-06 -2.84053E-06

ROW NO. = 6

5.71703E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -3.53007E-07 4.40505E-08 -5.70068E-07 -2.40669E-09 -9.27165E-07  
 -1.22547E-07 -1.53888E-06 -3.29622E-07 -2.18055E-06 -7.48762E-07 -2.70920E-06 -1.53386E-06 -3.23785E-06  
 -2.31698E-06 -3.76651E-06 -3.10409E-06 -4.29516E-06

ROW NO. = 7

5.71703E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -3.53007E-07 4.40500E-08 -5.70068E-07 -2.40567E-09 -9.27166E-07  
 -1.22545E-07 -1.53888E-06 -3.29623E-07 -2.54651E-06 -7.00848E-07 -3.78220E-06 -1.57727E-06 -4.68888E-06  
 -2.95225E-06 -5.59554E-06 -4.32720E-06 -6.50221E-06

ROW NO. = 8

TABLE 35. SICBAR MATRIX (RAD/LB) (CONCL.)

5.71704E-09 -2.00322E-07 3.77456E-08 -3.53665E-07 4.40503E-06 -5.70069E-07 -2.40561E-09 -9.27162E-07  
 -1.22544E-07 -1.53867E-06 -3.29018E-07 -2.54650E-06 -7.00821E-07 -4.28074E-06 -1.33860E-06 -6.10279E-06  
 -2.83483E-06 -7.57079E-06 -5.14140E-06 -9.03845E-06

ROW NO. = 9

5.71702E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77455E-08 -3.53068E-07 4.40496E-06 -5.70069E-07 -2.40561E-09 -9.27165E-07  
 -1.22546E-07 -1.53867E-06 -3.29623E-07 -2.54652E-06 -7.00838E-07 -4.28076E-06 -1.33858E-06 -6.91364E-06  
 -2.56384E-06 -1.00045E-05 -5.91599E-06 -1.23661E-05

ROW NO. = 10

5.71708E-09 -2.00323E-07 3.77454E-08 -3.53008E-07 4.40496E-06 -5.70069E-07 -2.40652E-09 -9.27166E-07  
 -1.22548E-07 -1.53887E-06 -3.29625E-07 -2.54651E-06 -7.00835E-07 -4.28078E-06 -1.33862E-06 -6.91370E-06  
 -2.56386E-06 -1.03955E-05 -5.36078E-06 -1.43522E-05

TABLE 36. DATA FROM SUBROUTINE WFLEX

NS = 10  
Q = 751.12 LB/FT\*\*2  
CLAR = 4.248  
EOTA = 1.0000  
SW = 386.10 FT\*\*2

TABLE 37. D MATRIX

COLUMN NO. = 1

9.99954E-01 -2.65900E-04 -4.76779E-05 -2.94107E-04 -4.66315E-05 -2.99965E-04 -4.94145E-05 -3.03546E-04  
 -4.97719E-05 -3.05742E-04 -4.97420E-05 -3.05558E-04 -4.79750E-05 -2.94704E-04 -4.38848E-05 -2.69576E-04  
 -3.69465E-05 -2.26970E-04 -1.62490E-05 -9.56155E-05

COLUMN NO. = 2

9.40263E-04 1.00578E 00 1.70944E-03 1.05009E-02 1.74349E-03 1.07100E-02 1.76430E-03 1.08379E-02  
 1.77700E-03 1.09162E-02 1.77594E-03 1.09097E-02 1.71290E-03 1.05221E-02 1.56666E-03 9.62497E-03  
 1.51922E-03 6.10360E-03 5.80153E-04 3.56360E-03

COLUMN NO. = 3

-4.42617E-04 -2.71693E-03 9.99611E-01 -1.96140E-03 -3.25656E-04 -2.00046E-03 -3.29544E-04 -2.02434E-03  
 -3.51927E-04 -2.03658E-03 -3.31726E-04 -2.03776E-03 -3.15944E-04 -1.96537E-03 -2.92666E-04 -1.79762E-03  
 -2.46410E-04 -1.51366E-03 -1.08364E-04 -6.65664E-04

COLUMN NO. = 4

1.14050E-03 7.00591E-03 2.16023E-03 1.01339E 00 3.09250E-03 1.69966E-02 3.12941E-03 1.52235E-02  
 3.15204E-03 1.93626E-02 3.15016E-03 1.93510E-02 3.03825E-03 1.86636E-02 2.77921E-03 1.70723E-02  
 2.53995E-03 1.43740E-02 1.02905E-03 6.32129E-03

COLUMN NO. = 5

-1.17125E-04 -7.19463E-04 -4.18640E-04 -2.56756E-03 9.99658E-01 -2.40877E-03 -3.96606E-04 -2.43752E-03  
 -3.99674E-04 -2.45514E-03 -3.99441E-04 -2.45371E-03 -3.85252E-04 -2.36655E-03 -3.52405E-04 -2.16477E-03  
 -2.96702E-04 -1.82260E-03 -1.30480E-04 -6.01519E-04

COLUMN NO. = 6

1.34076E-03 8.23625E-03 2.66831E-03 1.63911E-02 4.01908E-03 1.02469E 00 5.07564E-03 3.11790E-02  
 5.11234E-03 3.14644E-02 5.10927E-03 3.13655E-02 4.92777E-03 3.02706E-02 4.50763E-03 2.76897E-02  
 3.79519E-03 2.33133E-02 1.66903E-03 1.02526E-02

COLUMN NO. = 7

2.08367E-04 1.27997E-03 3.35107E-04 2.05651E-03 -2.82288E-05 -1.73405E-04 1.00001E 00 7.00536E-05  
 1.14953E-05 7.06136E-05 1.14884E-05 7.05715E-05 1.10667E-05 6.61041E-05 1.01276E-05 6.22086E-05  
 6.53659E-06 5.24513E-05 3.75771E-06 2.30631E-05

COLUMN NO. = 8

TABLE 37. D MATRIX (CONT)

1.54108E-03	9.46661E-03	3.15641E-03	1.93894E-02	4.91524E-03	3.01937E-02	6.69192E-03	1.04234E 00
8.32713E-03	5.11524E-02	8.32217E-03	5.11219E-02	6.02653E-03	4.93058E-02	7.34216E-03	4.51020E-02
6.16175E-03	3.79736E-02	2.71657E-03	1.66999E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 9							
5.33865E-04	3.27946E-03	1.08126E-03	6.66501E-03	1.33235E-03	8.18446E-03	9.92189E-04	6.09487E-03
1.00108E 00	6.65163E-03	1.06219E-03	6.64772E-03	1.04374E-03	6.41152E-03	9.54727E-04	5.66475E-03
6.03648E-04	4.93792E-03	3.53515E-04	2.17159E-03				
COLUMN NO. = 10							
1.74137E-03	1.06970E-02	3.64451E-03	2.23877E-02	5.61140E-03	3.56966E-02	6.47252E-03	5.20455E-02
1.17681E-02	1.07241E 00	1.38539E-02	8.51023E-02	1.33617E-02	8.20792E-02	1.222225E-02	7.50810E-02
1.02906E-02	6.32139E-02	4.52556E-03	2.77999E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 11							
8.59358E-04	5.27892E-03	1.84140E-03	1.13115E-02	2.69292E-03	1.65423E-02	3.34836E-03	2.05685E-02
3.12386E-03	1.91894E-02	1.00295E 00	1.61061E-02	2.84279E-03	1.74628E-02	2.60040E-03	1.59739E-02
2.16943E-03	1.34493E-02	4.62856E-04	5.91468E-03				
COLUMN NO. = 12							
1.94165E-03	1.19275E-02	4.13259E-03	2.53860E-02	6.70754E-03	4.12055E-02	1.00531E-02	6.17546E-02
1.45761E-02	8.95513E-02	1.95576E-02	1.12014E 00	2.20855E-02	1.35656E-01	2.02025E-02	1.24101E-01
1.70095E-02	1.04487E-01	7.48034E-03	4.59507E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 13							
1.18465E-03	7.27655E-03	4.59455E-03	1.54579E-02	4.05349E-03	2.49000E-02	5.70454E-03	3.50422E-02
7.23893E-03	4.44677E-02	6.67276E-03	4.05896E-02	1.00600E 00	5.72265E-02	5.54330E-03	3.40517E-02
4.66752E-03	2.86707E-02	2.05254E-03	1.26064E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 14							
2.14194E-03	1.31577E-02	4.62070E-03	2.83843E-02	7.60370E-03	4.67084E-02	1.16336E-02	7.14638E-02
1.73662E-02	1.06690E-01	2.43163E-02	1.49371E-01	3.30662E-02	1.20324E 00	3.40598E-02	2.09224E-01
2.86766E-02	1.76156E-01	1.26112E-02	7.74688E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 15							
1.51034E-03	9.27783E-03	3.34770E-03	2.05644E-02	5.41406E-03	3.32560E-02	8.06075E-03	4.95161E-02

TABLE 37. D MATRIX (CONCL)

1.13541E-02	6.97464E-02	1.37395E-02	8.43999E-02	1.39081E-02	6.54357E-02	1.01064E 00	6.53865E-02
6.96201E-03	5.50524E-02	3.54135E-03	2.42111E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 16							
2.34223E-03	1.43880E-02	5.10680E-03	3.13626E-02	8.49985E-03	5.22134E-02	1.32142E-02	6.11731E-02
2.01582E-02	1.23829E-01	2.90749E-02	1.78603E-01	4.10043E-02	2.51684E-01	4.63237E-02	1.29685E 00
4.63186E-02	2.84530E-01	2.03698E-02	1.25129E-01				
COLUMN NO. = 17							
1.83583E-03	1.12773E-02	4.10065E-03	2.51909E-02	6.77465E-03	4.16157E-02	1.04169E-02	6.39697E-02
1.54691E-02	9.50248E-02	2.08062E-02	1.27609E-01	2.59045E-02	1.59128E-01	2.23062E-02	1.57024E-01
1.01716E 00	1.05519E-01	7.55417E-03	4.64042E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 18							
2.54252E-03	1.56184E-02	5.59689E-03	3.43609E-02	9.39599E-03	5.77183E-02	1.47948E-02	9.08822E-02
2.29482E-02	1.40967E-01	3.36336E-02	2.07635E-01	4.89226E-02	3.00525E-01	5.99977E-02	3.66557E-01
6.65321E-02	1.46670E 00	3.05979E-02	1.67956E-01				
COLUMN NO. = 19							
2.16133E-03	1.52767E-02	4.65399E-03	2.92174E-02	8.13521E-03	4.99134E-02	1.27731E-02	7.64634E-02
1.95842E-02	1.20303E-01	2.76728E-02	1.71216E-01	3.79007E-02	2.32619E-01	4.06582E-02	2.49757E-01
3.91696E-02	2.40613E-01	1.01578E 00	9.69267E-02				
COLUMN NO. = 20							
2.74262E-03	1.66467E-02	6.06499E-03	3.73752E-02	1.02922E-02	6.32232E-02	1.63754E-02	1.00552E-01
2.57382E-02	1.56106E-01	3.85922E-02	2.37067E-01	5.68409E-02	3.49165E-01	7.16723E-02	4.40273E-01
8.22853E-02	5.05467E-01	4.26829E-02	1.26342E 00				



TABLE 38. SIC POINT LOAD MATRICES

## RIGID LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS MATRIX

COLUMN NO. = 1

1.37247E-02 8.43090E-02 1.41184E-02 2.67270E-02 1.43946E-02 8.84549E-02 1.45710E-02 8.95110E-02  
 1.46709E-02 9.01581E-02 1.46601E-02 5.01042E-02 1.41471E-02 8.69033E-02 1.29409E-02 7.94941E-02  
 1.08956E-02 2.69298E-02 4.79150E-03 2.94339E-02

COLUMN NO. = 2

6.06429E-02 1.03941E-01 6.55223E-02 1.11935E-01 5.22124E-02 8.91573E-02 3.34071E-02 5.70712E-02  
 2.41201E-02 4.12050E-02 1.90634E-02 3.26011E-02 1.41559E-02 2.41832E-02 9.80287E-03 1.67466E-02  
 6.21631E-03 1.06231E-02 2.26805E-03 3.87562E-03

COLUMN NO. = 3

-1.46459E-01 -6.48935E-02 -6.69400E-02 -4.76126E-02 -4.70050E-02 -8.79693E-02 -4.70549E-02 -4.46477E-02  
 -3.69466E-02 -6.22420E-02 -2.33271E-02 -5.39602E-02 -2.31262E-02 -4.42576E-02 -1.69324E-02 -2.50835E-02  
 -1.13133E-02 -1.42246E-02 -3.09873E-03 -1.06612E-02

## FLEXIBLE LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS MATRIX

COLUMN NO. = 1

1.28914E-02 7.91441E-02 1.23537E-02 7.61332E-02 1.17445E-02 7.21452E-02 1.08510E-02 6.86600E-02  
 9.67186E-03 5.94123E-02 8.34712E-03 5.12742E-02 6.53635E-03 4.01637E-02 5.00009E-03 3.07143E-02  
 3.49570E-03 2.14735E-02 1.45095E-03 8.91317E-03

COLUMN NO. = 2

4.236E-02 1.00752E-01 6.44600E-02 1.05410E-01 5.06620E-02 7.97967E-02 3.14734E-02 4.51934E-02  
 4.759E-02 2.71731E-02 1.65642E-02 1.71558E-02 1.15729E-02 8.31571E-03 7.44344E-03 2.25262E-03  
 4.2326E-03 -1.34961E-03 1.42417E-03 -1.31199E-03

COLUMN NO. = 3

-1.47810E-01 -8.09461E-02 -6.56031E-02 -8.94052E-02 -4.50197E-02 -7.57946E-02 -4.44244E-02 -7.66884E-02  
 -3.36948E-02 -4.21544E-02 -1.96003E-02 -3.10716E-02 -1.91684E-02 -1.99444E-02 -1.32631E-02 -2.54219E-03  
 -6.23014E-03 4.66624E-03 -1.73962E-03 -2.31222E-03

## Section IV

### PROGRAM USAGE

#### GENERAL

The flexible airloads stand-alone program, BFCNTL, is designed to perform functions similar to the airloads module, BLCNTL, of SWEEP; that is, the program computes airloads on the airplane components for selected flight conditions. Punched card input variable data are generated by SWEEP. Operation of the program requires the user to prepare a program control factors card and to set up the program decks. Punched card output data are in a format that is compatible for use as an optional input to the SWEEP program.

#### PROGRAM DECK SETUP

The program deck setup is illustrated in Figures 6 and 7. The total deck setup must follow the blocked order shown. Twelve subordinate subroutines may be arranged in any order, but the total subroutine block must be immediately behind the main program deck. When only one case is to be run, the execute card must follow the last card of the DP data set.

When multiple cases are to be run, subsequent-case data must be arranged as shown in Figure 7 and placed immediately behind the first case. The execute card must then follow the last-case DP data termination card.

#### DATA INPUT DESCRIPTION

An ND control factors card must be provided for each case data block of a multiple-case computer run. It must be the first card of each case data block. The format of this card is discussed on page , and illustrated in Table 1.

Data set BC follows the ND card. Data set BF follows data set BC. After data sets BC and BF are read into core, subroutine RERDAT merges the data and forms a new BC data set. The initial BF data set is not disturbed. It is necessary, therefore, to repeat the entire input BC data set for each subsequent-case data block of a multiple-case computer run. Data sets DT, DB, DF, and DP follow data set BF in the order indicated in Figure 7.

All of the variables in data sets BC through DP are in the form to be read by subroutine DECRD. This subroutine and data card format are described in Section III. Data set BF for subsequent-case data blocks of a multiple-case computer run needs to contain only appropriate change variables with a DECRD termination punch in Column 1 of the last card in the data set, or a DECRD termination card if there are to be no changes. Data sets DT, DB, DF, and DP for subsequent-case data blocks require only the DECRD termination card for each set, since these data sets are read into core for the first case and remain undisturbed.

#### PROGRAM CONTROL FACTORS AND OPTIONS

The control of the program to obtain the user's desired options is accomplished by the input data contained on the ND control factors card. This card is prepared by the program user and must be prepared with a great deal of care to obtain desired output data.

A complete description of the data, locations by card column, and the options available are shown in Table 1. All of the variables in the list are in integer form and are entered in two-column fields. Single-character variables are entered in the second column of the field.

Factor ND(13) identifies the air vehicle class. Factors ND(14) and ND(15) identify the wing type (fixed or variable sweep) and the vertical tail type (single, dual, or T-tail).

Factors ND(23) through ND(27) instruct the program to compute loads on selected airframe components or on all airframe components.

Factors ND(28) through ND(36) provide for the selection of the types of conditions to be computed. Figure 1 and Table 2 show the types of conditions that may be selected for each of the 11 case numbers available for entry in ND(46). Any condition type not specifically defined by the chosen case number, ND(46), will not be computed, even if the type factors ND(28) through ND(36) are entered as "yes."

Factor ND(40) is used to select or reject the punched card output. Since the primary purpose of the program is to obtain the punched output for use as an optional input to the SWEEP program, it would be expected that the user would always put a "yes" in ND(40). The factor ND(41) provides for a print-out listing of the data contained in the punched card output.

Factors ND(44) and ND(45) provide for the optional printout of FLXSIC and WFLEX matrices.

Factor ND(42) defines the number of stations and EI and GJ values that are used by subroutines FLXSIC and WFLEX to describe wing stiffness distribution. The ND(42) entry should always be 20.

Factor ND(43) defines the number of chordwise loads strips along the exposed wing which are used in the calculation of the aeroelastic loadings. The ND(43) entry should always be 10.

Card columns 7 through 20 and 49 through 54 should be left blank.

#### BC DATA SET USAGE

A complete description of input BC data set is presented in Table 3. All of the variables in the list of inputs are in the form to be read by subroutine DECRD. Expanded explanations for those variables which might be subject to misinterpretation are in the following paragraphs.

The following data locations need be entered only if a variable sweep wing in the forward position is to be analyzed. Applicable case numbers for this configuration are 8, 9, 10, 11, as indicated in Table 2.

BC(2)  
BC(5)  
BC(7)  
BC(9)  
BC(25) through BC(30)  
BC(69) through BC(88)

If a fixed wing or a variable sweep wing in the aft position is to be analyzed, these input data locations may be eliminated or, preferably entered as zeros.

The following input data locations are not used for any input data and may be eliminated or, preferably entered as zeros.

BC(58) through BC(68)  
BC(89) through BC(99)  
BC(126) through BC(136)  
BC(158) through BC(165)

A separate BC data set must be entered for each subsequent-case data block of a multiple-case computer run.

## BF DATA SET USAGE

A complete description of input BF data set is presented in Table 4. All of the variables in the list of inputs are in the form to be read by subroutine DECRD. Expanded explanations for those variables which might be subject to misinterpretation are in the following paragraphs.

BF(2) and BF(25) through BF(46) data locations need be entered only if a variable sweep wing in the forward position is to be analyzed. The applicable case numbers for this configuration are 8, 9, 10, and 11, as indicated in Table 2.

If a fixed wing or a variable sweep wing in the aft position is to be analyzed, these input data locations are eliminated or, preferably entered as zeros.

Data locations BF(5) through BF(14) and/or BF(27) through BF(36) contain the dead weights of the 10 chordwise strips along the exposed wing span, starting with the most inboard strip and ending with the most outboard strip as shown in Figure 2. Data locations BF(15) through BF(24) and/or BF(37) through BF(46) contain the corresponding chordwise (X/C) center-of-gravity values.

Stations along the elastic axis entered in BF(47) through BF(66), and the EI and GJ data entered in BF(67) through BF(86) and BF(87) through BF(106), should contain values for the body side station, a station slightly outboard of the body side, and a station at or near the tip. Inclusion of these stations insures an accurate curve fit operation by subroutine CØDIM2. A maximum of 20 stations can be used.

## SEMI-PERMANENT DATA SETS

DT, DB, DF, and DP data sets contain all of the required aerodynamic data required to develop the lifting surface load distributions. These data are semipermanent (fixed data) and are the same as the data contained in the SWEEP program data bank. These data are described in Section III and in Tables 5 through 8. Data cards are in the format to be read by subroutine DECRD.

## OUTPUT DATA DESCRIPTION

Primary output of the program is a deck of cards containing airplane component limit airloads, centers of pressure locations, and wing and empennage limit airload shears and moments at spanwise stations along the load reference line selected for weight analysis. The punched card output is

a format for direct use as an optional external airloads input to SWEEP. The printout of other data is also included for visual inspection of the results of final and intermediate calculations.

#### PUNCHED CARD OUTPUT

Output punched cards list the limit airload data in an E-format to be read by subroutine DECRD in SWEEP. A sample printout of the data contained on the punched cards is shown in Table 17. Each card contains a DECRD array index number, followed by five decimal data items and the card identification number. The output data array is described in Table 15. The index number punched on each card corresponds to the location within the array for the first item of decimal data on the card. A "yes" in ND control factor ND(40) will provide the punched output data deck.

Condition identification, the component loads identification, and the punched card identification numbers are assigned by the program and are included in the punched output deck for each condition. Component loads identification numbers also appear in the printed output. These identification numbers described and located under "Punched Card Output," in Section III.

#### PRINTED OUTPUT DATA

Refer to Section III for a detail description of the print options and the printed data output, including the data of primary interest, the intermediate-step and diagnostic data, and sample printouts.

## Appendix A

### PROGRAM FLOW CHARTS AND FORTRAN LISTINGS

#### FLOW CHART USAGE

The automatically generated computer program flow charts (AUTOFLOW) presented in this document include a table of contents, flow charts, and FORTRAN listings of all routines in the module. The 80-column card listings are sequenced and grouped by routine.

#### CROSS-REFERENCE LIST

The AUTOFLOW table of contents which precedes the flow charts and FORTRAN lists serves to cross reference the latter two. This table lists the following from left to right:

- The card identification from columns 73 through 80 of this card, or card sequence number. When sequence number is used in place of card identification, it is enclosed in parentheses.
- The page and box number where this card is displayed in a flow chart.
- The FORTRAN statement number from columns 1 through 5 of this card.
- The card identification(s) or sequence number(s) of the card(s) referring to this card (repeated as required).
- The pages and box numbers where the cards referring to this card are displayed in a flow chart (repeated as required).

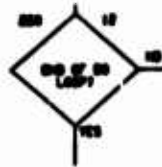
#### FLOW CHARTS

The flow charts produced by AUTOFLOW use USASI conventional symbols. Since the flow charts are mechanically drawn from the program source deck, there are no omissions or vague generalizations about the processing within the boxes.

Every box on each page is uniquely numbered and may be referred to from elsewhere in the program. The source of a reference to a box will be indicated by showing the page and box number. If the number is followed by an asterisk, there are multiple references to this point, and the others may be found by using the cross-reference list.



The most-often-used symbol is the decision box. Like all boxes, its box number is above and to the right of the box. Its FORTRAN statement number is above and to the left of the box. The decision choices for the paths are printed.



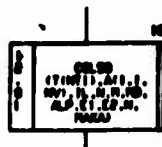
The unconditional transfer connector has its page number destination printed above or to the left of the box number destination within the connector. If there is a FORTRAN statement number at the destination, it is printed below the connector.



The exit box example shows a connector from page 9, box 15.



The subroutine call box includes the calling sequence. The page and box numbers of the flow chart of the called subroutine are shown on the left-hand side of the box. The page number is above the box number.





DATE 10-1-80

[illegible]

$$\begin{aligned} L &= L + 1 \\ LT &= L + NT \\ T(LT) &= T(L) \end{aligned}$$

Diagram illustrating a highway interchange. A diamond-shaped sign above the interchange reads: "WRITE TO ME VIA PERSON FROM THE LIST". A rectangular sign below the interchange reads: "LIST = 100".

07  
 07:00  
 07:00  
 07:00

170

but the label given is the symbol in the next FORTRAN card, which is often blank.



The column connector identifies the page and box number to which it connects.



#### DIRECTORY OF FLOW CHARTS AND FORTRAN LISTINGS

Program or Subroutine	Page Number for:	
	Flow Charts	Listings
Table of Contents and References	173	
BFCNTL	183	248
RERDAT	195	251
DECRD	200	253
USPANF	202	253
ATMOS	219	261
FCODM2	221	262
CODIM2	224	262
WFLEX	228	264
FLXSIC	231	265
GLSQ	235	267
MATRIT	237	267
BNLDSF	239	268
SPABMF	243	270

AUTOFLON CHART SET

87071L

05/04/73



05/04/73			TABLE OF CONTENTS AND REFERENCES		AUTOFLOW CHART SET - BFCNTL						PAGE 2	
CARD 10	PAGE/BOOK	NAME	REFERENCES (SOURCE SEQUENCE NO. AND PAGE/BOOK)									
BFCNT302	0.00 70		BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT300	7.03
BFCNT306	0.00 71		BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT400	7.06				
BFCNT308	0.10 72		BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT410	7.00				
BFCNT304	7.01 73		BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10				
BFCNT305	7.02 74											
BFCNT300	7.03 75	BFCNT304	7.01									
BFCNT402	7.04 76	BFCNT305	7.02	BFCNT300	7.03							
BFCNT400	7.05 77	BFCNT310	0.10	BFCNT310	0.10							
BFCNT410	7.06 78											
BFCNT414	7.07 79	BFCNT410	7.06									
BFCNT420	7.00 80	BFCNT370	0.06	BFCNT300	0.07	BFCNT304	0.00	BFCNT300	0.00	BFCNT302	0.10	
BFCNT424	7.00 81	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT420	7.10 82	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT432	7.11 83	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT430	7.12 84	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT440	7.13 85	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT444	0.01 86	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT440	0.02 87	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT452	0.03 88	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT450	0.04 89	BFCNT420	7.00									
BFCNT460	0.05 90	BFCNT400	7.04	BFCNT410	7.07	BFCNT420	7.00	BFCNT430	7.10	BFCNT434	7.11	
		BFCNT420	7.12	BFCNT442	7.13	BFCNT440	0.01	BFCNT450	0.02	BFCNT454	0.03	
BFCNT406	0.07 91											
BFCNT400	0.08 92	BFCNT400	0.10									
BFCNT470	0.00 93	BFCNT404	0.06									
BFCNT470	0.10 94											
BFCNT482	0.11 95	BFCNT470	0.09									
BFCNT490	0.12 96	BFCNT474	0.00									
BFCNT494	0.14 97											
BFCNT495	0.15 9											
BFCNT490	0.17 98	BFCNT493	0.13	BFCNT496	0.16	BFCNT496	0.16					
BFCNT502	0.18 99	BFCNT494	0.14	BFCNT496	0.16	BFCNT496	0.16					
BFCNT500	0.19 100	BFCNT493	0.13	BFCNT494	0.14	BFCNT496	0.16	BFCNT496	0.16	BFCNT496	0.16	
		BFCNT496	0.16	BFCNT500	0.17							
BFCNT510	0.20 101	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	
BFCNT512	0.21 102											
BFCNT516	0.01 103	BFCNT510	0.20									
BFCNT520	0.02 105	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	
BFCNT526	0.03 107	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	
		BFCNT500	0.19									
BFCNT532	0.04 109	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT500	0.19					
BFCNT534	0.05 110											
BFCNT530	0.06 111	BFCNT532	0.04									
BFCNT540	0.07 112	BFCNT350	0.04	BFCNT370	0.05	BFCNT420	7.00	BFCNT420	7.00	BFCNT500	0.19	
		BFCNT500	0.19	BFCNT514	0.21	BFCNT510	0.01	BFCNT522	0.02	BFCNT520	0.03	
		BFCNT530	0.05									
BFCNT560	0.09 120	BFCNT504	0.00									
BFCNT570	10.01 117	BFCNT504	0.00									
BFCNT572	10.02 120	BFCNT500	0.00									
BFCNT582	10.06	BFCNT504	10.00									
BFCNT584	10.07 90											
BFCNT500	10.10 110	BFCNT500	0.00	BFCNT570	10.04							
BFCNT504	10.13 119	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	
		BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	
		BFCNT500	10.11									
BFCNT600	10.14 121	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11							
BFCNT604	10.15 122	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11							
BFCNT600	10.16 123	BFCNT500	10.11									
BFCNT612	10.17 124	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11					
BFCNT610	11.01 125	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11	BFCNT500	10.11					
BFCNT610	11.02 126	BFCNT500	10.13	BFCNT602	10.14	BFCNT600	10.15	BFCNT610	10.16	BFCNT614	10.17	
BFCNT630	11.05 40											
BFCNT645	11.07	BFCNT600	11.11									
BFCNT600	11.10 91											
BFCNT605	11.12 96	BFCNT625	11.04									
BFCNT670	11.13 52											
BFCNT605	11.16	BFCNT700	11.20									
BFCNT700	11.19 95											
BFCNT710	11.22 127	BFCNT310	0.06	BFCNT605	11.12							

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE READAT

READA005 13.01 READAT BFCNT045 2.10-K USPP1200 26.21-K

REDA030	13.02	1
REDA040	13.11	2
REDA040	13.11	
REDA050	13.12	26
REDA060	13.13	27
REDA070	13.16	3
REDA070	13.16	
REDA080	13.19	
REDA080	13.20	4
REDA090	13.24	5
REDA090	13.24	
REDA095	14.02	6
REDA095	14.02	
REDA110	14.06	7
REDA110	14.06	
REDA120	14.09	8
REDA120	14.09	
REDA130	14.12	9
REDA130	14.13	10
REDA130	14.13	
REDA140	14.15	11
REDA150	14.16	12
REDA150	14.16	
REDA160	14.20	13
REDA160	14.20	
REDA170	14.23	14
REDA170	14.23	
REDA200	14.27	15
REDA210	15.01	16
REDA210	15.01	
REDA214	15.04	
REDA216	15.05	17
REDA235	15.09	18
REDA235	15.09	
REDA270	15.14	19
REDA270	15.14	
REDA270	15.17	
REDA280	15.18	20
REDA290	15.21	21
REDA295	15.22	22
REDA295	15.22	
REDA305	15.24	23
REDA330	15.28	24
REDA340	15.29	25
REDA340	15.29	
REDA370	16.01	26
REDA380	16.02	29
REDA420	16.05	
REDA425	16.06	30
REDA440	16.10	31
REDA440	16.10	
REDA450	16.13	
REDA455	16.14	32

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE DECRO(V)

(000374)	16.01	5	(000382)	16.12	(000383)	16.15
(000374)	16.01	DECRO	BFCNT050	2.11-X	BFCNT055	2.12-X
			REDA032	13.03-X	UTCNT060	2.13-X
(000377)	16.04	21			BFCNT065	3.01-X
(000379)	16.05	22	(000376)	16.03	REDA030	13.02-X
(000385)	16.06	7	(000378)	16.05		
(000388)	16.07		(000391)	16.11		
(000388)	16.09	11				
(000389)	16.10	3	(000387)	16.08		
(000391)	16.11	2	(000388)	16.09		
(000393)	16.13	6				
(000391)	16.14	8	(000379)	16.05		

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPAHF

USPF0000	20.01	USPAHF	B/CNTL75	10.03-X				
USPF0005	20.02	1						
USPF0005	20.02		USPF0005	20.03				
USPF0070	20.05	2						
USPF0075	20.07	3						
USPF0105	20.08	6	USPF0005	20.05				
USPF0110	20.09	7						
USPF0005	20.10	4	USPF0070	20.05				
USPF0005	20.11	5	USPF0000	20.07				
USPF0120	20.12	8	USPF0105	20.04				
USPF0125	20.13	9	USPF0115	20.09	USPF0100	20.11	USPF0005	20.10
USPF0135	20.14	10	USPF0125	20.13			USPF2375	32.31
USPF0100	21.01	11	USPF0150	20.15			USPF2305	33.00
USPF0105	21.02	12						
USPF0105	21.02		USPF0105	21.03				
USPF0105	21.05	13						
USPF0105	21.05		USPF0105	21.07				
USPF0200	21.08	14	USPF0150	20.15				
USPF0205	21.09	15						
USPF0205	21.09		USPF0205	21.10				
USPF0225	21.13	16						
USPF0225	21.13		USPF0205	21.14				
USPF0230	21.15	17	USPF0150	21.07				
USPF0250	21.16	18	USPF0125	20.13				
USPF0275	21.18	19	USPF0205	21.17				
USPF0300	21.20	20						
USPF0300	21.20		USPF0300	21.21				
USPF0325	21.24	21						
USPF0325	21.24		USPF0325	21.25				
USPF0345	22.01	22	USPF0205	21.17				
USPF0370	22.03	23						
USPF0370	22.03		USPF0370	22.04				
USPF0305	22.07	24						
USPF0305	22.07		USPF0305	22.08				
USPF0410	22.10	25	USPF0250	21.15	USPF0375	21.26		
USPF0420	22.11	26	USPF0410	22.10				
USPF0450	22.14		USPF0450	22.16				
USPF0450	22.15	27						
USPF0500	22.22	30	USPF0400	22.21				
USPF0520	22.24	32	USPF0400	22.21				
USPF0540	22.26	34	USPF0400	22.21				
USPF0560	22.28	36	USPF0535	22.25				
USPF0570	22.29	37	USPF0515	22.23				
USPF0580	22.31		USPF0590	22.33				
USPF0590	22.32	38						
USPF0600	23.01	44	USPF0605	23.12				
USPF0605	23.02	39	USPF0410	22.10				
USPF0630	23.05		USPF0640	23.07				
USPF0640	23.06	40						
USPF0650	23.13	45	USPF0605	23.12				
USPF0605	23.14	46	USPF0595	22.33	USPF0605	23.01	USPF0675	23.21
USPF0720	23.17	48	USPF0745	23.20				
USPF0670	23.21	43						
USPF0755	24.01	50	USPF0745	23.20				
USPF0760	24.02		USPF0765	24.04				
USPF0765	24.03	51						
USPF0760	24.07	52						
USPF0760	24.09	53						
USPF0760	24.09		USPF0760	24.10				
USPF0805	24.12	54	USPF0775	24.06				
USPF0825	24.13	55	USPF0800	24.11				
USPF0855	24.18	58	USPF0845	24.17				
USPF0880	24.20	59						
USPF0880	24.20		USPF0880	24.21				
USPF0900	24.24	60						
USPF0900	24.24		USPF0900	24.25				
USPF0920	24.26		USPF0925	24.30				
USPF0925	24.29	61						
USPF0950	24.33	62						

## 05/04/73 TABLE OF CONTENTS AND REFERENCES

## AUTOFLOW CHART SET - 05CHTL

PAGE 5

CARD NO	PAGE/BOX	NAME	REFERENCES (SOURCE SEQUENCE NO. AND PAGE/BOX)
USPF0050	24.33		USPF0050 24.34
USPF0055	25.01 03		USPF0055 24.35
USPF0070	25.02 04		USPF0070 24.36
USPF0087	25.04		USPF0085 25.06
USPF0095	25.05 05		
USPF1025	25.10		USPF1025 25.16
USPF1095	25.14 08		
USPF1000	25.19		USPF1005 25.21
USPF1005	25.20 70		
USPF1095	25.23 71		
USPF1095	25.23		USPF1095 25.24
USPF1113	25.27		USPF1120 25.29
USPF1120	25.28 72		
USPF1135	25.31 73		
USPF1145	26.01 74		USPF1130 25.32
USPF1146	26.02 75		USPF1140 25.31
USPF1148	26.04		USPF1140 26.06
USPF1149	26.05 100		
USPF1195	26.08		USPF1170 26.10
USPF1170	26.09 76		
USPF1190	26.14 100		
USPF1182	26.15 110		USPF1180 26.13
USPF1194	26.16		USPF1196 26.17
USPF1196	26.17 112		
USPF1202	26.19 102		USPF1190 26.14 USPF1194 26.16
USPF1204	26.20 103		USPF1200 26.18
USPF1235	26.25		USPF1250 26.28
USPF1250	26.27 77		
USPF1205	26.31 78		USPF1060 26.09
USPF1290	26.32 79		USPF1205 26.31
USPF1303	26.34		USPF1305 26.36
USPF1305	26.35 80		
USPF1315	27.01 81		USPF1205 26.31
USPF1327	27.03		USPF1330 27.05
USPF1330	27.04 82		
USPF1340	27.06 83		USPF1205 26.31
USPF1343	27.07		USPF1345 27.09
USPF1345	27.08 84		
USPF1395	27.10 85		USPF1205 26.31
USPF1357	27.11		USPF1360 27.13
USPF1360	27.12 86		
USPF1365	27.14 87		USPF1350 27.09
USPF1380	27.15 88		USPF1310 26.36 USPF1330 27.05
USPF1397	27.16		USPF1420 27.21
USPF1420	27.20 89		
USPF1495	27.25		USPF1405 27.28
USPF1460	27.26 90		
USPF1475	27.27 91		USPF1435 27.25
USPF1485	27.28 92		USPF1470 27.26
USPF1505	27.31 94		USPF1500 27.30
USPF1520	28.01 96		USPF1500 27.30
USPF1535	28.02 98		USPF1500 27.30
USPF1550	28.03 100		USPF1500 27.30
USPF1560	28.04 102		USPF1515 27.31 USPF1530 28.01 USPF1545 28.02
USPF1600	28.10 105		USPF1505 28.09
USPF1625	28.11 107		USPF1505 28.09
USPF1650	28.12 109		USPF1505 28.09
USPF1670	28.13 111		USPF1505 28.09
USPF1685	28.14 113		USPF1620 28.10 USPF1645 28.11 USPF1665 28.12
USPF1695	28.16 114		
USPF1695	28.16		USPF1695 28.17
USPF1730	28.21		USPF1750 28.24
USPF1750	28.23 115		
USPF1760	28.26 116		
USPF1770	28.01 117		USPF1795 28.25
USPF1790	28.02 118		USPF1795 28.26
USPF1805	28.10 119		
USPF1875	29.11 120		USPF0045 24.17
USPF1880	29.12		USPF1920 30.04
USPF1890	29.13 121		USPF1890 29.12
USPF1905	30.01 122		USPF1890 29.12
USPF1910	30.02 123		USPF1905 29.13



CARD NO	PAGE/BOX	NAME	REFERENCES	SOURCE SEQUENCE NO.	PAGE/BOX
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USPF1000	30.03	124			
USPF1040	30.07	126			
USPF1060	30.08	127	USPF1035	30.06	
USPF1095	30.09	128	USPF1045	30.07	
USPF1075	30.13	129			
USPF1070	30.13		USPF1075	30.14	
USPF1080	31.01	130	USPF1080	30.15	
USPF1085	31.02	131			
USPF2005	31.03	132	USPF1080	31.01	
USPF2015	31.04	133	USPF1080	30.15	USPF2000 31.02
USPF2050	31.08	134			
USPF2060	31.09	135	USPF2045	31.07	
USPF2070	31.10	136	USPF2055	31.08	
USPF2080	31.12		USPF2120	32.02	
USPF2095	31.14	137	USPF2005	31.13	
USPF2110	32.01	138	USPF2005	31.13	
USPF2120	32.02	139	USPF2100	31.14	
USPF2135	32.07		USPF2215	32.14	
USPF2160	32.08	142			
USPF2170	32.09	143	USPF2155	32.07	
USPF2180	32.10	144	USPF2105	32.08	
USPF2215	32.13	145			
USPF2235	32.16	146			
USPF2250	32.17	147	USPF2230	32.15	
USPF2265	32.18	148	USPF2245	32.16	
USPF2315	32.23	149			
USPF2335	32.26	150	USPF2310	32.22	
USPF2355	32.28	151	USPF2330	32.25	
USPF2360	32.29	152			
USPF2385	32.30	153	USPF2330	32.25	USPF2355 32.28
USPF2370	32.31	154			
USPF2545	33.01	169	USPF2400	33.12	USPF2535 34.14
USPF2555	33.04		USPF2560	33.07	
USPF2560	33.05	170			
USPF2380	33.09	155	USPF2385	32.30	
USPF2390	33.10	156	USPF2350	32.27	USPF2380 32.29
USPF2395	33.11	157			
USPF2400	33.12	158	USPF2535	34.14	
USPF2405	33.13	159	USPF2505	33.08	
USPF2415	33.14	160	USPF1085	29.10	USPF2380 33.10 USPF2395 33.11
USPF2420	33.15		USPF2525	34.12	
USPF2425	33.16	161	USPF2420	33.15	
USPF2445	33.18	162	USPF2420	33.15	
USPF2485	33.22	163	USPF2420	33.15	
USPF2405	34.01	164	USPF2420	33.15	
USPF2500	34.04	165	USPF2440	33.18	USPF2460 33.21 USPF2400 33.24
USPF2515	34.08		USPF2520	34.11	
USPF2520	34.09	166			
USPF2525	34.12	167			
USPF2535	34.14	168			
USPF2575	34.15	171	USPF2505	33.08	USPF2405 33.12
USPF2585	34.18		USPF2580	34.21	
USPF2590	34.19	172			
USPF2740	34.22	181	USPF2405	33.13	USPF2530 34.13

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE ATHDS(M,RCH,PH,AM)

ATHDS0020	37.01	ATHDS	USPF1100	26.11-X	
00000130	37.04	38			
00000170	37.05	40	00000120	37.03	
00000180	37.06	45			
00000210	37.07	50	00000170	37.05	
00000220	37.08	55			
00000260	37.09	60	00000210	37.07	
00000270	37.10	65			
00000300	38.01	70	00000260	37.09	
00000310	38.02	75			
00000350	38.03	80	00000300	38.01	
00000380	38.04	100	00000160	37.04	00000250 37.08 00000340 38.02
00000450	38.06	110	00000200	37.06	00000290 37.10 00000370 38.03

(0001010) 30.00 120 00000000 30.00

CHART TITLE - FUNCTION FCODE(X,Y,Z1,Z2,Z3,Z4)

FC000005	30.02	100			
FC000100	30.03	110			
FC000115	30.04	120	FC000005	30.02	
FC000125	30.05	125	FC000135	30.07	
FC000130	30.06	130			
FC000140	30.08	150	FC000125	30.05	
FC000145	30.09	155			
FC000155	30.10	160	FC000140	30.08	
FC000160	30.11	165	FC000135	30.07	
FC000170	40.01	170	FC000155	30.10	
FC000175	40.02	200	FC000110	30.03	FC000150 30.09 FC000105 30.11
FC000180	40.03		FC000195	40.05	
FC000185	40.04	300			

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - FUNCTION CODE(X,Y,Z1,Z2,Z3)

C0010045	42.01	110	C0010030	42.04	C0010115	42.14
C0010050	42.02	140	C0010110	42.13		
C0010075	42.05	105	C0010085	42.06		
C0010065	42.06	150	C0010030	42.04		
C0010070	42.07	185				
C0010075	42.08		C0010080	42.09		
C0010080	42.09	170				
C0010090	42.10	175	C0010065	42.06		
C0010095	42.11		C0010100	42.12		
C0010100	42.12	180				
C0010105	42.13	185	C0010085	42.09	C0010145	43.02
C0010115	42.14	190	C0010075	42.08	C0010095	42.11
C0010120	42.15	210				
C0010135	43.01	220	C0010075	42.08	C0010095	42.11
C0010145	43.02	260	C0010115	42.14		
C0010150	43.03	285				
C0010165	43.04	290	C0010145	43.02		
C0010170	43.05	295	C0010130	42.15	C0010180	43.03
C0010175	43.06	290				
C0010180	43.07	295	C0010170	43.05		
C0010255	43.12	305				
C0010265	43.13	310	C0010250	43.11		
C0010300	43.15	315	C0010260	43.12		
C0010305	43.16	320	C0010300	43.15		
C0010330	44.01	330	C0010300	43.15		
C0010350	44.03	350	C0010300	43.15	C0010325	43.16
C0010365	44.05	400				
C0010375	44.06	410	C0010360	44.04		
C0010385	44.07	500	C0010060	42.02	C0010040	42.05
					C0010140	43.01
					C0010370	44.05

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE MFLX(MFLX,MFLP,MFLF,MFLD,F,YE1GJ,E1GJ,CR,B02,BL05,A

MFLX010	46.01	MFLX	USPF1210	26.22-X	
MFLX102	46.05	40	MFLX130	46.03	
MFLX220	46.07		MFLX260	46.14	
MFLX230	46.08		MFLX280	46.13	
MFLX250	46.09	85			
MFLX252	46.10	160	MFLX050	46.01	
MFLX340	46.17		MFLX390	46.22	
MFLX350	46.18		MFLX380	46.20	
MFLX380	46.19	70			
MFLX390	46.21	80			
MFLX400	46.24	90			
MFLX402	46.25		MFLX405	47.04	
MFLX404	46.26		MFLX406	46.29	
MFLX408	46.27	92			
MFLX406	46.27		MFLX406	46.28	
MFLX420	46.31		MFLX430	46.34	

CARD 10	PAGE/BOX	NAME	REFERENCES (SOURCE SEQUENCE NO. AND PAGE/BOX)
WFLXN30	46.32	95	
WFLXN30	46.32		WFLXN30 46.33
WFLXN95	47.01	100	
WFLXN95	47.01		WFLXN95 47.02
WFLXN95	47.04	110	
WFLXN30	47.12	112	WFLXN70 47.06
WFLXN40	47.13		WFLXN21 47.23
WFLXN90	47.14	114	
WFLXN90	47.14		WFLXN90 47.15
WFLXN70	47.17		WFLXN10 47.20
WFLXN10	47.18	115	
WFLXN21	47.22	117	

## CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

## CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE FLXSIC(SICBAR,VEIGJ,EI,GJ,CR,B00,BL05,ANGLE,FBLERT,AND

FSIC0040	48.01	FLXSIC	WFLXN50 48.04-X
FSIC0170	48.07	30	FSIC0125 48.01
FSIC0210	48.09		FSIC0250 48.13
FSIC0250	48.12	48	
FSIC0280	48.16		FSIC0305 48.19
FSIC0305	48.19	50	
FSIC0305	48.19		FSIC0302 48.17
FSIC0430	48.22	95	FSIC0307 48.20
FSIC0530	50.02	60	FSIC0425 48.21
FSIC0540	50.03		FSIC0720 50.21
FSIC0580	50.06		FSIC0600 50.08
FSIC0600	50.07	70	
FSIC0620	50.10		FSIC0720 50.20
FSIC0661	50.13		FSIC0680 50.18
FSIC0667	50.15	72	
FSIC0670	50.16	74	FSIC0687 50.14
FSIC0690	50.17	75	
FSIC0720	50.20	80	
FSIC0750	50.27	82	FSIC0755 50.23
FSIC0850	50.28		FSIC0870 50.31
FSIC0870	50.29	85	
FSIC0870	50.29		FSIC0870 50.30
FSIC0900	51.01		FSIC0950 51.03
FSIC0950	51.02	90	
FSIC1000	51.05		FSIC1030 51.11
FSIC1010	51.06		FSIC1030 51.10
FSIC1030	51.08	100	
FSIC1030	51.08		FSIC1030 51.09
FSIC1100	51.15	150	FSIC1085 51.12

## CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

## CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE OL50(A,X,IL,N,M,ALPHA,E1,E2)

OL500020	93.01	OL50	WFLXN60 47.03-X
OL500035	93.03	60	
OL500035	93.03		OL500035 93.04
OL500050	93.07		OL500125 93.19
OL500060	93.09		OL500105 93.16
OL500065	93.10	6	
OL500085	93.12		OL500095 93.14
OL500095	93.13	5	
OL500105	93.16	4	OL500060 93.09
OL500115	93.18	8	
OL500125	93.19	3	OL500110 93.17
OL500145	93.22	35	
OL500145	93.22		OL500145 93.23
OL500195	93.25		OL500190 93.32
OL500160	93.26	31	
OL500180	93.28	32	
OL500180	93.28		OL500180 93.29
OL500180	93.31	30	OL500195 93.25
OL500200	93.34	51	
OL500210	93.35	50	OL500195 93.33
OL500220	93.36	52	OL500205 93.34

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE MATRIT:APN,MR,NC,NRMAX,MYME,IPRIN,HEAD:

MRIT0030	95.01	MATRIT	MFLEN475 47.00-X	MFLEN470 47.00-X	MFLEN480 47.11-X	MFLEN020 47.24-X	MFLEN020 47.25-X
			MFLEN030 47.26-X	MFLEN035 47.27-X	MFLEN070 47.28-X	FSIC0135 48.04-X	FSIC0137 48.05-X
			FSIC0130 48.06-X	FSIC0430 48.02-X	FSIC0450 48.23-X	FSIC0460 48.24-X	FSIC0480 48.25-X
			FSIC0700 50.24-X	FSIC0700 50.25-X	FSIC0800 50.26-X	FSIC1070 51.13-X	FSIC1080 51.14-X
MRIT0230	95.03	50	MRIT0150	95.02			
MRIT0250	95.05	70					
MRIT0250	95.05		MRIT0250	95.07			
MRIT0270	95.08	80	MRIT0210	95.13			
MRIT0170	95.09	10	MRIT0150	95.02			
MRIT0100	95.10		MRIT0200	95.13			
MRIT0200	95.11	30					

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE BNLOSF

BNLOF002	57.01	BNLOSF	BFCNT010	11.02-X			
BNLOF035	57.03	1					
BNLOF055	57.05	2					
BNLOF055	57.05		BNLOF055	57.06			
BNLOF085	57.07	3	BNLOF030	57.02			
BNLOF085	57.09	4					
BNLOF085	57.09		BNLOF085	57.10			
BNLOF095	57.11	5	BNLOF060	57.08			
BNLOF170	57.17	6					
BNLOF105	57.18	7	BNLOF105	57.18			
BNLOF200	57.19	8	BNLOF100	57.17			
BNLOF340	58.08	9	BNLOF330	58.07	BNLOF330	58.07	
BNLOF350	58.10	10					
BNLOF360	58.11	11	BNLOF345	58.09			
BNLOF370	58.12	12	BNLOF355	58.10			
BNLOF400	58.15	13					
BNLOF405	58.16	14					
BNLOF405	58.16		BNLOF405	58.17			
BNLOF407	58.18	15	BNLOF395	58.14			
BNLOF480	59.01	16	BNLOF330	58.07			
BNLOF500	59.03	17	BNLOF480	59.02			
BNLOF505	59.04	18	BNLOF490	59.02			
BNLOF530	59.06	19	BNLOF330	58.07			
BNLOF545	59.07	20	BNLOF330	58.07			
BNLOF565	59.09	21	BNLOF330	58.07	BNLOF520	59.05	BNLOF535 59.06
BNLOF570	59.10	22	BNLOF470	58.23			
BNLOF575	59.11	23					
BNLOF580	59.12	24	BNLOF570	59.10			
BNLOF600	59.20	25	BNLOF575	59.11			

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE SPABSF

SPABF002	61.01	SPABSF	BFCNT020	11.03-X			
SPABF010	61.02	32					
SPABF010	61.02		SPABF010	61.03			
SPABF025	61.05	1					
SPABF033	61.06	2	SPABF020	61.04	SPABF025	61.05	
SPABF050	61.08	3					
SPABF230	61.09	10	SPABF025	61.05	SPABF575	63.15	
SPABF235	61.10	11					
SPABF065	61.11	4	SPABF045	61.07			
SPABF075	61.12	5	SPABF060	61.08			
SPABF095	61.14		SPABF105	61.16			
SPABF105	61.15	6					
SPABF315	61.18	14	SPABF235	61.10	SPABF575	63.15	
SPABF320	61.19	15					
SPABF327	61.20	16	SPABF315	61.18	SPABF320	61.19	
SPABF145	62.01	7	SPABF575	63.15			
SPABF175	62.02	8	SPABF575	63.15			
SPABF205	62.03	9	SPABF575	63.15			

CARD NO	PAGE/BOX	NAME	REFERENCES (SOURCE SEQUENCE NO. AND PAGE/BOX)
SPAF245	02.04 12		SPAF230 01.00 SPAF235 01.10
SPAF250	02.07		SPAF250 02.00
SPAF255	02.08 13		
SPAF265	02.11 17		SPAF335 01.01
SPAF266	02.12 18		SPAF335 01.01
SPAF268	02.13 19		SPAF335 01.01
SPAF269	02.14 20		SPAF335 02.11
SPAF270	02.15 21		SPAF370 02.10
SPAF271	02.17		SPAF400 02.10
SPAF280	02.18 22		
SPAF285	02.22 23		SPAF440 02.01
SPAF290	03.01 24		SPAF450 02.02
SPAF295	03.02 25		SPAF440 02.01
SPAF296	03.04		SPAF515 03.07
SPAF298	03.05 26		SPAF495 03.04
SPAF299	03.06 27		SPAF495 03.04 SPAF495 03.00
SPAF315	03.07 28		SPAF495 03.05
SPAF325	03.08 29		SPAF135 01.17 SPAF440 02.01 SPAF195 02.01 SPAF195 02.02 SPAF495 03.04 SPAF205 02.03 SPAF310 02.10
SPAF330	03.11		SPAF370 03.14
SPAF370	03.13 30		
SPAF380	03.16 31		SPAF330 01.10 SPAF370 03.15 SPAF370 03.15 SPAF370 03.15
SPAF385	03.17 32		
SPAF390	03.18 34		SPAF380 03.10
SPAF395	03.24 35		SPAF380 03.17
SPAF510	04.01 36		
SPAF515	04.02 37		SPAF505 03.24
SPAF520	04.03 38		SPAF510 04.01
SPAF525	04.09 39		
SPAF540	04.10 40		SPAF530 04.00
SPAF595	04.16 41		SPAF535 04.00

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

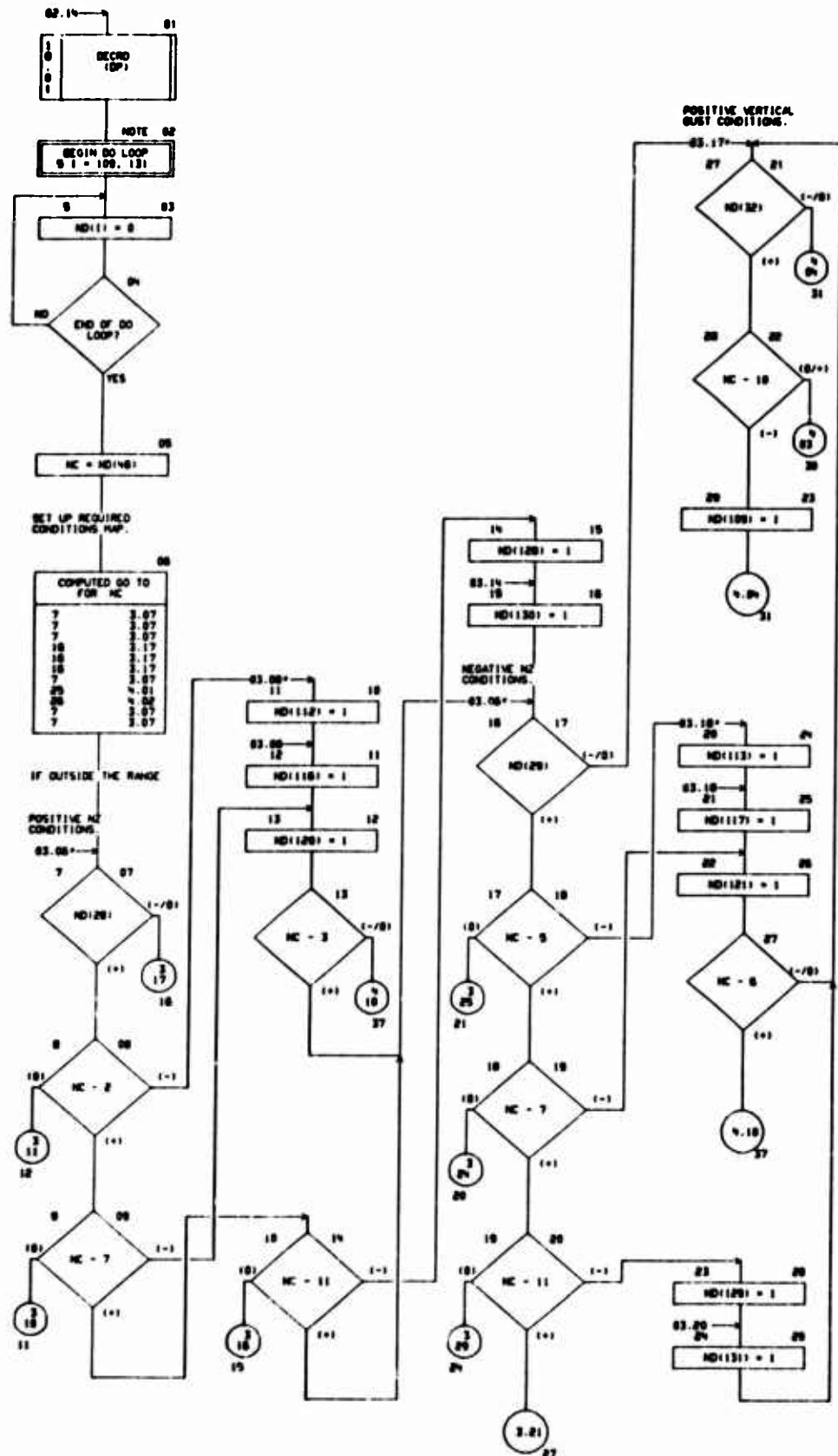
CHART TITLE - INTRODUCTORY COMMENTS

BFCNTL IS THE STAND ALONE FLEXIBLE LOADS CONTROL PROGRAM.  
DETERMINES BASIC AIRLOAD CONDITIONS TO BE COMPUTED FOR A SPECIFIED  
SPEED-ALTITUDE CASE.  
IT PROVIDES LOGIC AND CONTROL FOR THE AIRLOAD SUBROUTINES.

## CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES

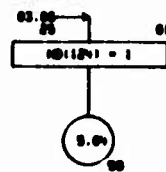
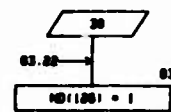
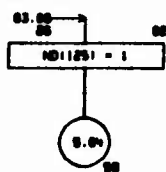


## CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES





## CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES

RETRACTING FLAP DOWN  
CONDITION.FLAP DOWN TO TRIM  
CONDITION.NEGATIVE VERTICAL  
GUST CONDITIONS.

03.01

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LATERAL GUST  
CONDITIONS.

04.04

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PITCHING ACCELERATION  
CONDITIONS.

03.13

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## CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES

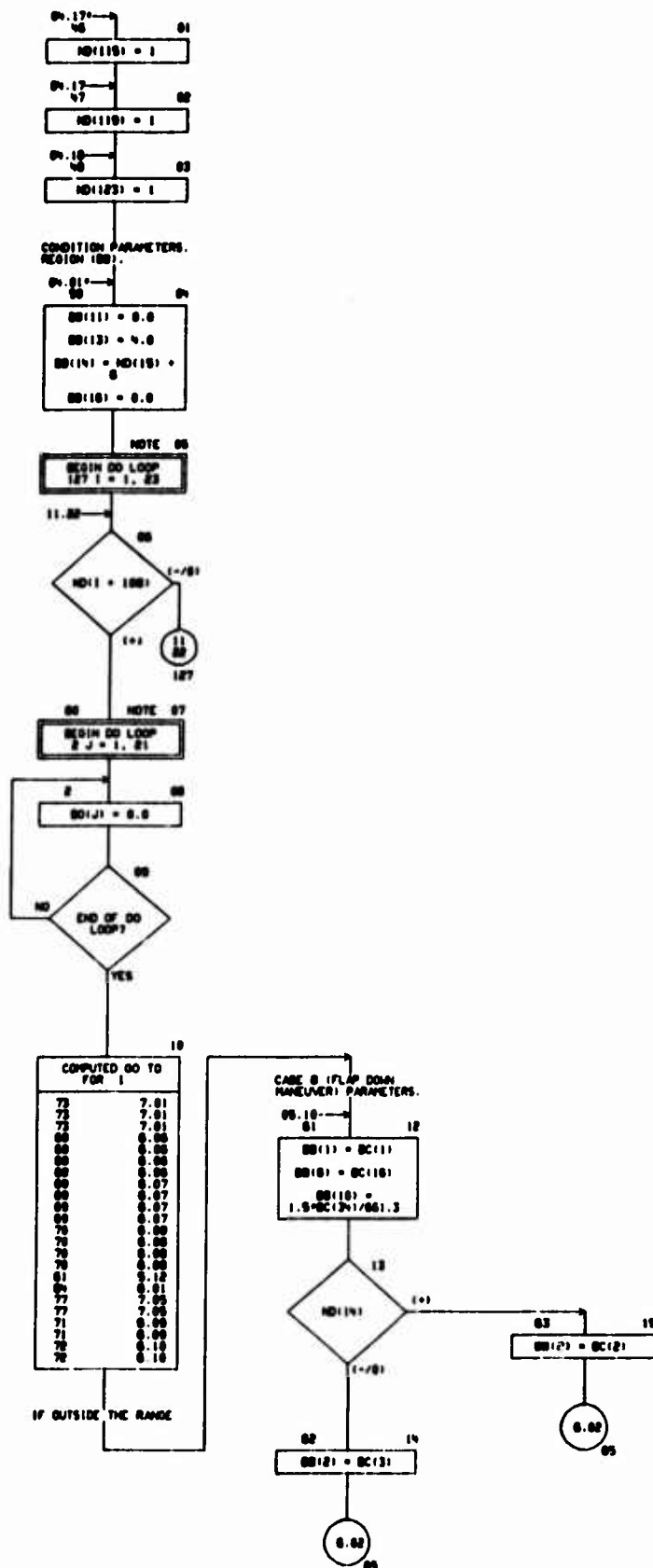
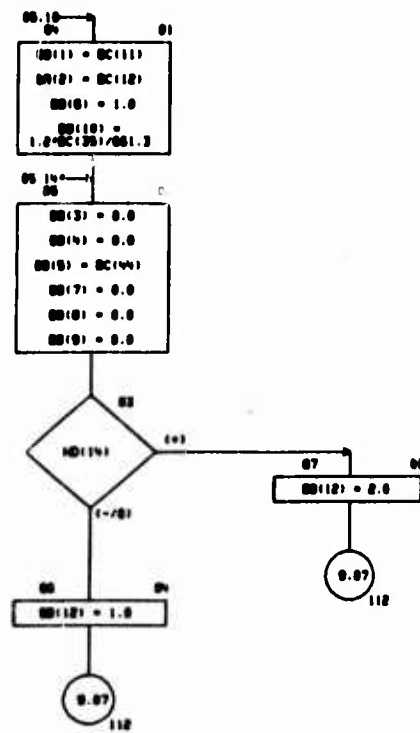
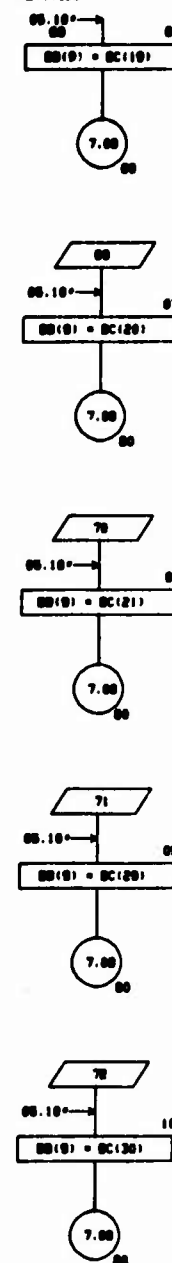


CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES

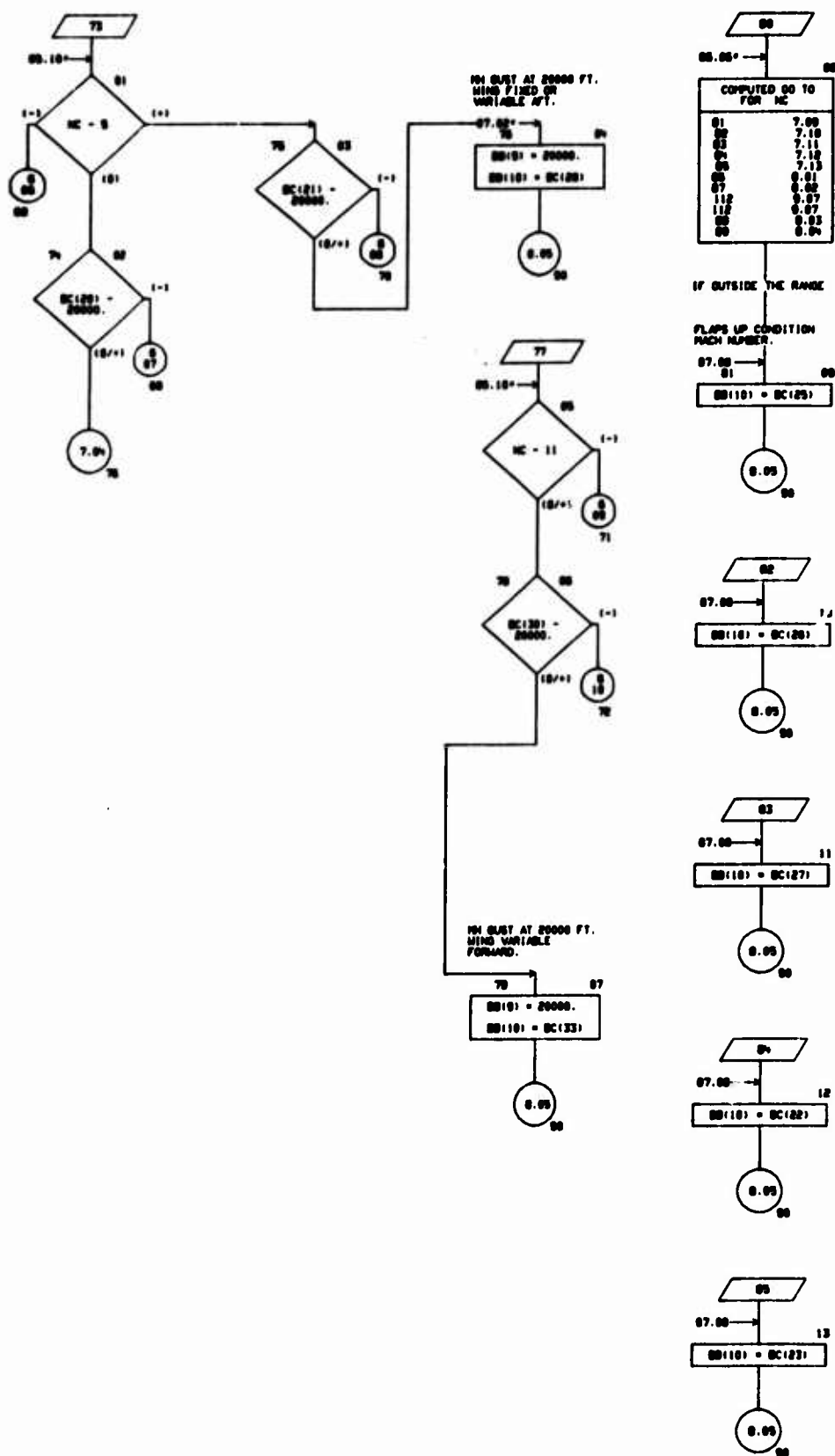
CASE 9 (FLAPS DOWN  
1.00 TRIM)  
PARAMETERS.



FLAPS UP CONDITION  
ALTITUDE.



## CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES



**CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES**

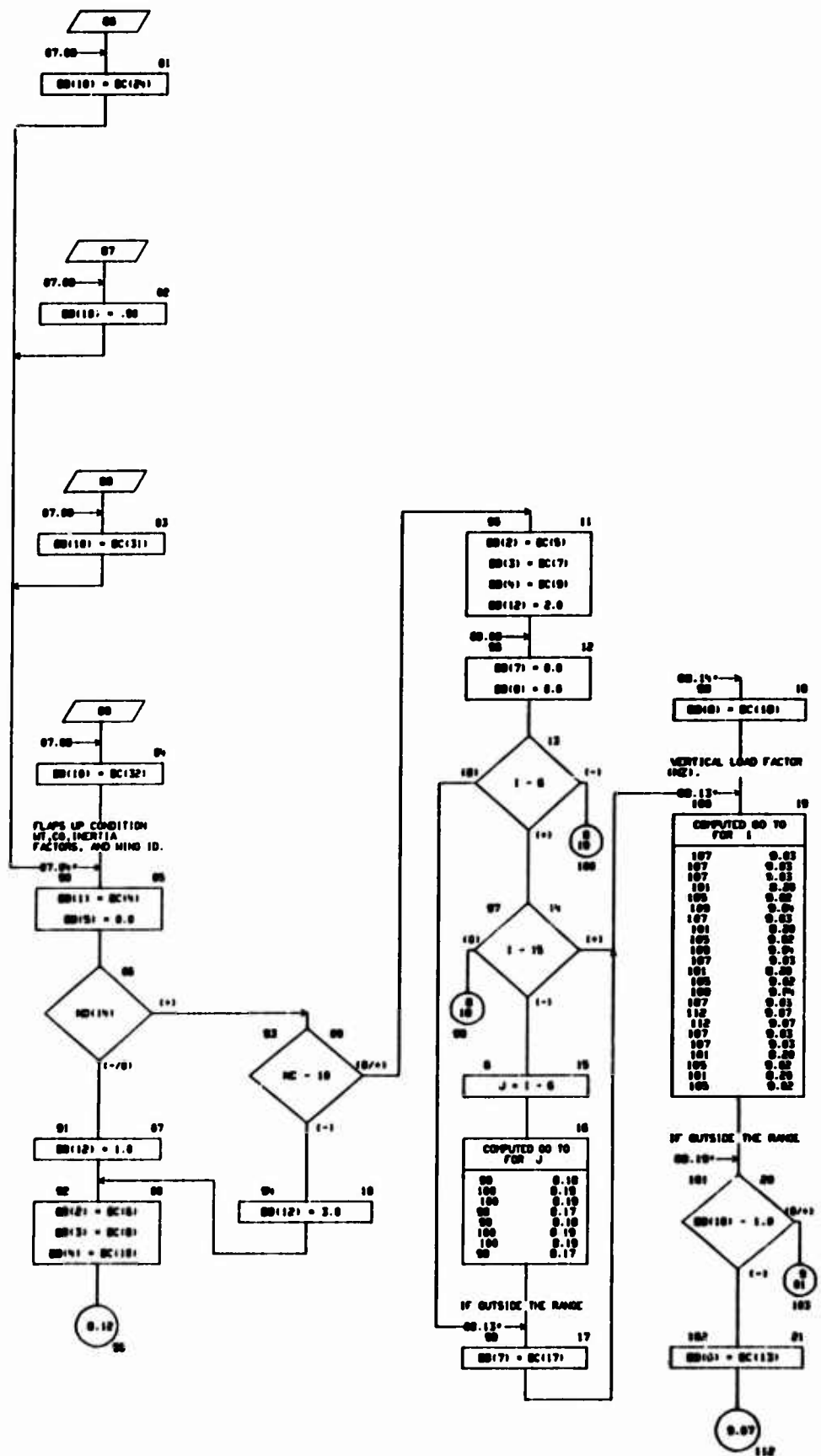
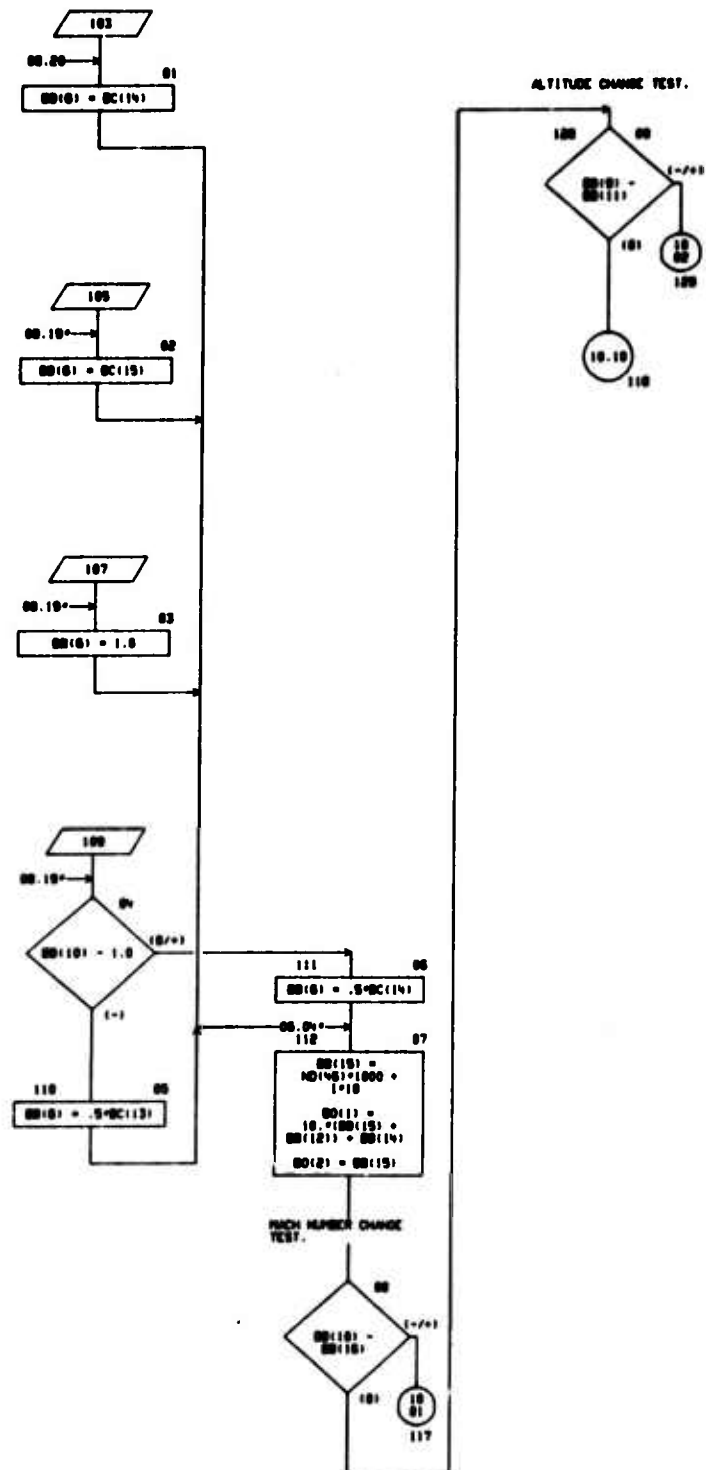
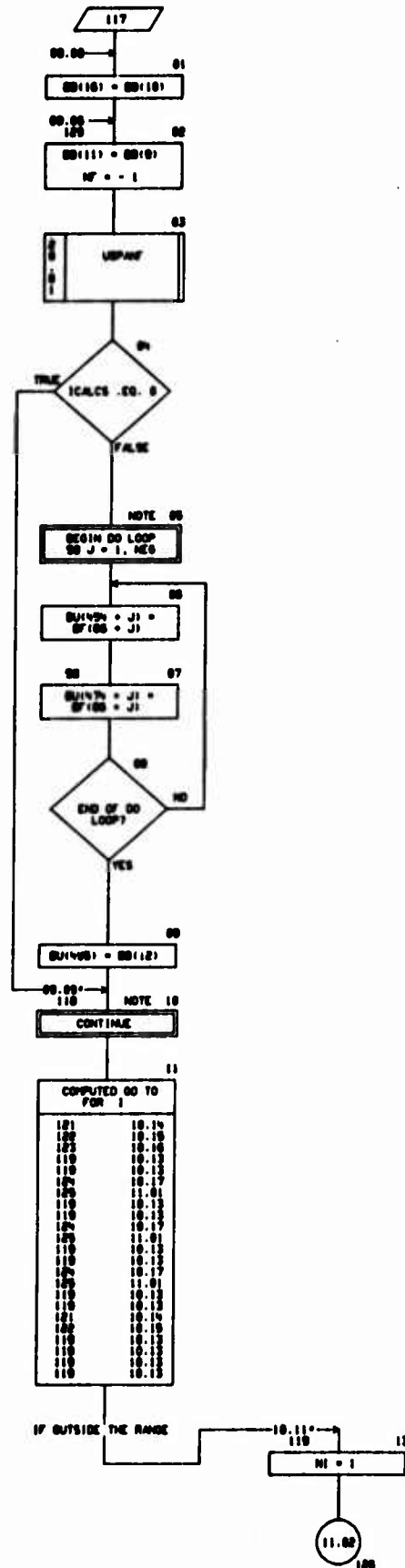


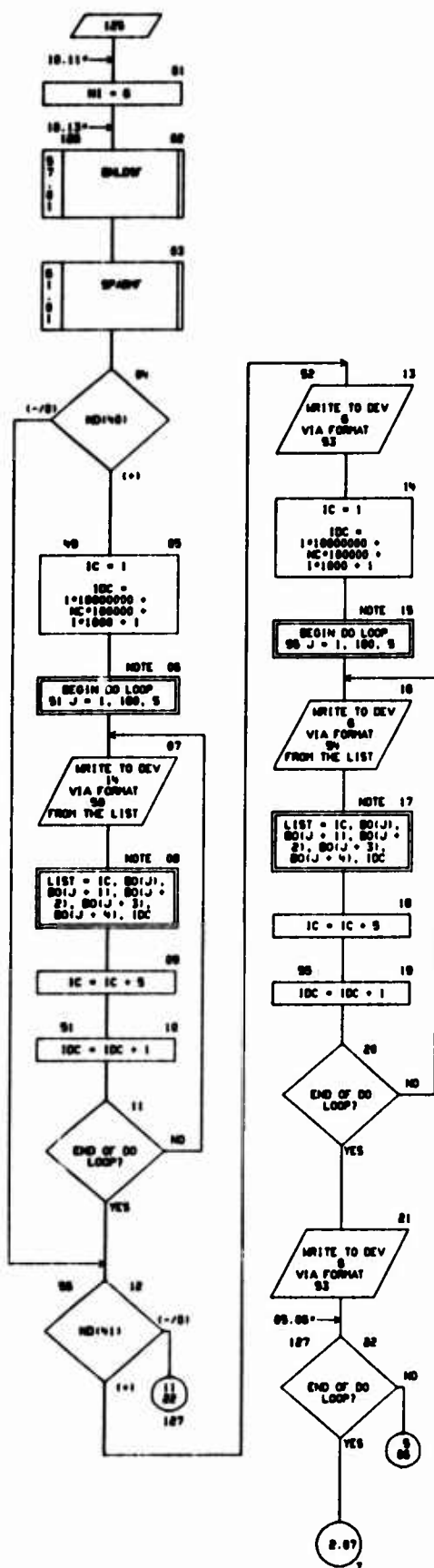
CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES



## CHART 117 - PROCEDURES



## CHART TITLE - PROCEDURES





## CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```

COMMON TCDH4001
DIMENSION ND(200),SD(200),EC(100),ED(200),DT(50),LD(50),BT(140),BP
(170),BT(200),BM(100)
EQUVALENCE (ND(1),TCDH4001), (SD(1),TCDH3003), (EC(1),TCDH2700
), (ED(1),TCDH2003), (BT(1),TCDH4001), (DT(1),TCDH1001), (LD(1),
TCDH1001), (BP(1),TCDH1000), (BP(1),TCDH1100), (1,ND(101)), (2,ND
(102)), (3,ND(103)), (4,ND(104)), (5,ND(105)), (6,ND(106)), (7,ND
(107)), (8,ND(108)), (9,ND(109)), (10,ND(110)), (11,ND(111)), (12,ND
(112)), (13,ND(113)), (14,ND(114)), (15,ND(115)), (16,ND(116)), (17,ND
(117)), (18,ND(118)), (19,ND(119)), (20,ND(120)), (21,ND(121)), (22,ND(122)),
(23,ND(123)), (24,ND(124)), (25,ND(125)), (26,ND(126)), (27,ND(127)),
(28,ND(128)), (29,ND(129)), (30,ND(130))
*
FORMAT(20I2)
DO
FORMAT(11I2,1PE12.5,10)
GO
FORMAT(1H)
DO
FORMAT(1H 2I12,2X1PE12.5,2X10)

```

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE READAT

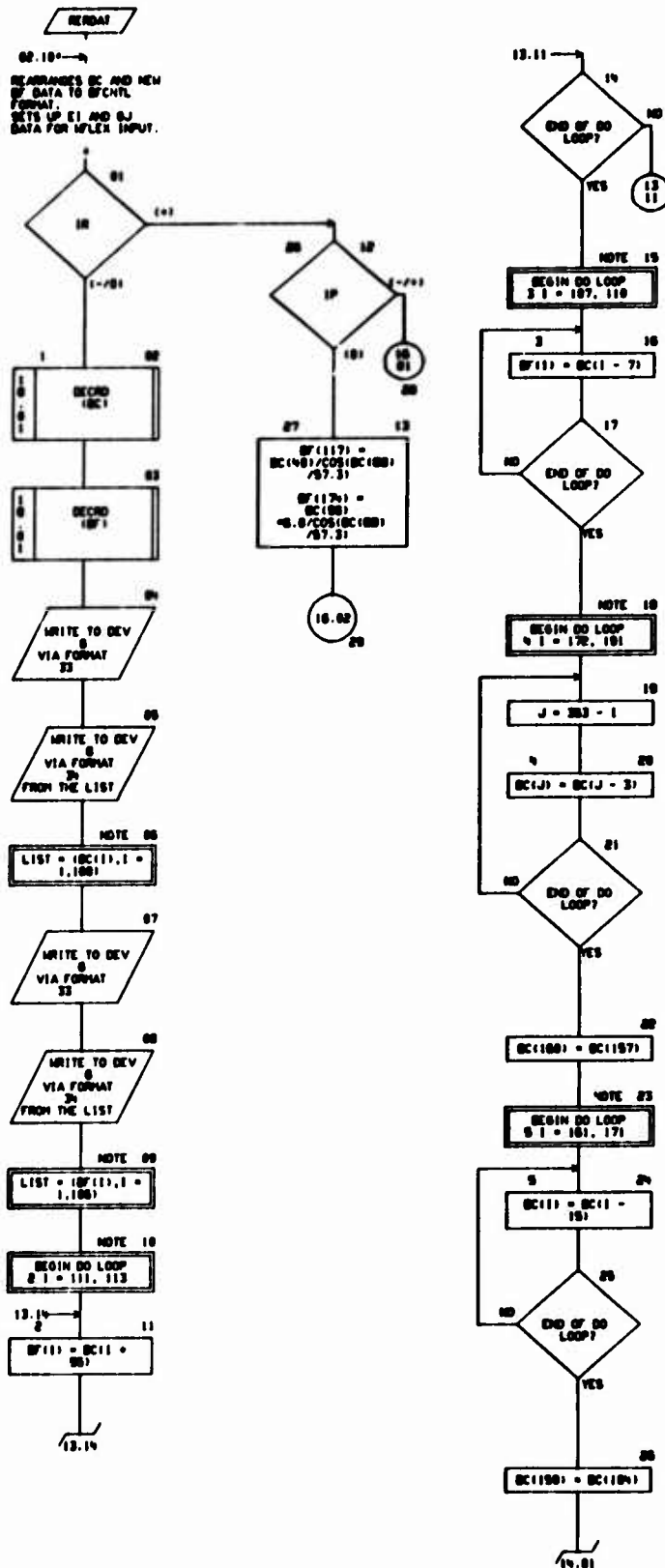


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE READAT

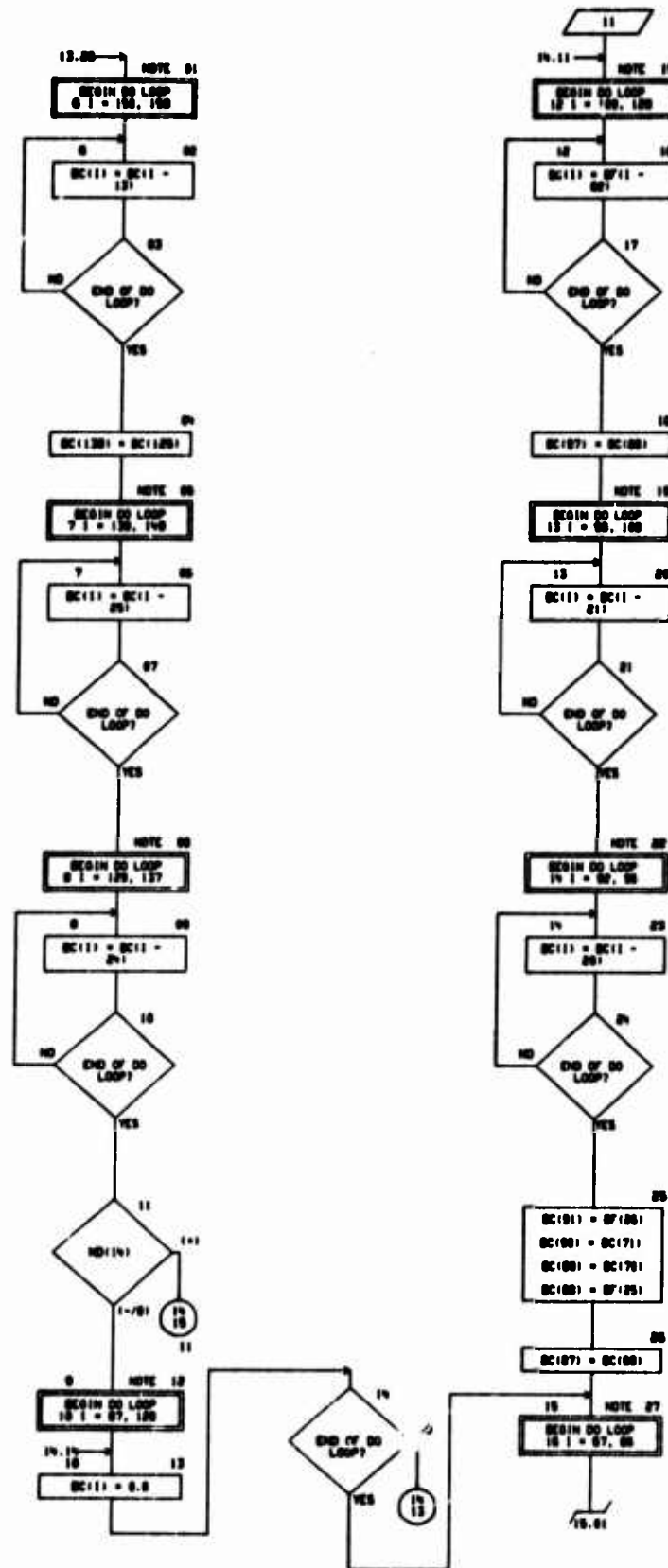


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE REPEAT

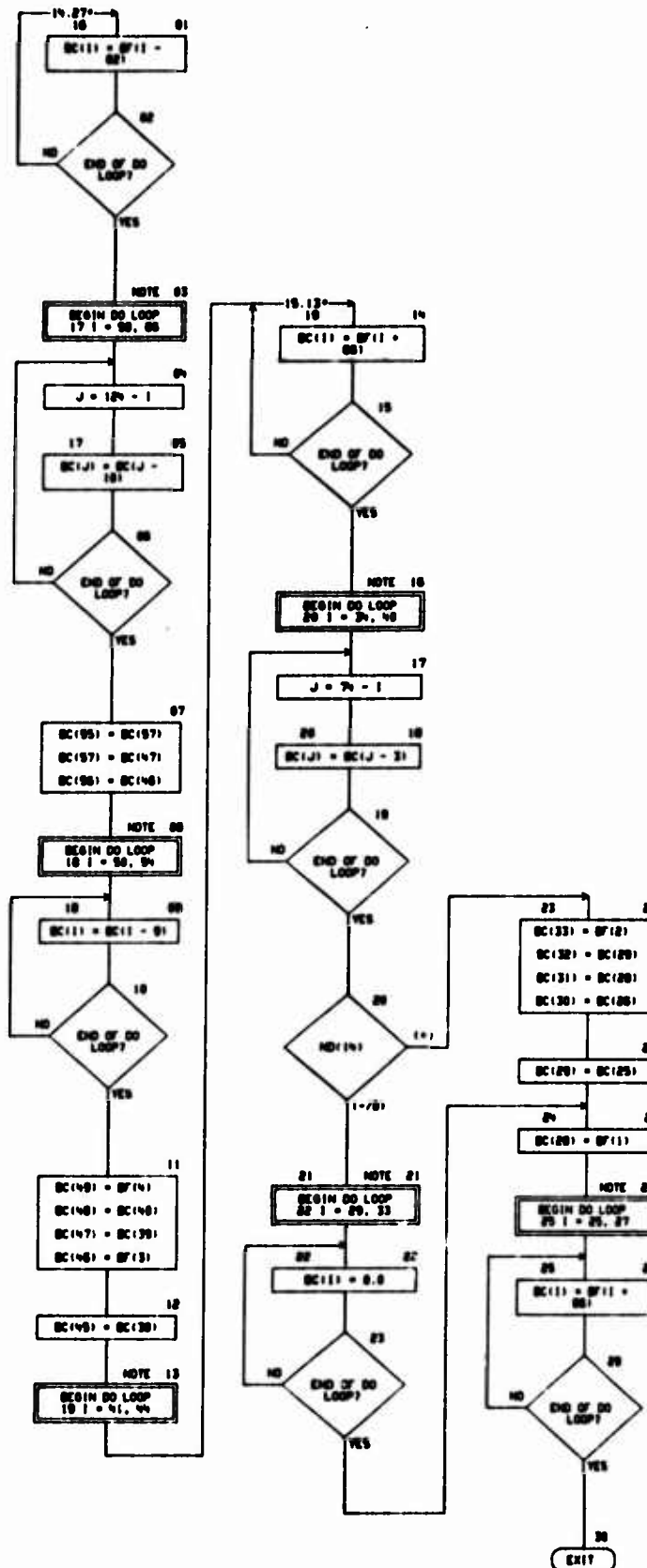
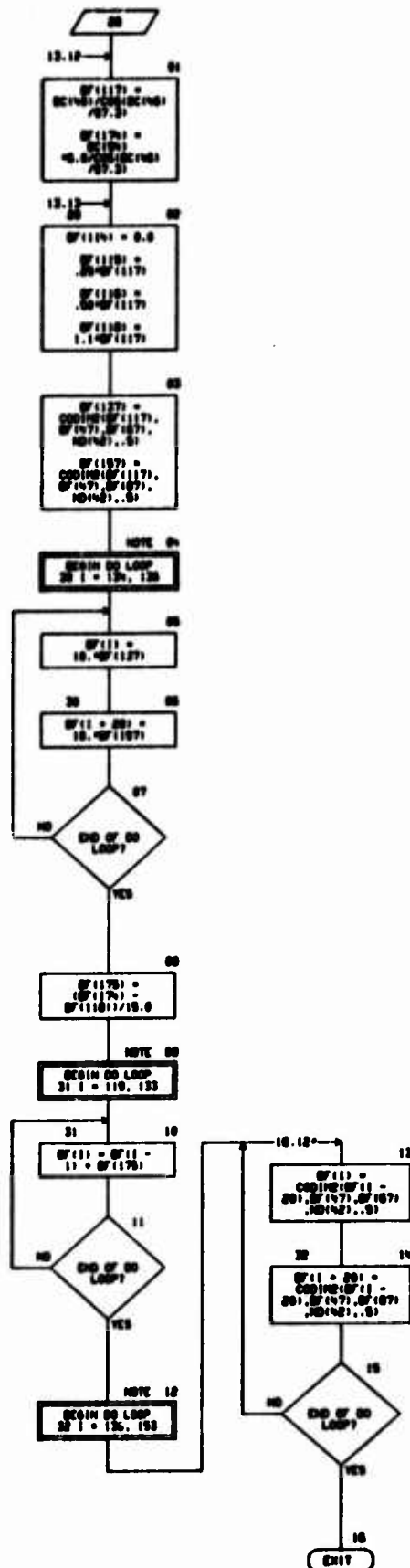


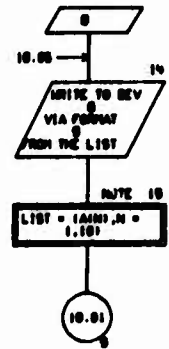
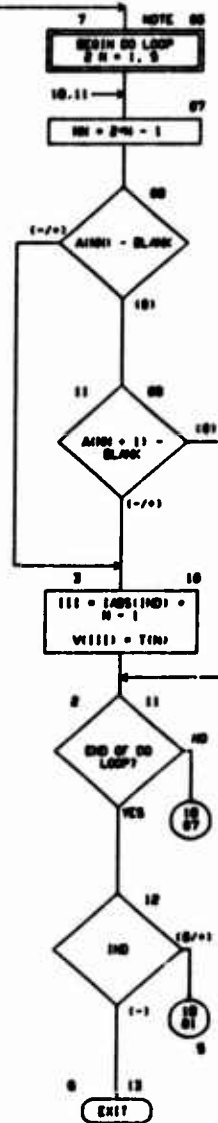
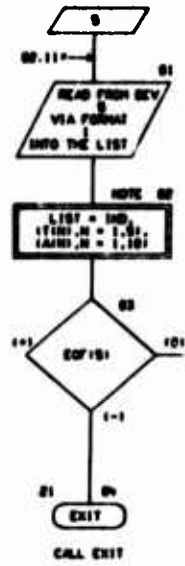
CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE RETDAY



## CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```
CONVEN TCON(400)
DIMENSION BC(100),BF(200),ND(200)
EQUIVALENCE (BC(1),TCON(2700)),(BF(1),TCON(4001)),(ND(1),TCON(420)
),((1,ND(137)),(J,ND(133)),(IR,ND(187)),(IP,ND(137))
33 FORMAT(1H)
34 FORMAT(1H SHIP(15.0)
```

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE SECRO(V)



05/04/73

AUTOFLIGHT CHART SET - B7CHTL FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM PAGE 19

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

DIMENSION V(1),T(5),A(10)  
DATA BLANK/EN /  
1 FORMAT(11,112,713,9712,9,713,1048)  
9 FORMAT(11TH NO DECK LOCATION,9K,1048/)



CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPAW

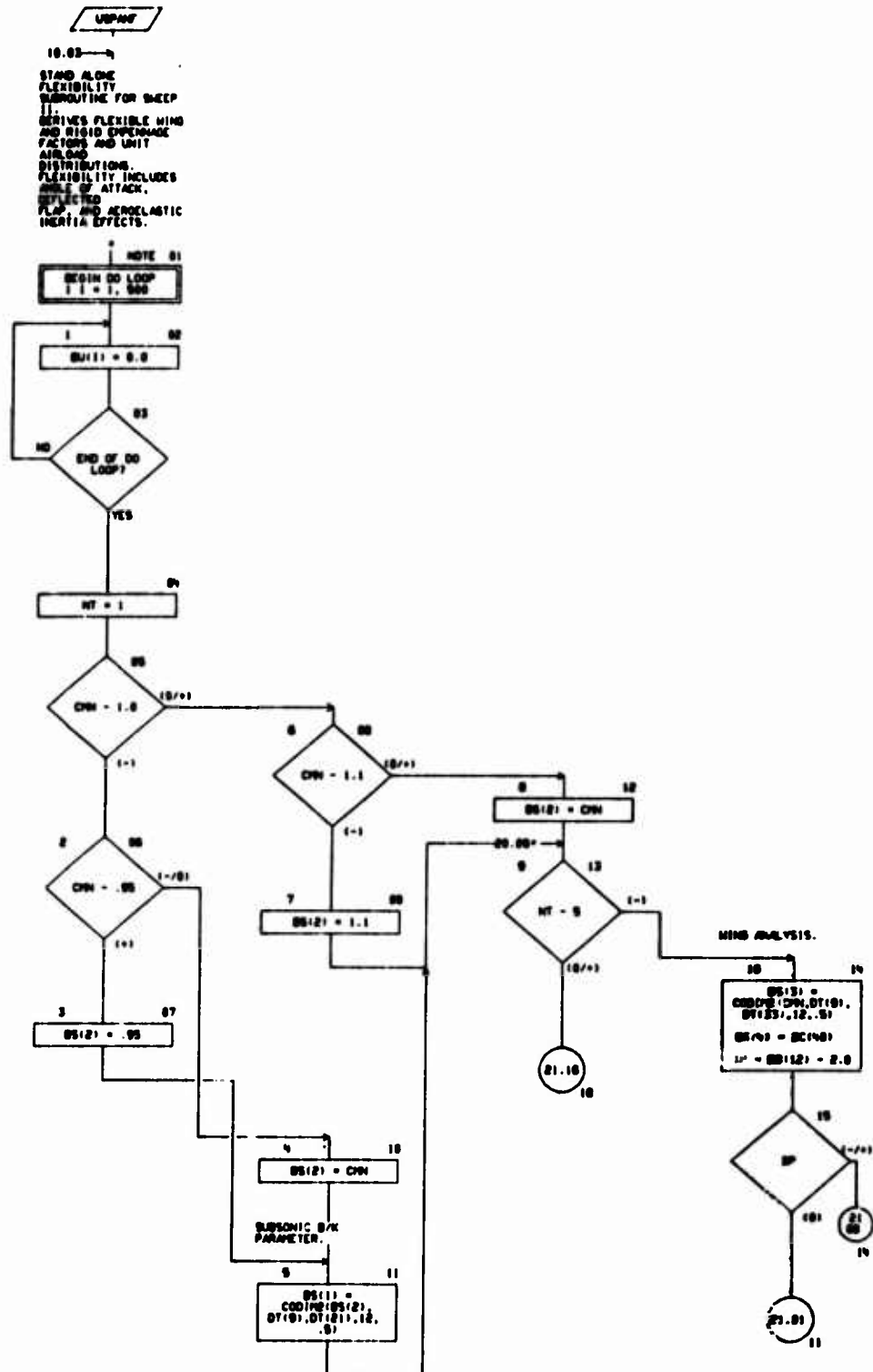


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UPMAT

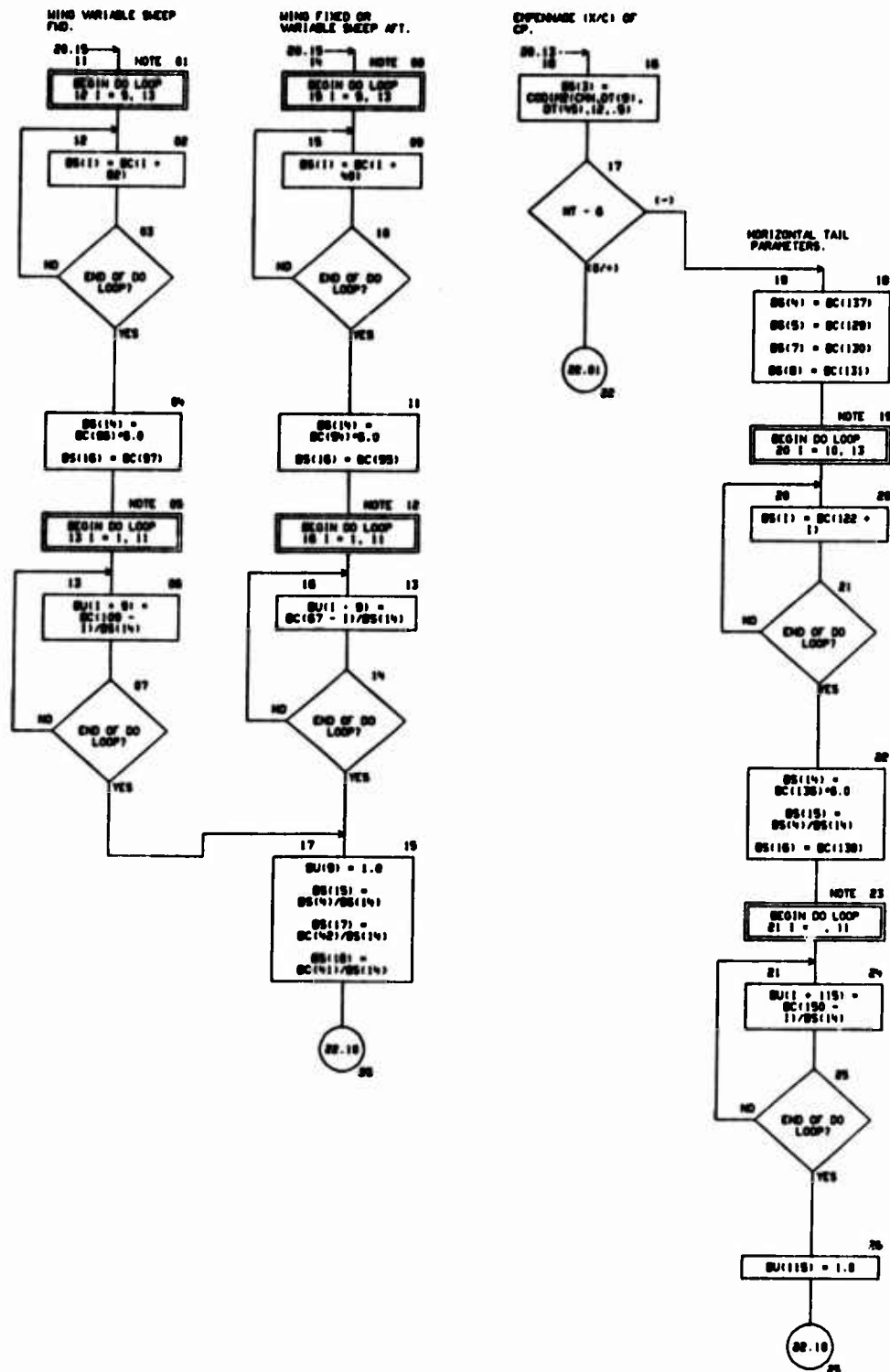
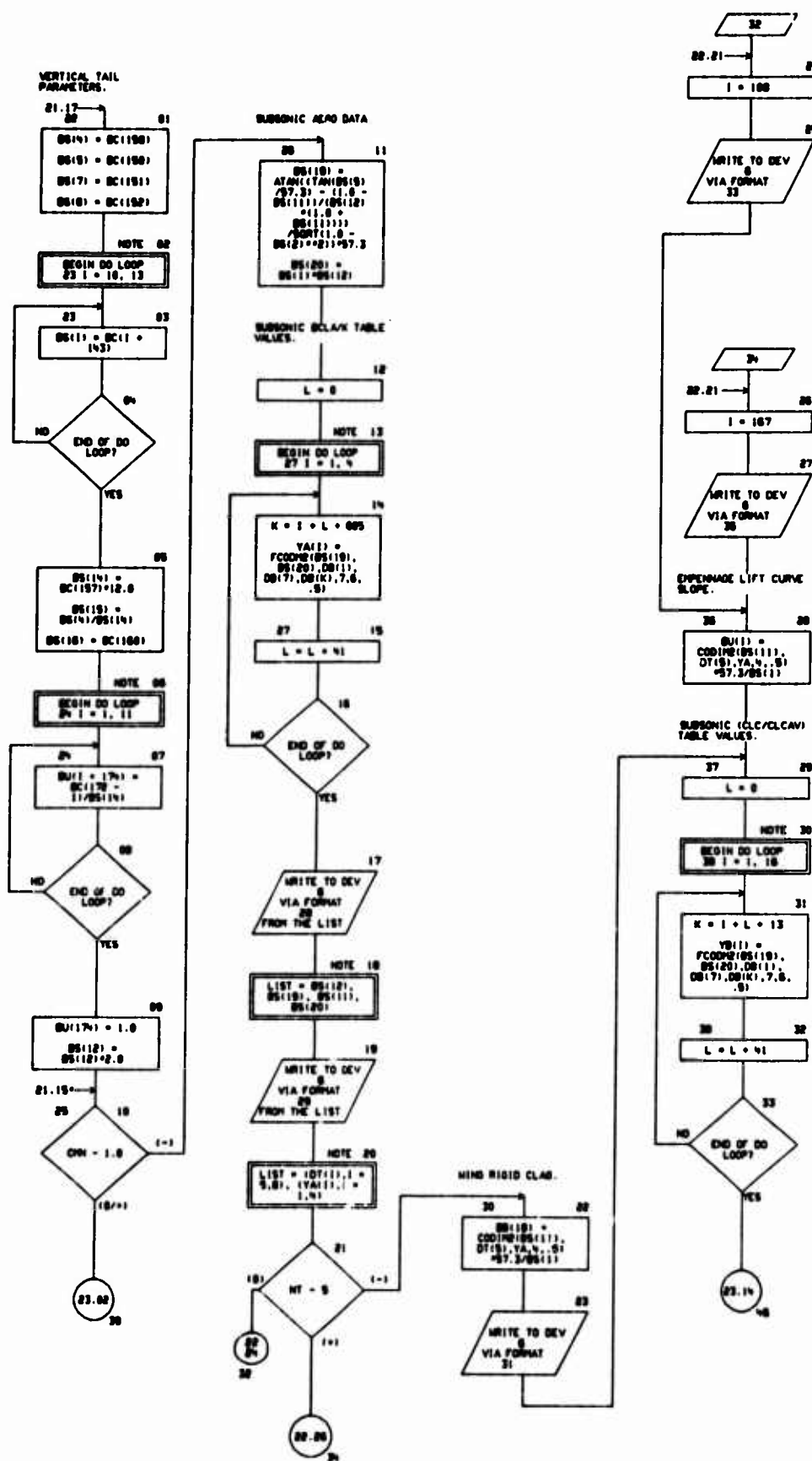


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPAF



**SUPERSONIC WIND DATA.**



CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UPAUT

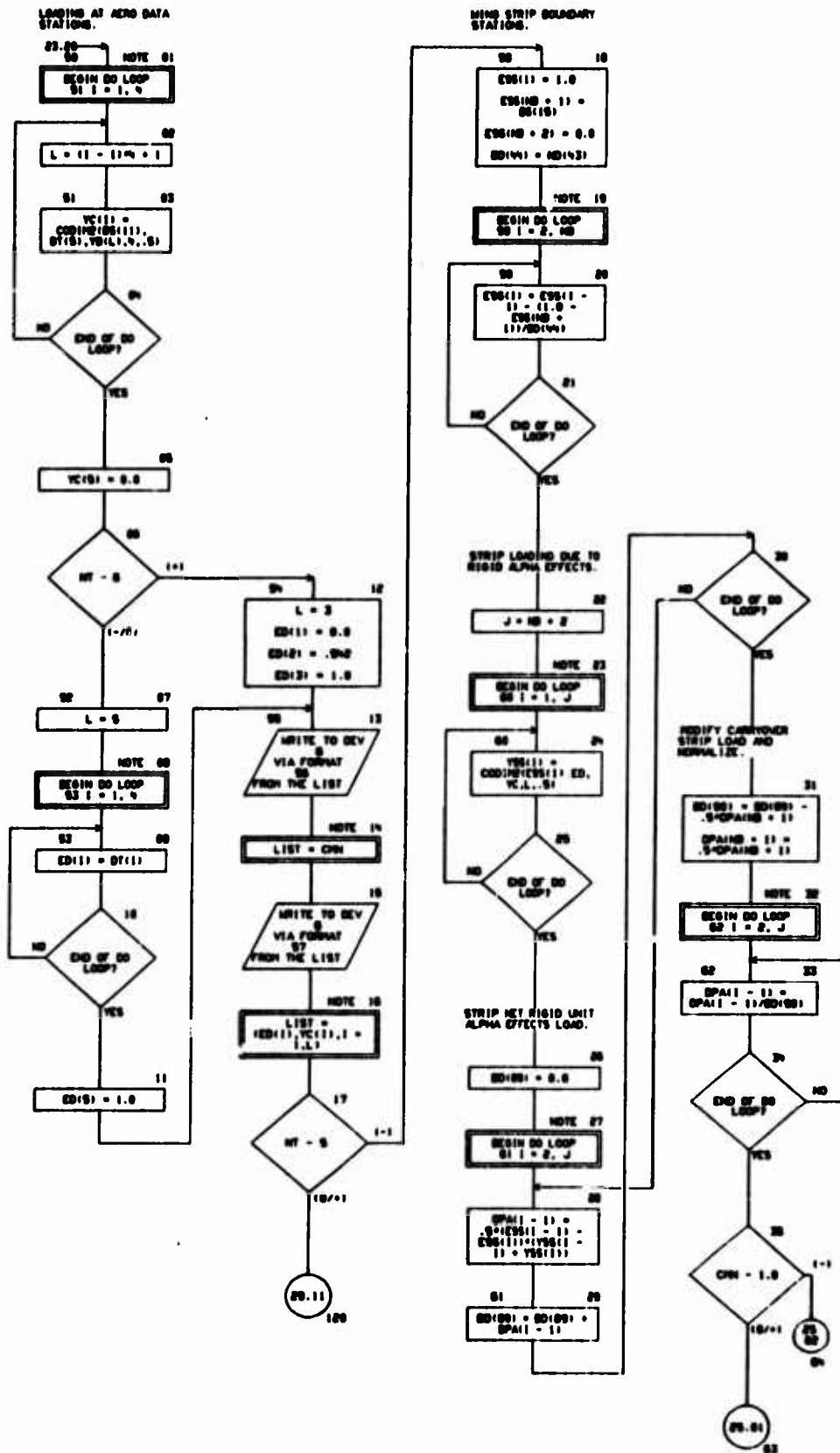


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPAR

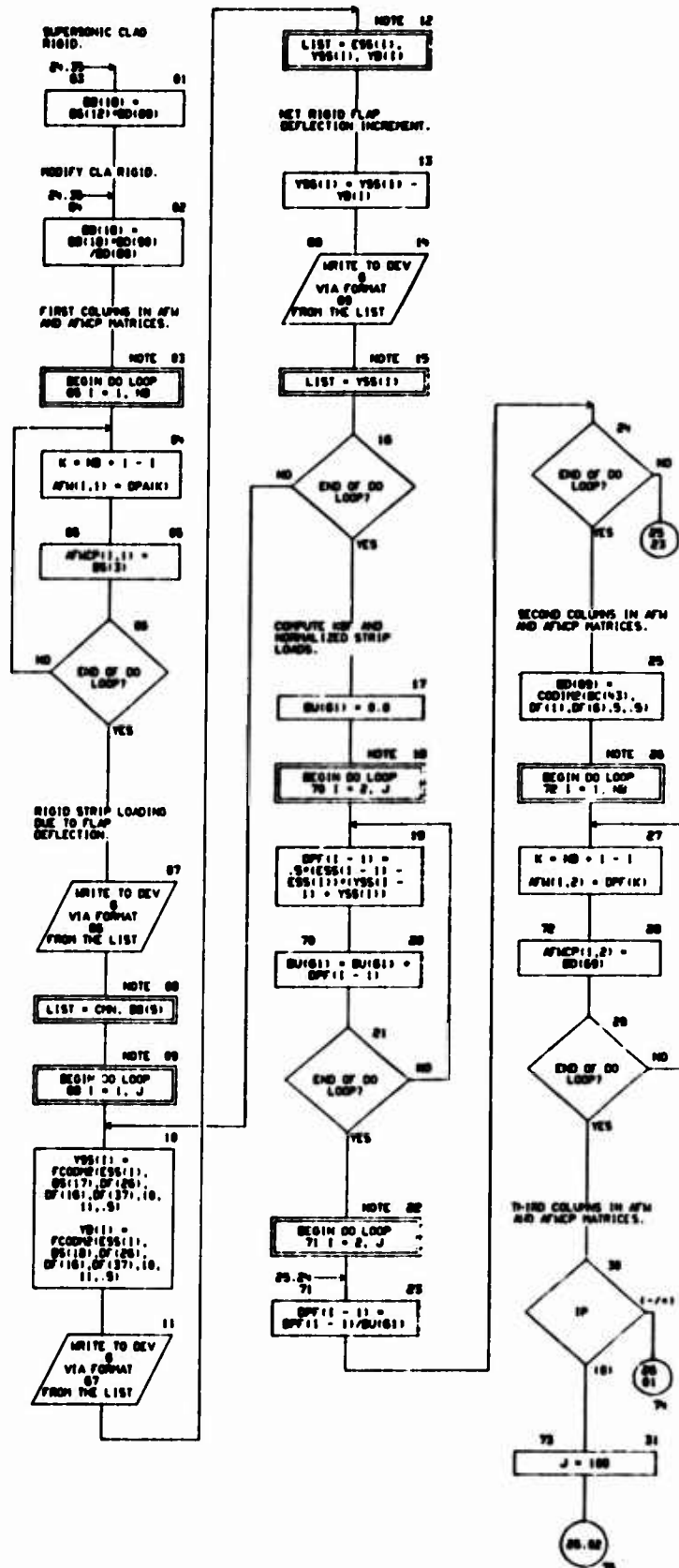


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UPDANT

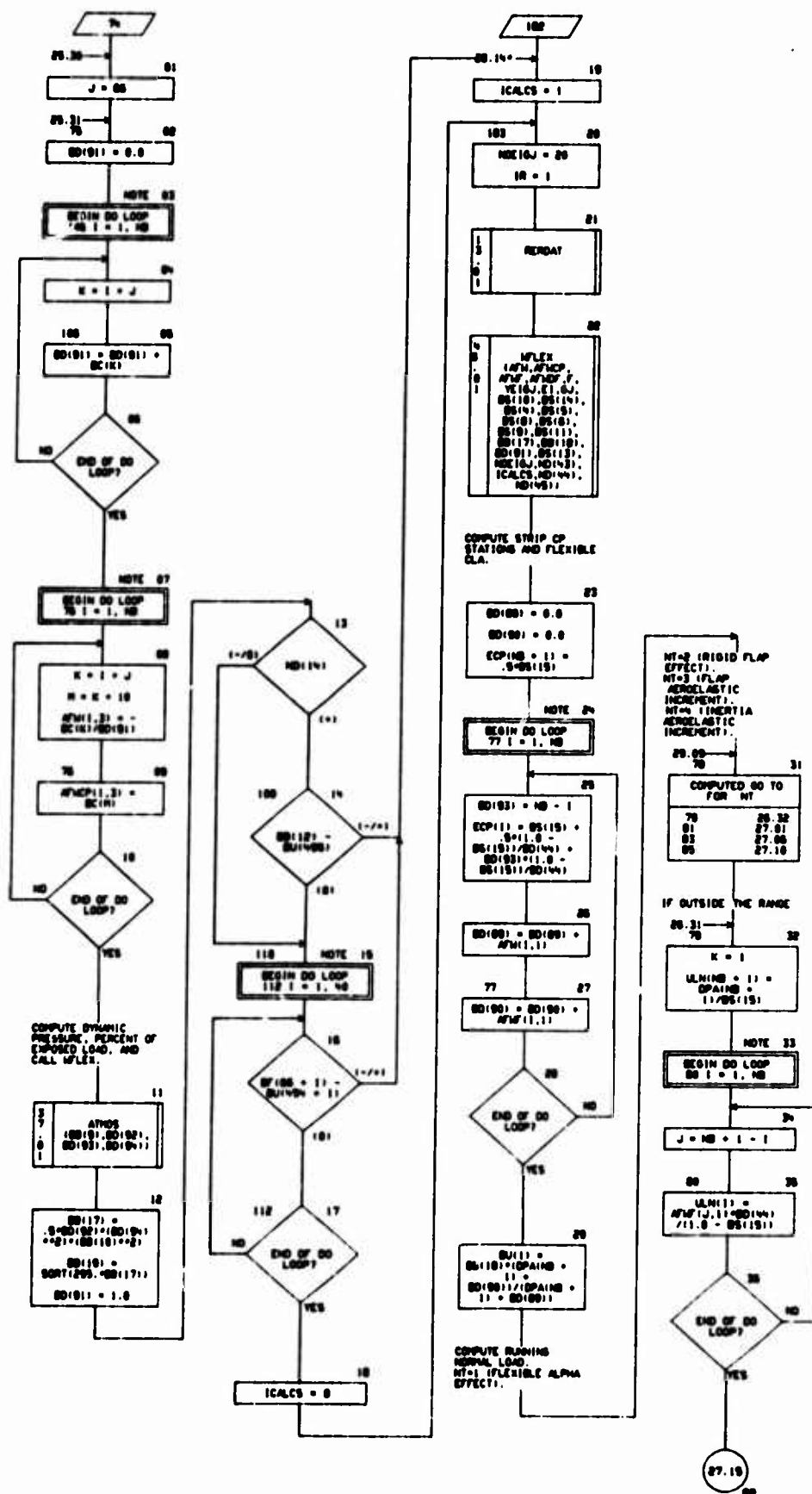


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPANT

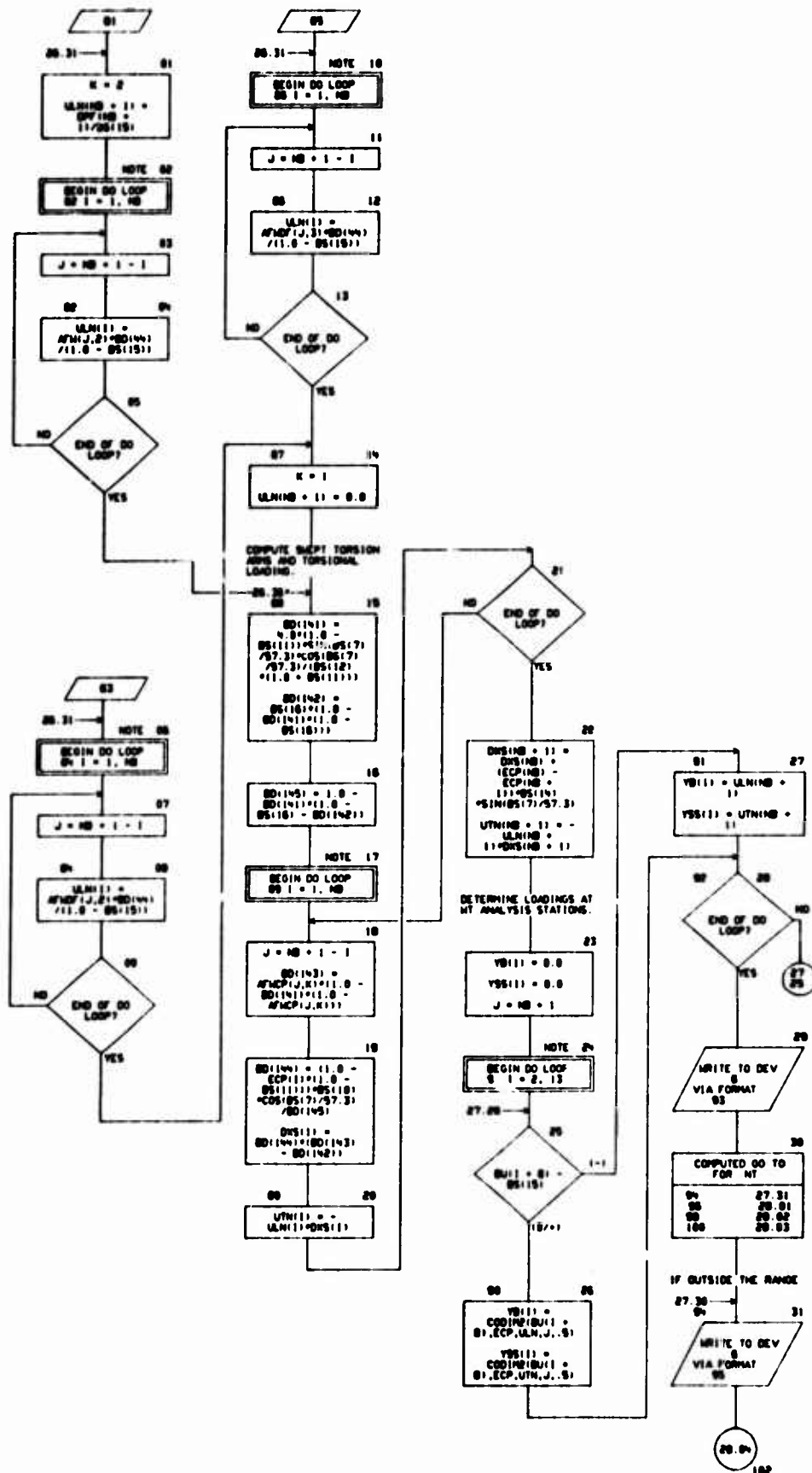




CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UPMAT

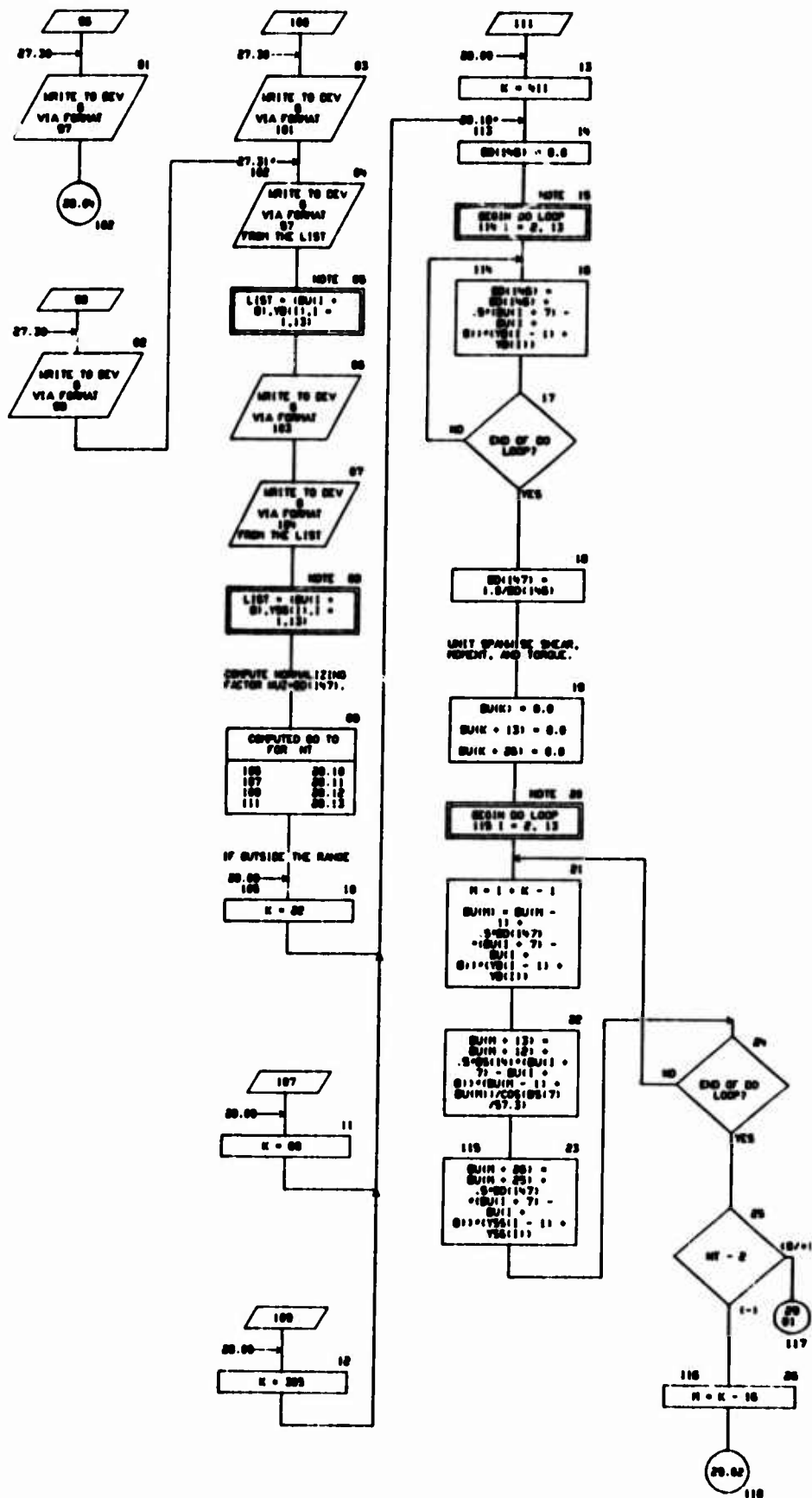


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UPMW

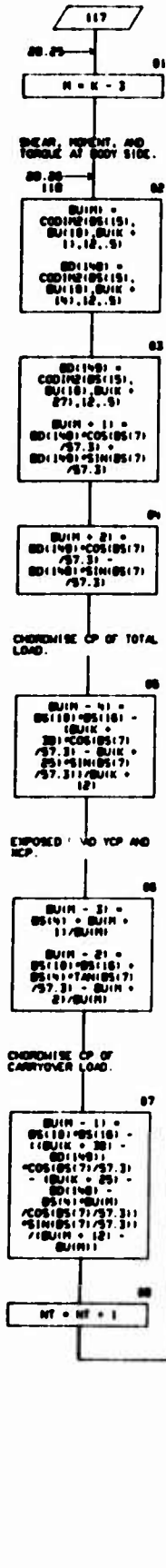
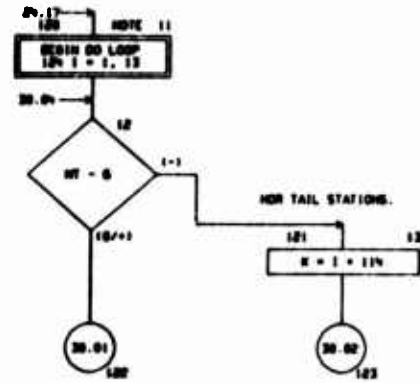
EXPENSE  
DISTRIBUTION ENTRY.

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPAR

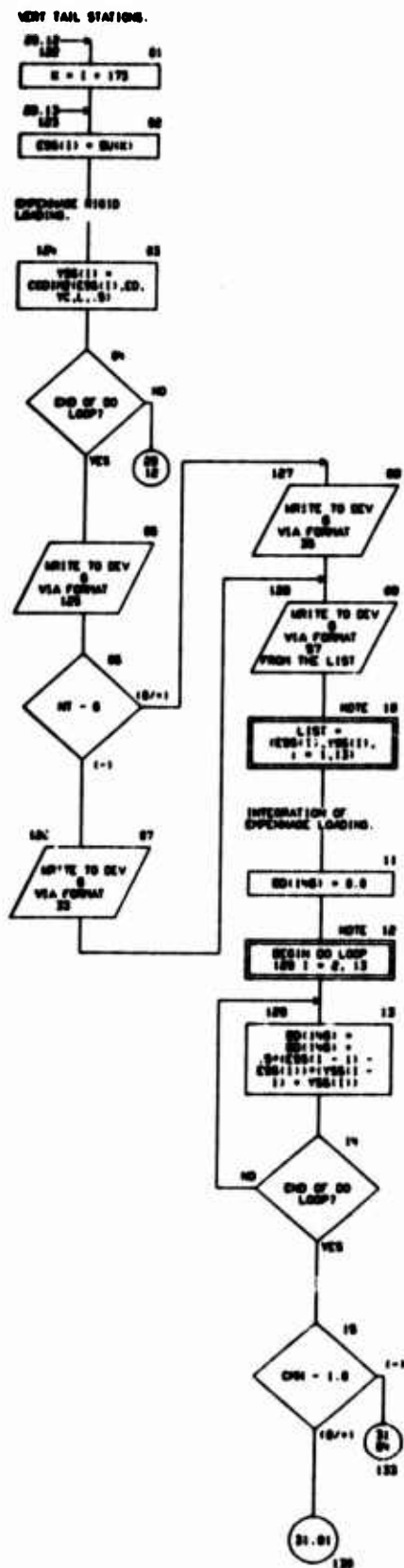


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPAW

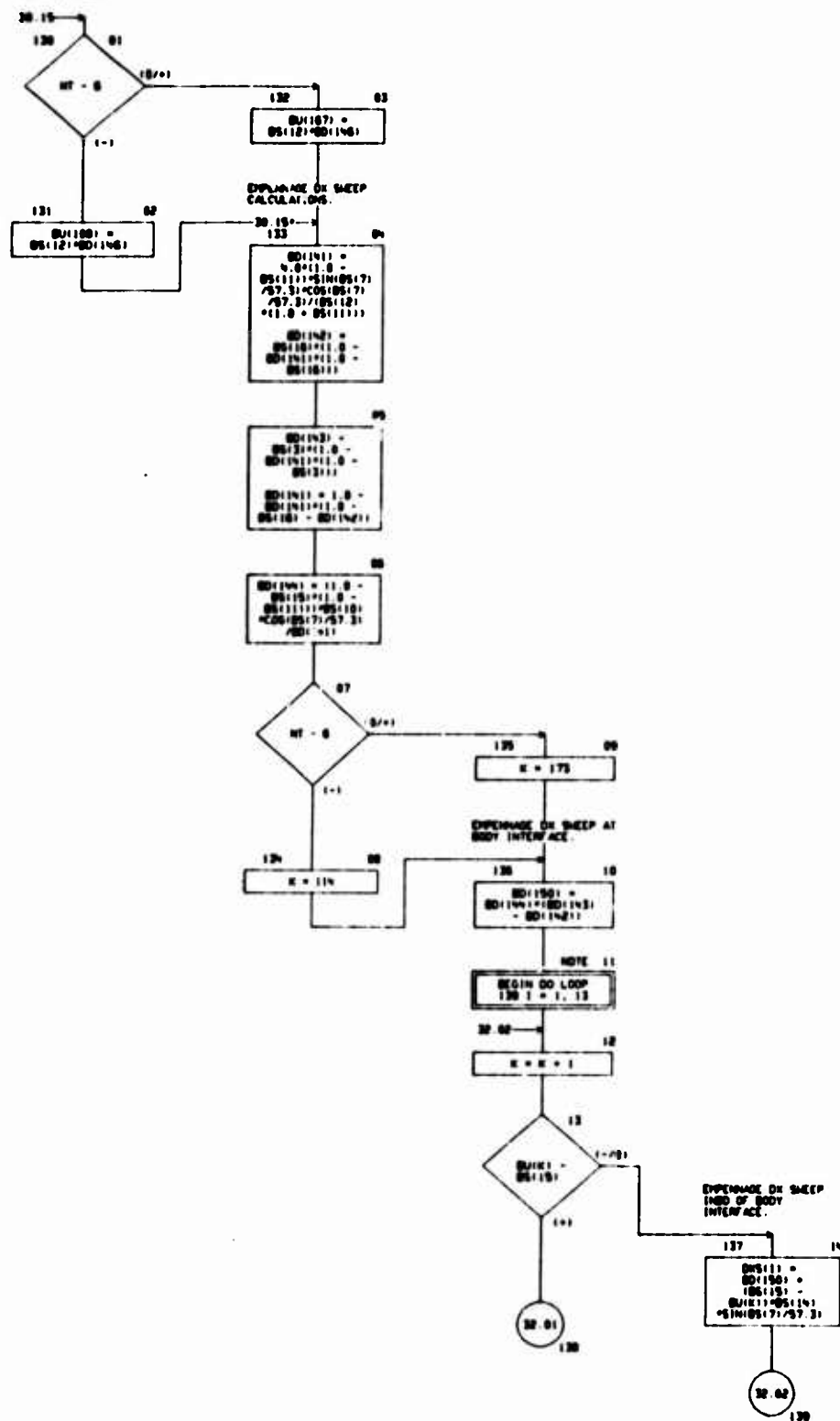
EXPANDED SUPERSONIC  
LIFT CURVE SLOPE  
(CLAM OR CLOV).

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE USPMAT

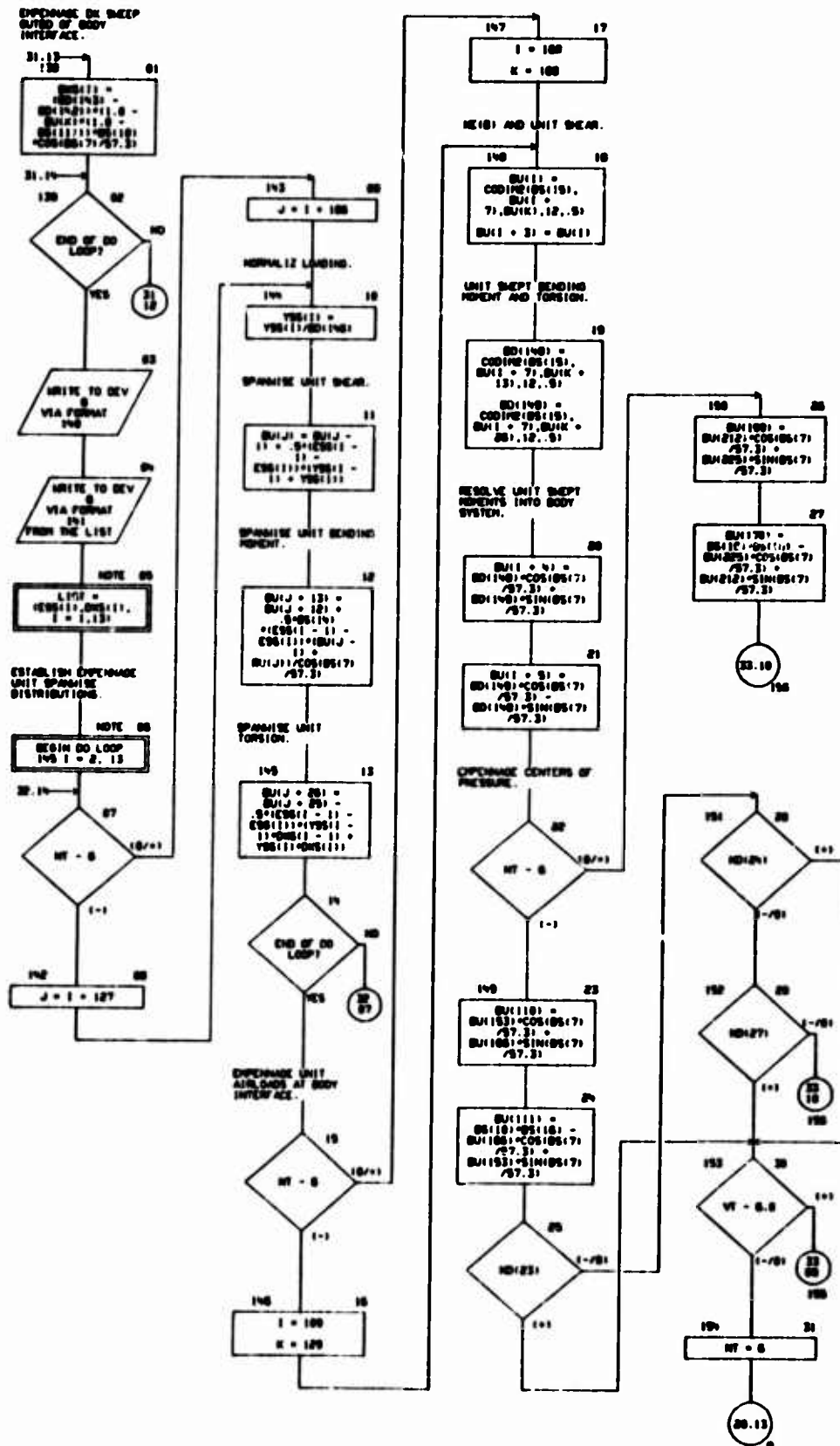


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UBPAY

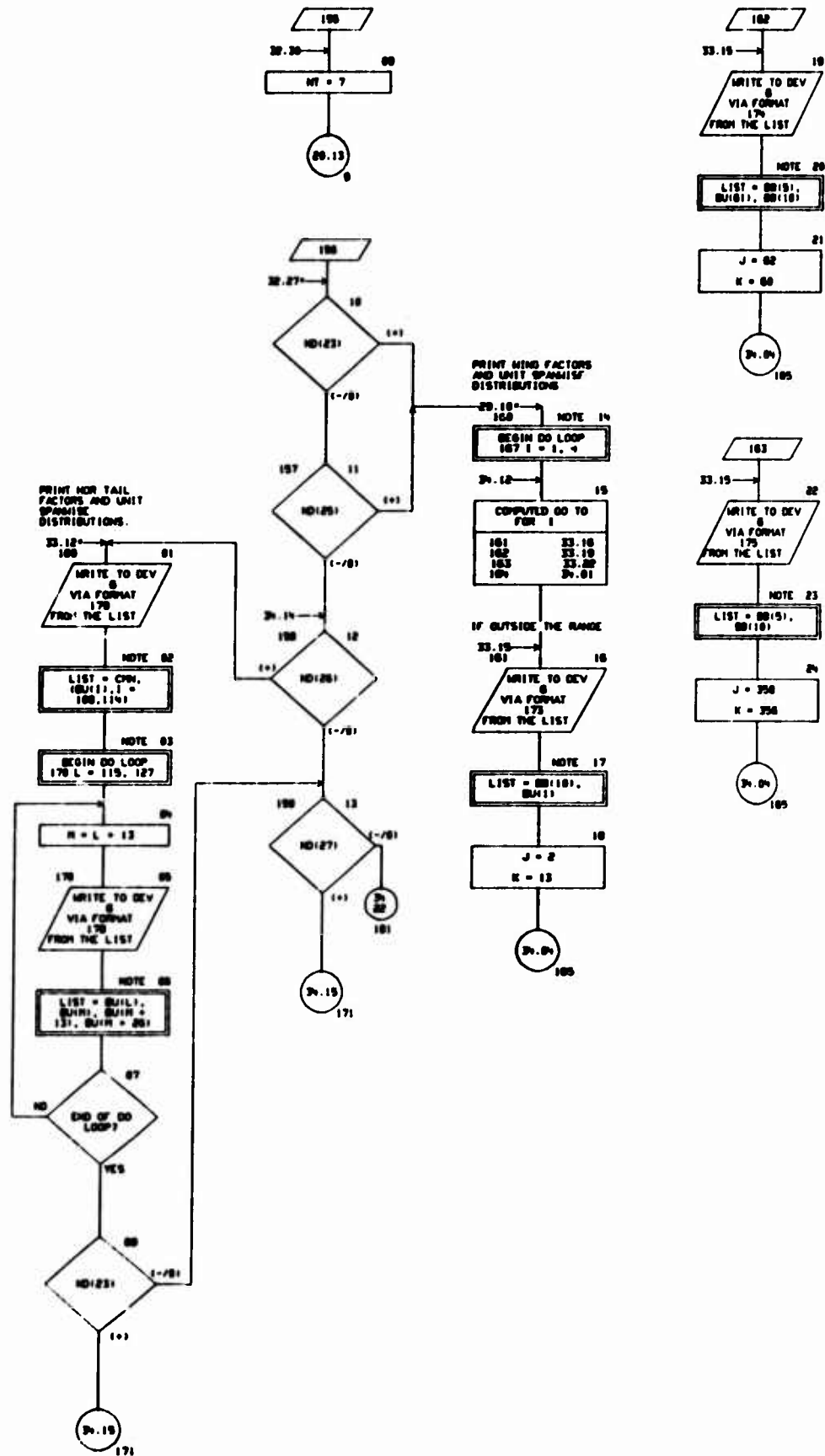
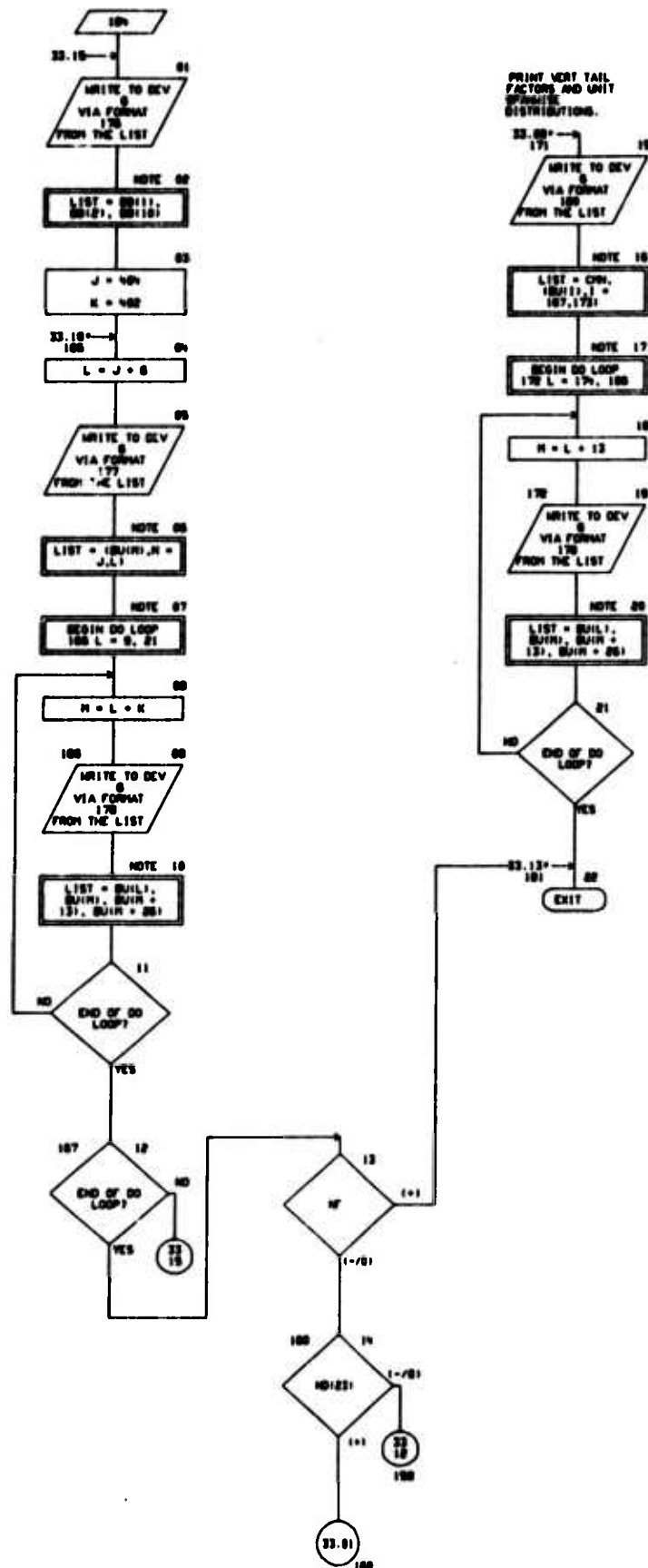


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE UPWAV



## CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```

COMMON TCON(4400)
0. DIMENSION MD(200),DT(100),DB(100),DF(140),DP(70),BC(100),BB(20),BS
(20),BD(100),BU(500),BO(340),YA(4),YB(10),YC(5),ED(5),EVS(13),YVS(
13),DPA(11),DPF(11),AFM(10,3),AFMCP(10,3),AFMDF(10,3),F
(3,4),YE(10,20),EI(20),OJ(20),ECP(11),ULN(11),OHS(13),UTN(11),BF(2
00)
EQUIVALENCE (DT(1),TCON(100)),(DB(1),TCON(100)),(DF(1),TCON(100))
,(DP(1),TCON(100)),(MD(1),TCON(140)),(BC(1),TCON(270)),(BB(1),T
CON(290)),(BS(1),TCON(293)),(BO(1),TCON(293)),(BU(1),TCON(310))
,(BD(1),TCON(303)),(BF(1),TCON(400)),(AFM(1,1),BU(200)),(AFMCP
(1,1),BU(200)),(AFMDF(1,1),BU(200)),(F(1,1),BU
(340)),(YE(10,1),BF(114)),(EI(1),BF(134)),(OJ(1),BF(154)),(CEN,BB(1
0)),(VT,BB(14)),(YA(1),BO(1)),(YB(1),BO(5)),(YC(1),BO(21)),(ED(1),
BO(26)),(EVS(1),BO(31)),(YVS(1),BO(45)),(DPA(1),BO(50)),(DPF(1),BO
(70)),(ECP(1),BO(95)),(ULN(1),BO(106)),(OHS(1),BO(117)),(UTN(1),BO
(130)),(MD(1),BO(143)),(ICALCS,MD(105)),(INCE(10,MD(103))), (IR,MD(107))
EQUIVALENCE (NF,MD(100)),(I,MD(132)),(J,MD(133)),(K,MD(134)),(L,MD
(135)),(M,MD(136)),(P,MD(137)),(NT,MD(140))
20  FORMAT(11I10X3HVALUES FROM BLACK TABLES FOR AR=FB.4,3XBSBA=FB.2
,3XBNTR=FB.4,3XBSBA=FB.4)
25  FORMAT(1H07X3HTR=FB.2//11XFB(10.5)
31  FORMAT(1H-53XBNHIND)
33  FORMAT(1H-53XBNHNDR TAIL)
35  FORMAT(1H-53XBNHINVERT TAIL)
41  FORMAT(1H17X3HAR=FB.4,3XBNTR=FB.4,3XBSBA=FB.4,3XBSBN=FB.4)
42  FORMAT(1H07X3HTR=FB(10.2)
47  FORMAT(1H01X3HVALUES FROM LOADING TABLES FOR MH=FB.3)
49  FORMAT(1H01XFB(10.5,3XNBSA=FB.3)
55  FORMAT(1H10X7HSTATION10X2HLOADING AT DATA STATIONS5XBNH=FB.3)
57  FORMAT(1H 2F17.5)
60  FORMAT(1H10X7HSTATION10X2HOUTB LONG10XBNBD LONG10XBNFLAP INCR5X
BNH=FB.3,5XBNDF=FB.2)
67  FORMAT(1H F17.5,F10.5,F10.5)
69  FORMAT(1H-54XFB(10.5)
73  FORMAT(1H10XBNANALYSIS/10XBNSTATIONS10XBNLOADING-)
75  FORMAT(1H-35XBNFLEXIBLE ALPHA EFFECT)
77  FORMAT(1H-35XBNRIGID FLAP EFFECT)
79  FORMAT(1H-35XBNFLAP AEROELASTIC INCREMENT)
101  FORMAT(1H-35XBNINERTIA AEROELASTIC INCREMENT)
103  FORMAT(1H05XBNANALYSIS/10XBNSTATIONS10XBNDR LOO)
104  FORMAT(1H F17.5,F10.4)
125  FORMAT(1H01X7HSTATION10X2HLOADING-ANALYSIS STATIONS)
140  FORMAT(1H01X7HSTATION10XBNX SHEEP)
141  FORMAT(1H F17.5,F17.3)
173  FORMAT(1H10X3HMINO FLEXIBLE ALPHA PARAMETERS5XBNH=FB.3,4XBNCLA=FB.5)
174  FORMAT(1H10X2HRIID FLAP DOWN PARAMETERS4XBNDF=FB.2,4XBNBNF=FB.5,
4XBNBN=FB.3)
175  FORMAT(1H10X2HAEROELASTIC FLAP PARAMETERS4XBNDF=FB.2,4XBNBN=FB.3)
176  FORMAT(1H10X3HAEROELASTIC INERTIA PARAMETERS4XBNHEIGHT=FB.0,4XBNF
SC=FB.2,4XBNBN=FB.3)
177  FORMAT(1H05XBNXTOTAL=FB.2,4XBNH(1)=FB.2,4XBNH(2)=FB.2,4XBNH(3)
=FB.2//7X10XSIDE OF BODY UNITS//7XBNUSZB=FB.5,4XBNAPUSB=FB.3,4X
BNAPYB=FB.3//7X2HSPANNISE UNIT DISTRIBUTIONS//5XBNSTATX7HUSZB(1)
4XBNAPDB(1)4XBNAPYB(1)/5XBNAP(1)5XBNAP(2)5XBNAP(3)5XBNAP(4)
178  FORMAT(1H 6XFB.4,F12.5,FB(11.3)
179  FORMAT(1H10X1BNDR TAIL PARAMETERS5XBNH=FB.3//7XBNCLA=FB.5,4XBNH
(1)=FB.2,4XBNH(2)=FB.2,4XBNH(3)=FB.2//7X10XSIDE OF BODY UNITS//7XBNUS
ZB=FB.5,4XBNAPUSB=FB.3,4XBNAPYB=FB.3//7X2HSPANNISE UNIT DISTRIB
UTIONS//5XBNSTATX7HUSZB(1)4XBNAPDB(1)4XBNAPYB(1)/5XBNAP(1)5XBNAP(2)5XBNAP(3)5XBNAP(4)
180  FORMAT(1H10X2HVERT TAIL PARAMETERS5XBNH=FB.3//7XBNCLV=FB.5,4XBNH
V(1)=FB.2,4XBNH(2)=FB.2,4XBNH(3)=FB.2//7X10XTOP OF BODY UNITS//7XBNUS

```



AUTOFLOW CHART SET - BFCNTL FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM PAGE 35

SYN=FB.3.4XNHLPRV=FB.3.4XNHLNZ=FB.3//7X27SPANISH UNIT DISTR  
BUTIONS//BX3MSTA7X74SYVBI4X74LPRVBI4X74LNZBI//BX3MSEPTIOX3FM  
CIPX3MSECP//

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE ATYDS(H,RQH,PH,4H)

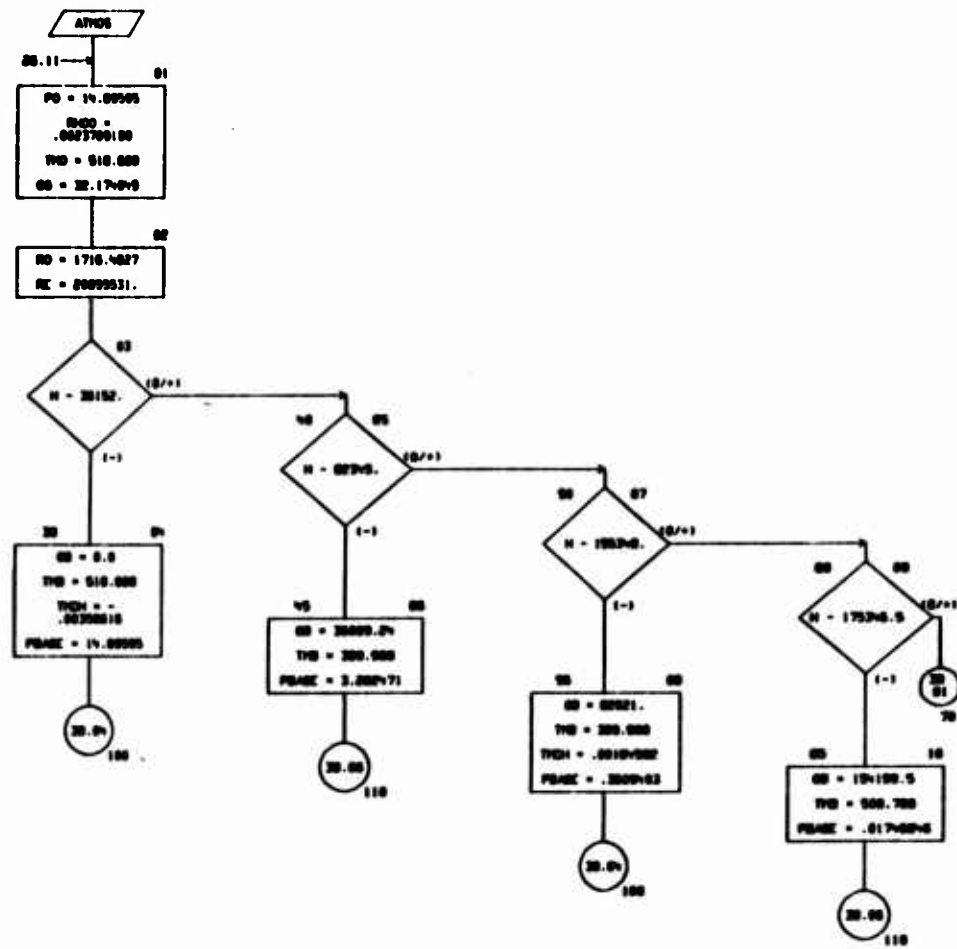


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE ATROSIN,RQCH,PH,AH

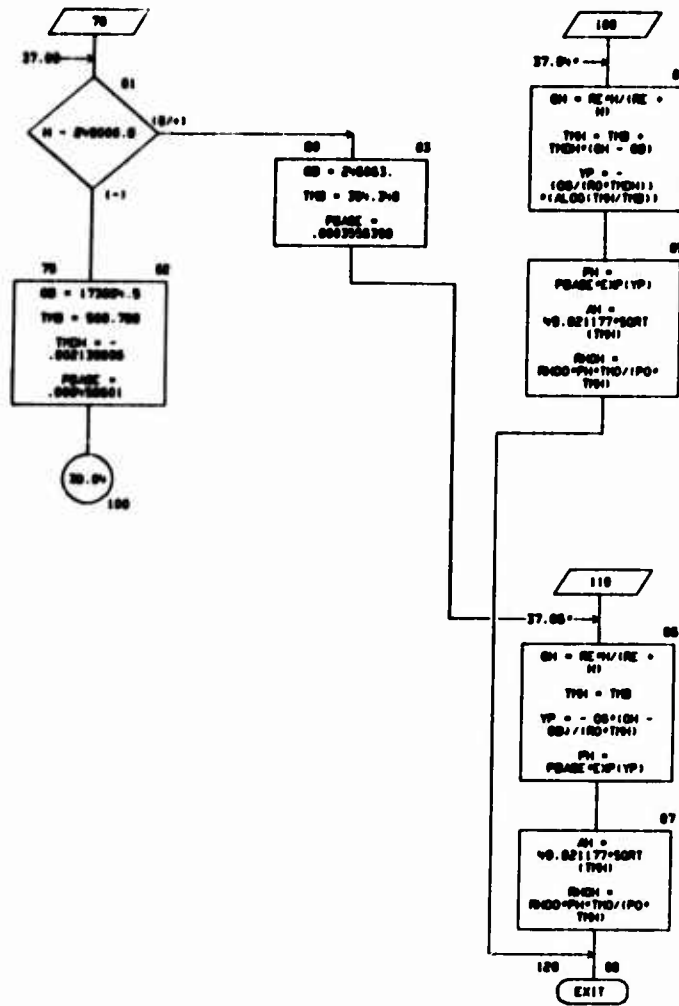


CHART TITLE - FUNCTION FCOOMP(X,Y,N1,Y1,Z1,N1,N2,N3)

TWO DIMENSION CURVE  
FIT  
SUBPROGRAM... FCOOMP  
CALLING SEQUENCE  
Z =  
FCOOMP(X,Y,N1,Y1,Z1,  
N1,N2,N3)  
X = ARGUMENT - 1ST  
VARIABLE  
Y = ARGUMENT - 2ND  
VARIABLE  
N1 = ARRAY OF 1ST  
VARIABLE  
Y1 = ARRAY OF 2ND  
VARIABLE  
Z1 = ARRAY OF THE  
DEPENDENT VARIABLE  
N1 = NO. OF POINTS -  
Y1  
N2 = NO. OF POINTS -  
X1  
N3 = END INTERVAL  
INTERPOLATION CONTROL  
CONSTANT

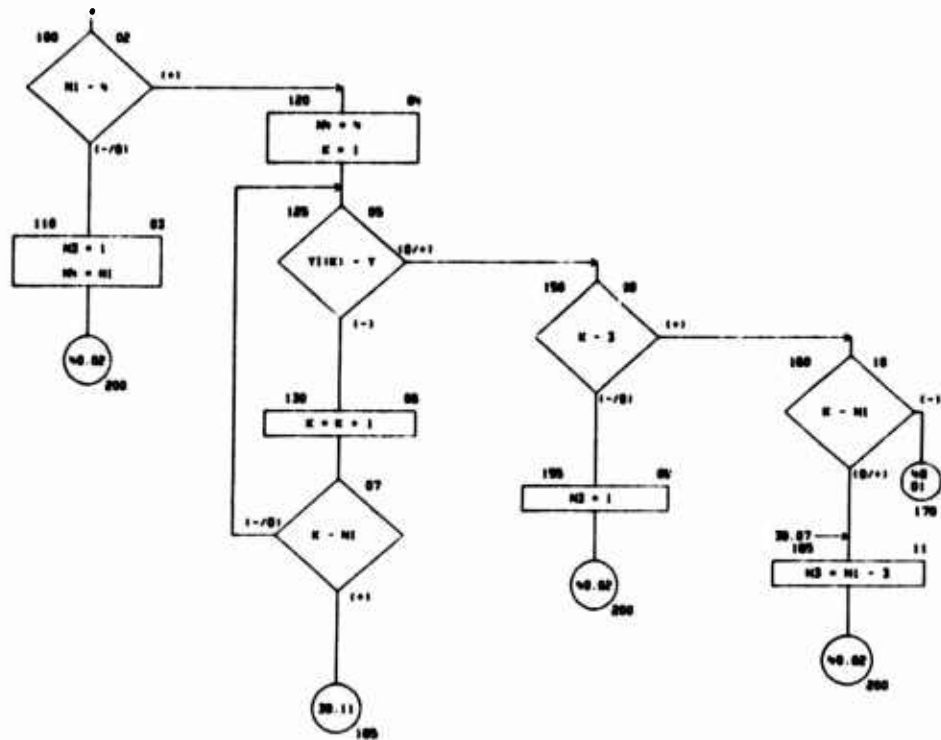
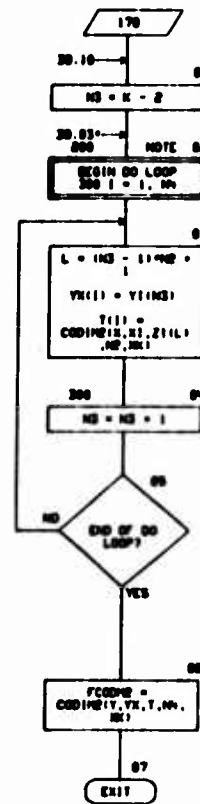


CHART TITLE - FUNCTION FCODE(X,Y,KI,VI,ZI,NI,NE,NK)



05/04/73

AUTOFLOW CHART SET - BFCNL FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM PAGE 41

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```
COMMON TCOM(400)  
DIMENSION BD(100),AD(200),X(11),Y(11),Z(11),T(4),V(14)  
EQUIVALENCE (BD(1),TCOM(200)),(AD(1),TCOM(400)),(Y(1),BD(10)),(Y  
X(1),BD(10)),(AD(100),AD(100)),(AD(100),AD(100)),(AD(100),AD(100)),(AD(100),AD(100)),(AD(100),AD(100)),  
AD(100))
```

CHART TITLE - FUNCTION CODING(N,NI,VI,N,NK)

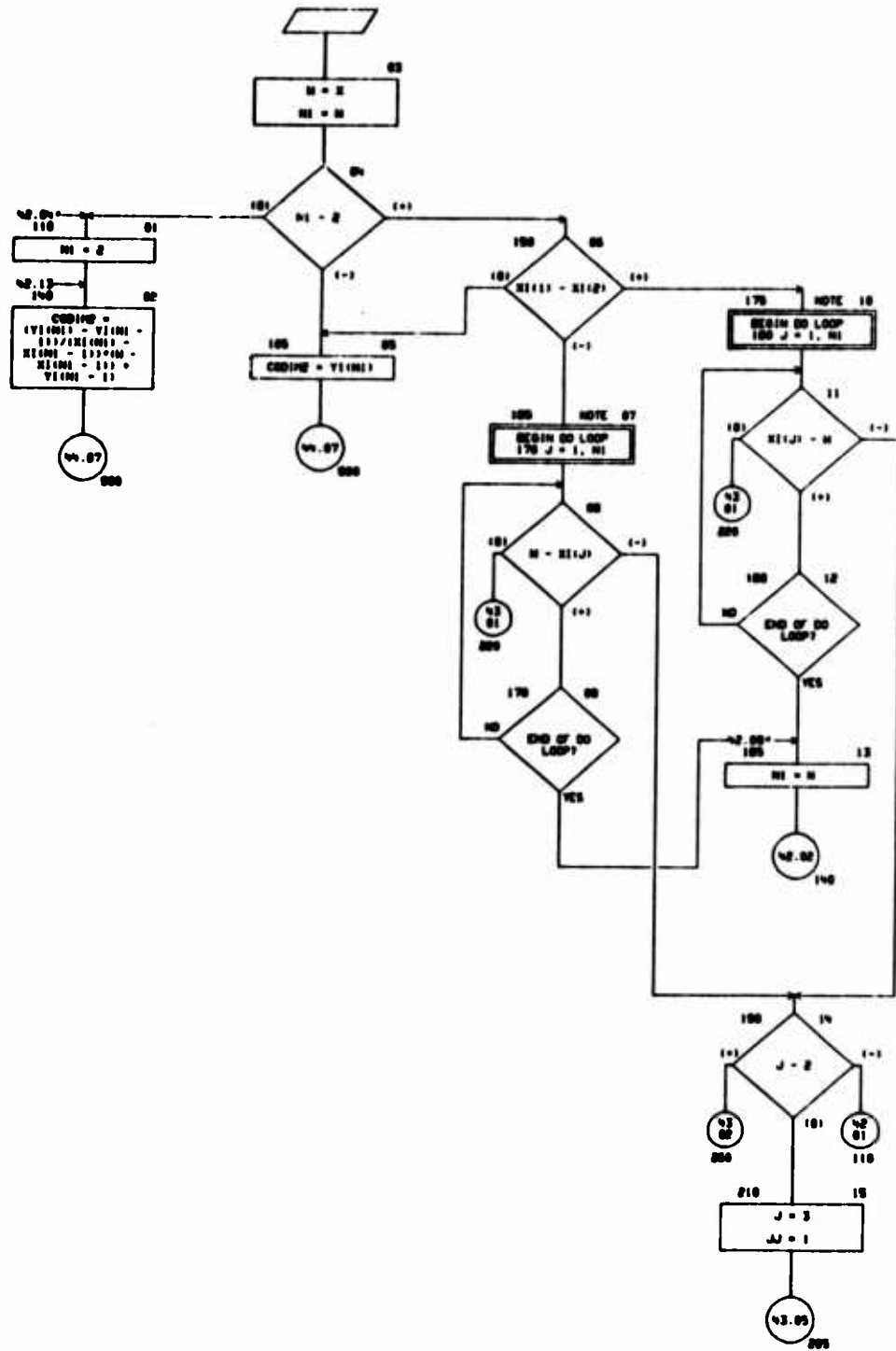


CHART TITLE - FUNCTION CODING(XI,YI,M,XI)

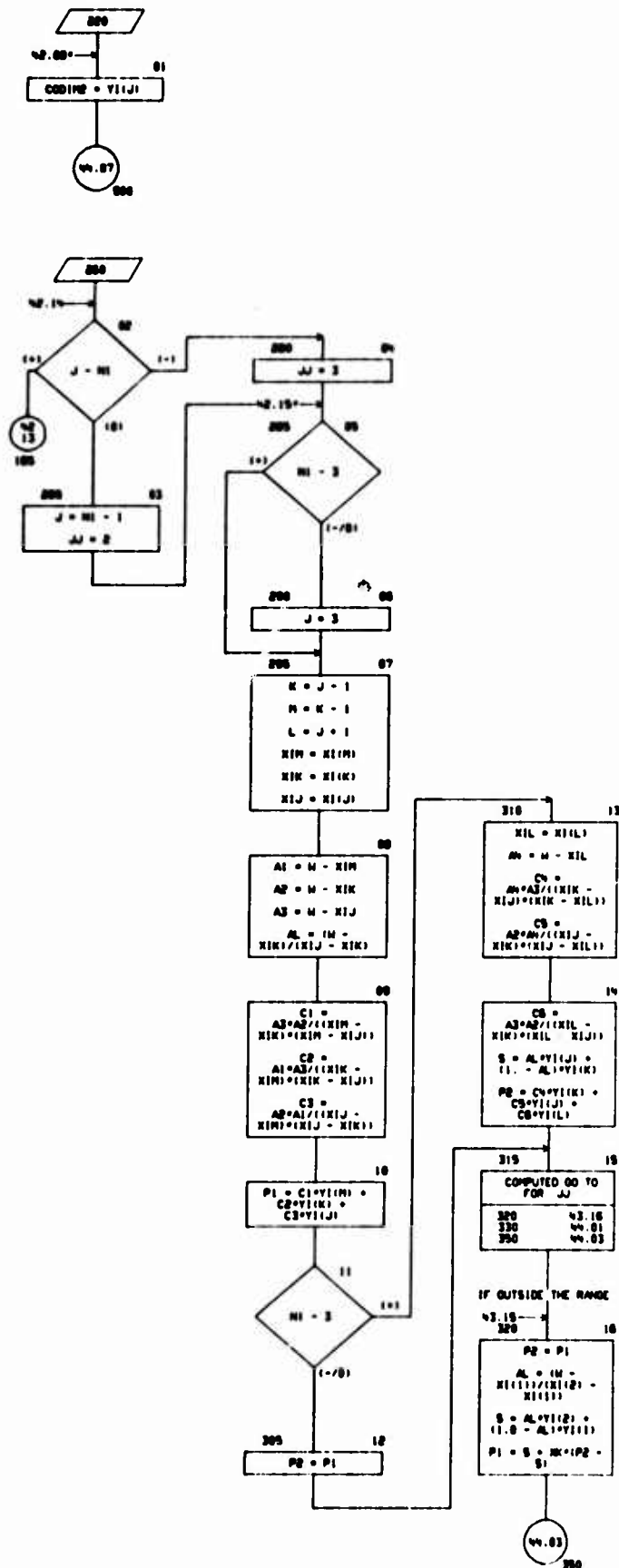




CHART TITLE - FUNCTION CODEINDEX, XI, VI, N, XI

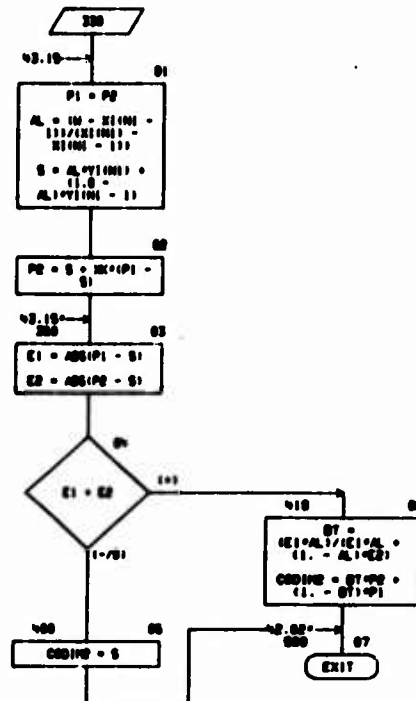
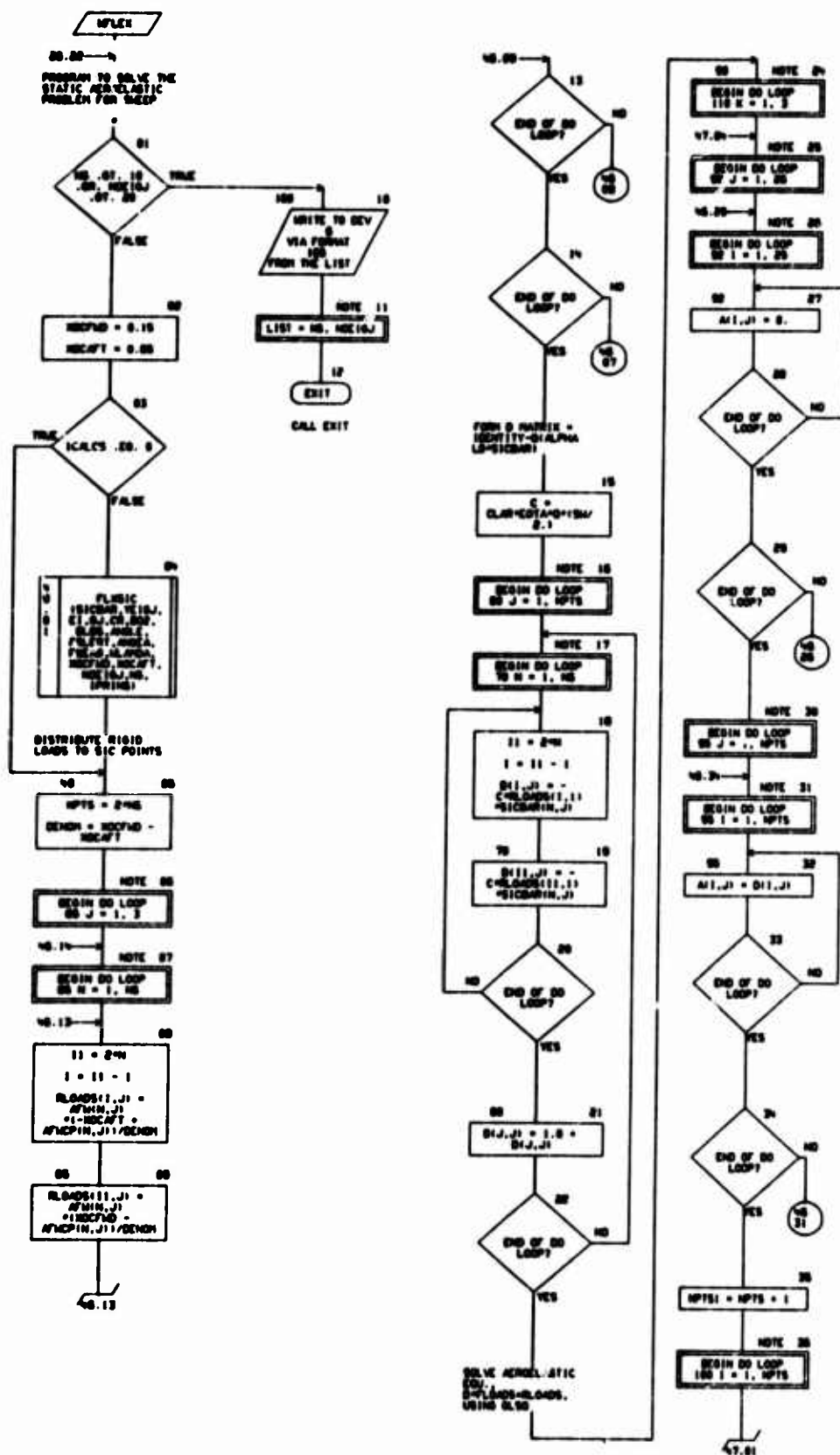


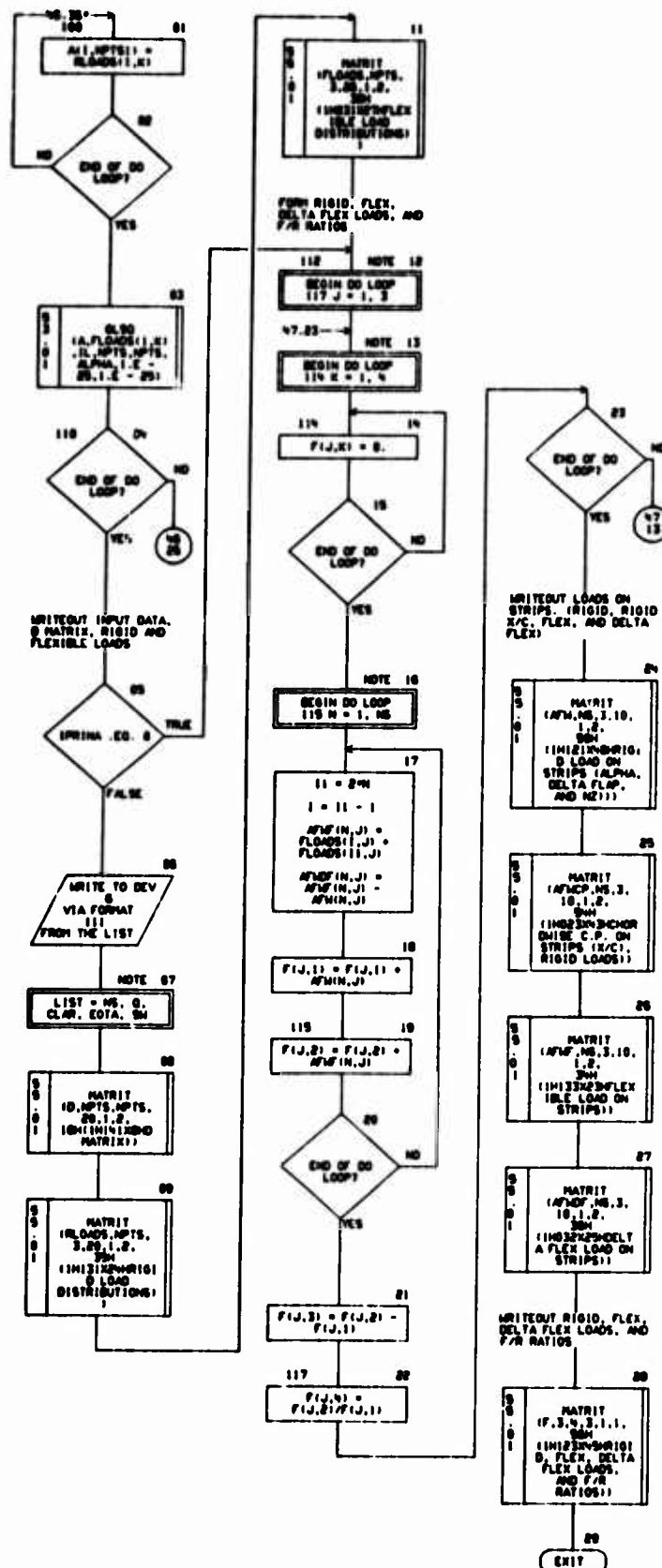
CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```
COMMON /COMMON/
DIMENSION N(200),X(11),Y(11)
EQUIVALENCE (N(1),COMMON/COMMON/),N(1),N(143),I,J,N(144),I,J,N(145)
I,J,N(146),K,N(147),K,N(148)
```

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE WFLX1AFM,AFMCP,AFM,N,AF,F,VEIGJ,EI,GJ,CR,DOO,BLOS,A



RETURN TO SYSTEM



## CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```

      DIMENSION VEIGJ(20),EI(20),GJ(20),SICBAR(10,20)
      DIMENSION A7M(10,3),A7MCP(10,3),D(20,20),LOADS(20,3),
      FLOADS(20,3),BLANDS(20,3),A(20,20),IL(20),
      A7M(10,3),F(3,4),A7MCP(10,3)
      COMMON TCDH4400
111  FORMAT (10H 20H,37H DATA FROM SUBROUTINE WFLX, //2X, 2H NS =,113,
      //2X, 4H S =,177.2, 2H LB/FT**2, //2X, 7H CLAR =,176.3, //2X, 7H
      SOTA =,176.4, //2X, 2H SM =,177.2, 2H FT**2 )
100  FORMAT (20H PROGRAM DIMENSIONS EXCEEDED, / 2H NS =,113,12H NS
      10J =,113)

```

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE FLXSIC(SICBAR,VEIGJ,EI,GJ,CR,B02,B05,ANGLE,FLEET,ANG

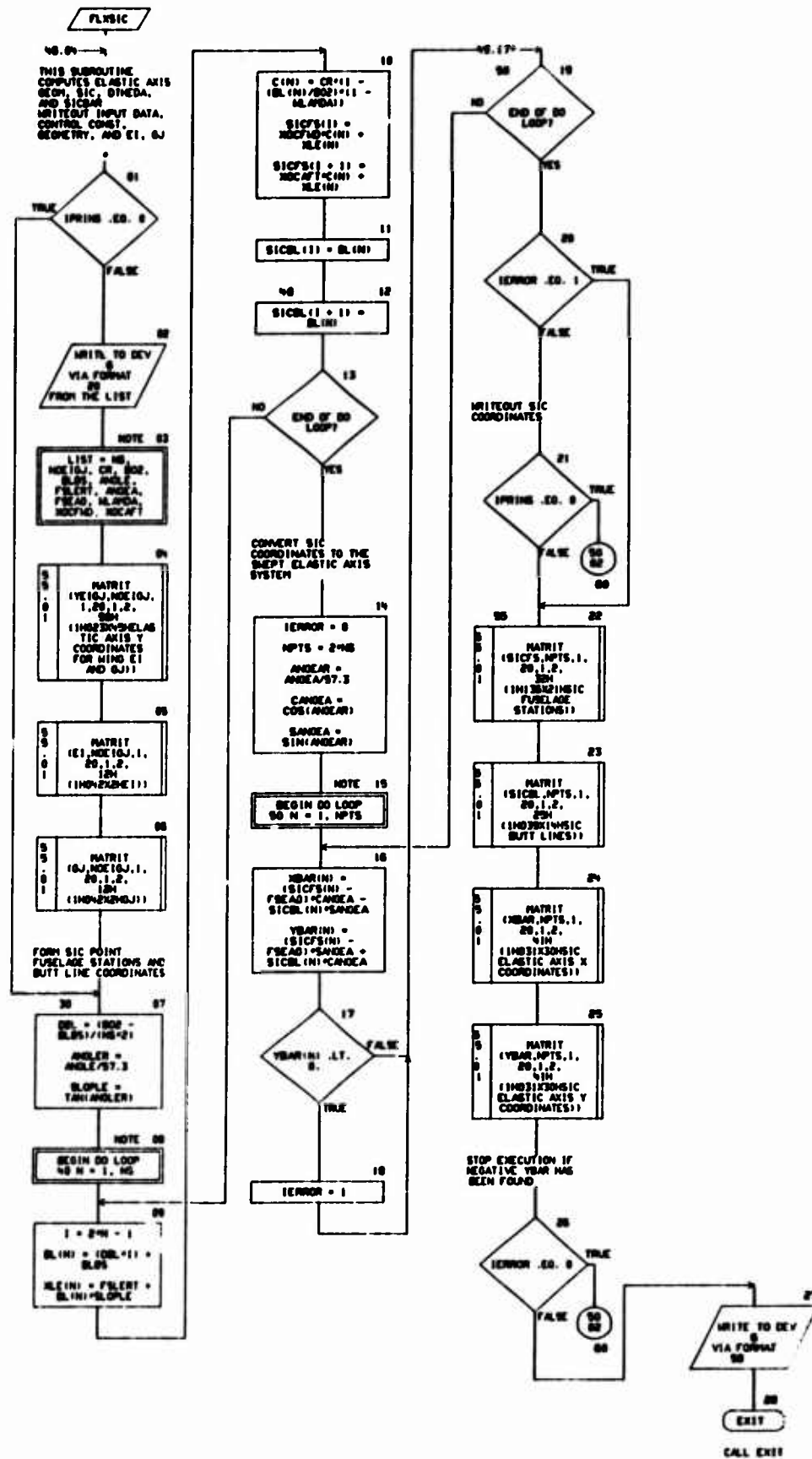


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE FLVSIC(SICBAR,VEIGJ,EI,GJ,CR,BOL,BUS,ANGLE,FSLERT,ANG

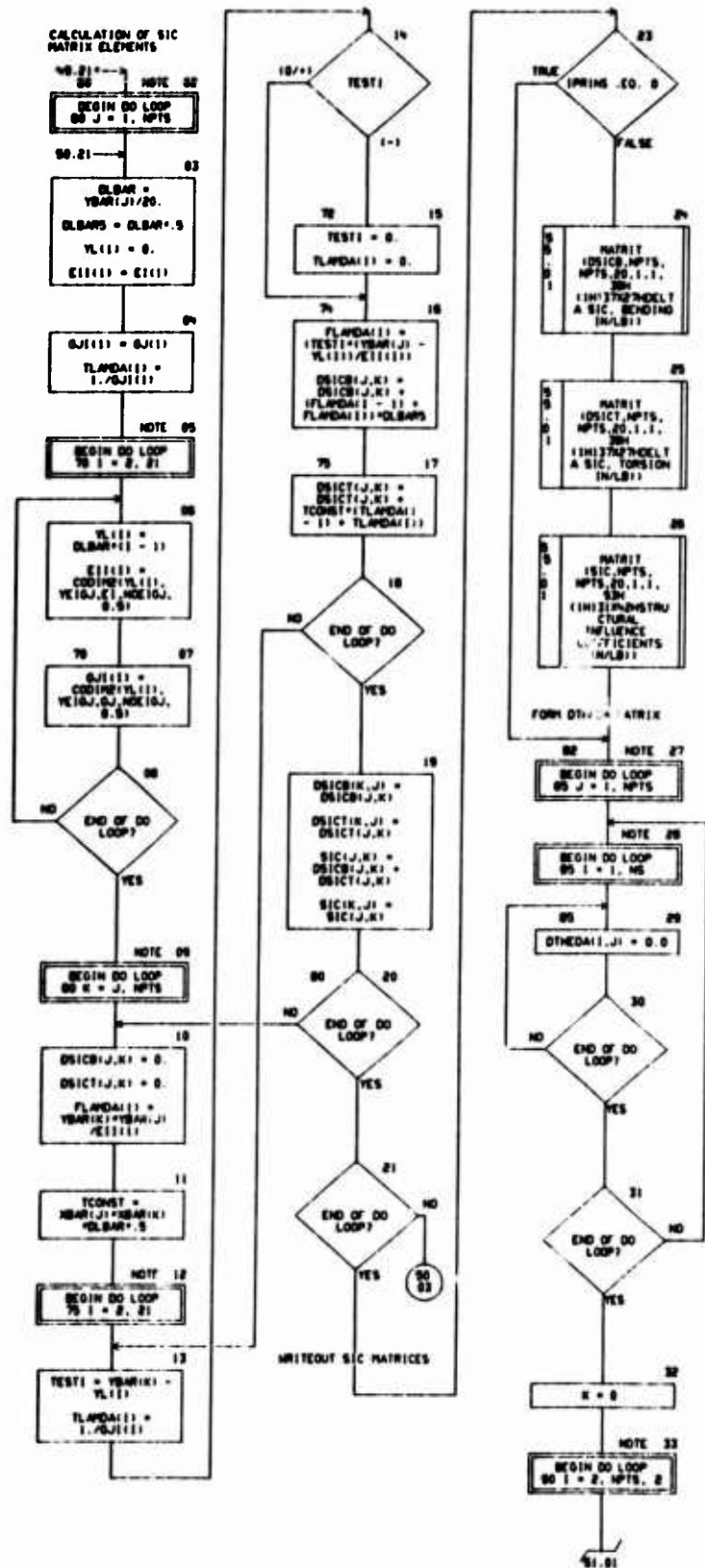
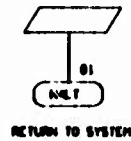


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE FLYSIC/SICBAR,VEIGJ,E1,GJ,CR,BOP,BLPS,ANGLE,FLERT,ANG

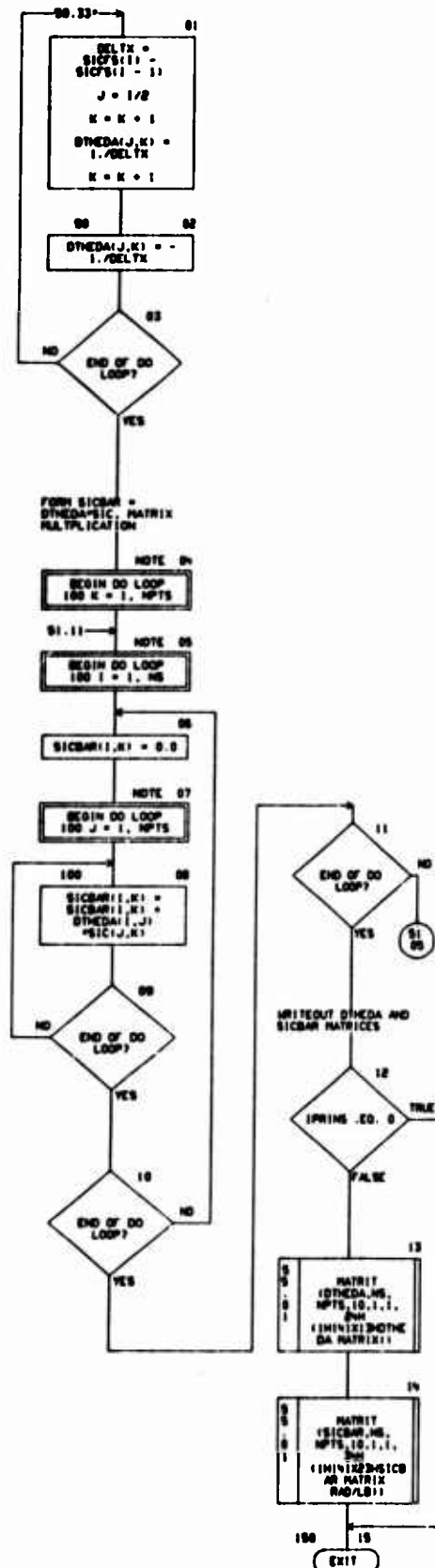




CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```

      DIMENSION XLE(20) ,XL(20) ,CL(20) ,SICFS(20) ,SICBL(20) ,
     1 XBAR(20) ,YBAR(20)
      DIMENSION VL(21) ,EL(11(21)) ,GJ(1(21)) ,VEIGJ(20) ,E1(20) ,
     2 GJ(20) ,FLAPDA(21) ,OSICB(20,20) ,OSICT(20,20) ,
     3 SIC(20,20) ,FLAPDA(21)
      DIMENSION OTHEBA(10,20) ,SICBA(10,20)
      COMMON TCDM(4400)
00  FORMAT (1H) 24X,20H DATA FROM SUBROUTINE FLNSIC, / 8H  NS =,113,
     1 17X,8H XEIGJ =,113, / 8H  CR =,178.2,8H IN., 7X,8H BOZ =,178.
     2 2,8H IN., 8X,7H BLDS =,177.2,8H IN., / 12H  ANGLE =,177.3,8H
     3 DEG., 4X,8H FLERT =,178.2,8H IN., / 12H  ANGEA =,177.3,8H DE
     4 G., 4X,8H FDEAS =,178.2,8H IN., / 12H  LAPDA =,178.3,10X,8H NO
     5 CFMD =,178.3,10X,8H HOCFT =,178.3)
00  FORMAT (23H  EXECUTION STOPPED, / 81H NEGATIVE VALUE OF Y IN TH
     6 E SHEET AXIS SYSTEM HAS BEEN FOUND IN SUBROUTINE FLNSIC )

```

[illegible]

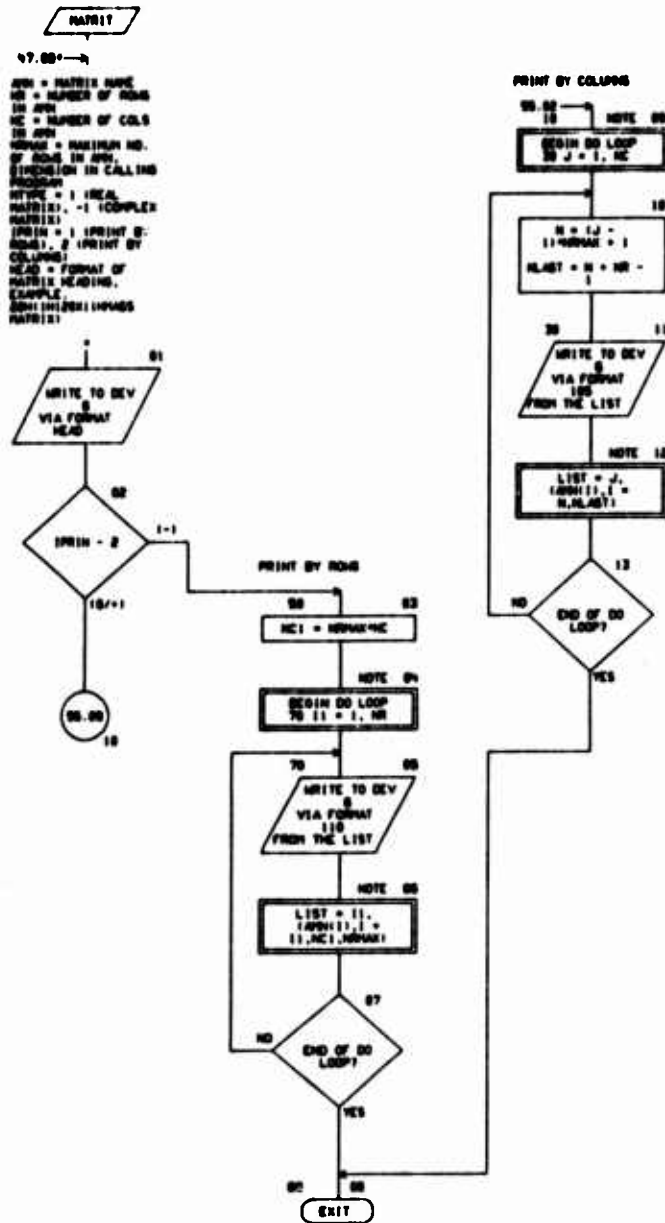
05/04/73

AUTOFLIGHT CHART SET - B747-100 FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM PAGE 04

CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

DIMENSION A(25.00),H(20.00),L(20.00)

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE MATR1:APP,NR,NC,NRMAX,MTYPE,IPRIN,HEAD



05/04/75

AUTOFLW CHART SET - B707L FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM PAGE 05

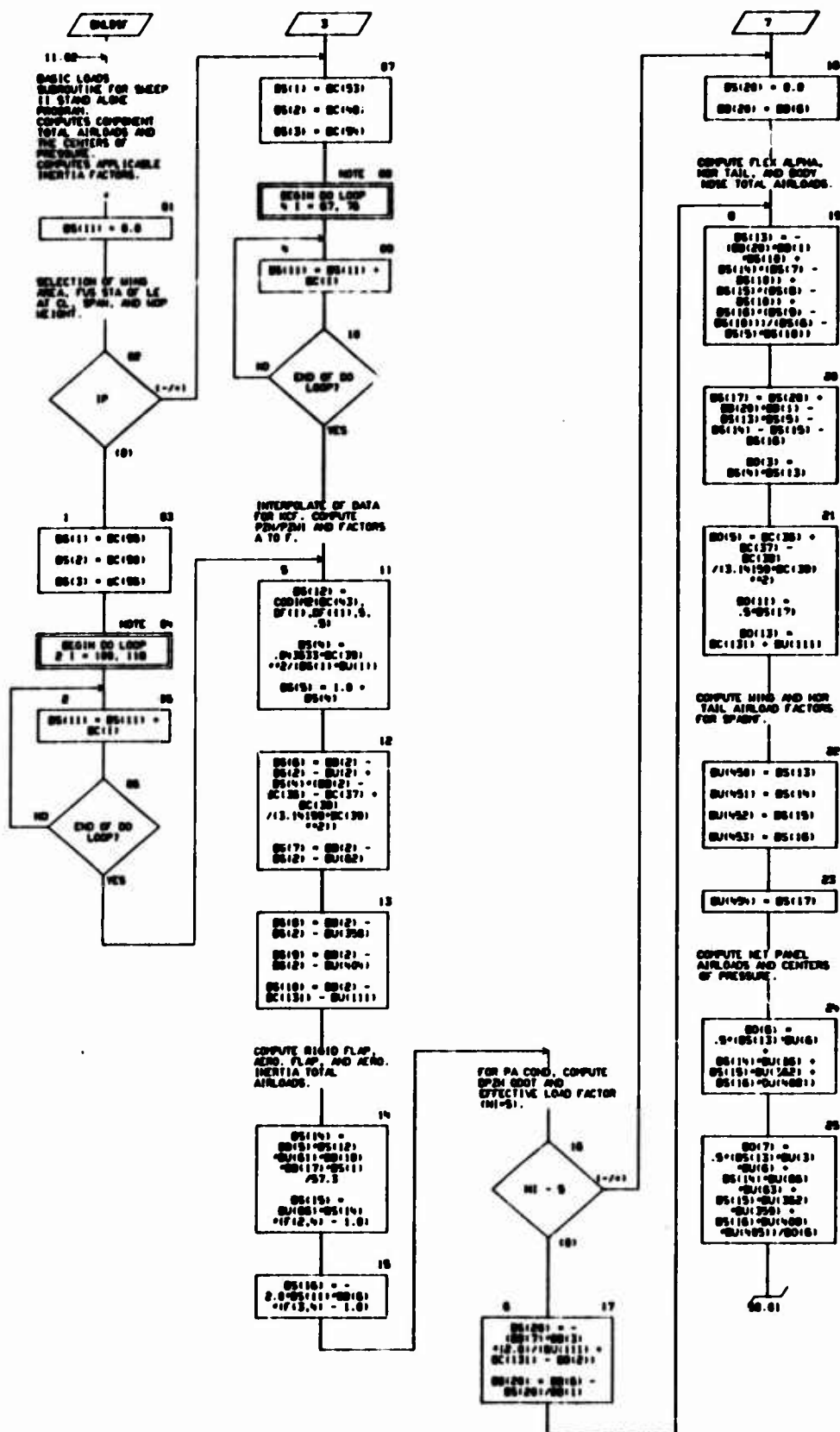
CHART TITLE - NON-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

DIMENSION AMPL11,HEAD1001

100 FORMATTINGINSTRUCTION NO. =1477114 (PCE13.51)

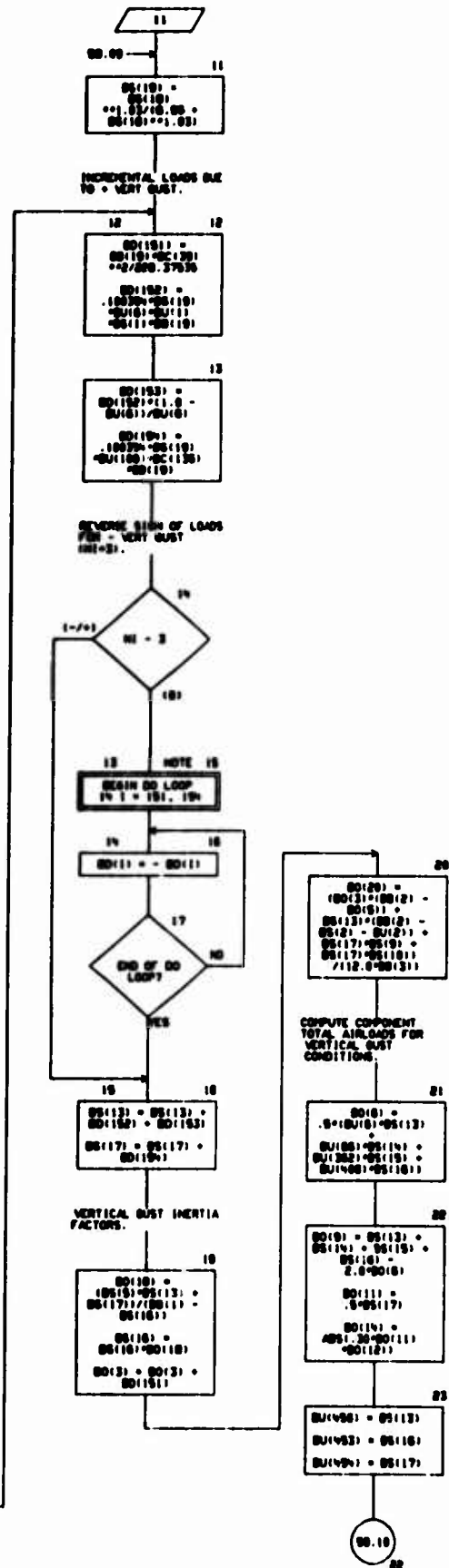
110 FORMATTINGINSTRUCTION NO. =1477114 (PCE13.51)

CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE BLDV

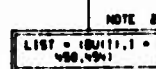
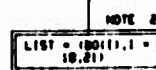
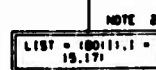
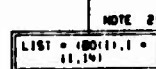
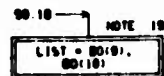
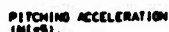


```

graph TD
    67_75[67.75] --> 61
    61[61] --> 62
    62[62] --> 63
    63[63] --> 64
    64[64] --> 65
    65[65] --> 66
    66[66] --> 67
    67[67] --> 68
    68[68] --> 69
    69[69] --> 70
    70[70] --> 71
    71[71] --> 72
    72[72] --> 73
    73[73] --> 74
    74[74] --> 75
    75[75] --> 76
    76[76] --> 77
    77[77] --> 78
    78[78] --> 79
    79[79] --> 80
    80[80] --> 81
    81[81] --> 82
    82[82] --> 83
    83[83] --> 84
    84[84] --> 85
    85[85] --> 86
    86[86] --> 87
    87[87] --> 88
    88[88] --> 89
    89[89] --> 90
    90[90] --> 91
    91[91] --> 92
    92[92] --> 93
    93[93] --> 94
    94[94] --> 95
    95[95] --> 96
    96[96] --> 97
    97[97] --> 98
    98[98] --> 99
    99[99] --> 100
    100[100] --> 101
    101[101] --> 102
    102[102] --> 103
    103[103] --> 104
    104[104] --> 105
    105[105] --> 106
    106[106] --> 107
    107[107] --> 108
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LATERAL GUST  
CALCULATIONS WITH  
WSE-20 FPS (N1-4).






## CHART TITLE - NEW-PROCEDURAL STATEMENTS

```

COMMON TCDN(400)
DIMENSION BF(140),BC(100),BD(20),BE(20),BF(100),BG(100),BH(240),BD
(100),F(13,4)
EQUIVALENCE (BF(1),TCDN(100)),(BC(1),TCDN(270)),(BD(1),TCDN(200)
), (BE(1),TCDN(273)),(BF(1),TCDN(200)),(BG(1),TCDN(310)),(BH(1)
),TCDN(200)),(BD(1),TCDN(400)),(F(1,1),BG(240)),(H(1),BD(100)),(IP
),BD(137)),(H(1),BD(100)),(I(1),BD(15)),(J(1),BD(152)),(K(1),BD(153))
26 FORMAT(1H513CONDITION NO=77.0,SK34=75.3,SHWLT=77.0,SK30F=
0.0)
27 FORMAT(1H513BODY LOADS/74WPDH=75.0,4N WTH=77.0,4NWDH=75.0/)
28 FORMAT(1H51341HS PANEL LOAD/74WPDH(1)/2=75.0,4NWDH(1)=77.2,4
NWDH(1)=75.0/)
29 FORMAT(1H51341HS CARRY-OVER LOAD/74WPDH(1)=75.0,4NWDH(1)=75.
0/)
30 FORMAT(1H51341HS HORIZONTAL TAIL LOADS/74WPDH/2=75.0,4NWDH=75.0,4
NWDH=75.0,4NWDH=75.0/)
31 FORMAT(1H51341HS VERTICAL TAIL LOAD/74WPDH=75.0,4NWDH=75.0,4NWDH
=75.0/)
32 FORMAT(1H51341HS AIRPLANE INERTIA FACTORS/74WPDH=75.0,4NWDH=75.0,4N
WDH=77.3,4NWDH=77.3/)
33 FORMAT(1H51341HS COMPONENT SPANWISE FACTORS/74WPDH(1)=75.0,4NWDH(1)
=75.0,4NWDH(2)=75.0,4NWDH(3)=75.0,4NWDH(4)=75.0)

```



11.03—4

SUBSTITUTE SPADT FOR  
STAND ALONE LOADS  
MODULE OF SHEET 11.  
CALCULATES WIND AND  
EARTHQUAKE SPADT'S  
AIRLOAD SHEAR, BEND  
MOM. FOR  
AIRLOADS INCLUDE THE  
EFFECTS OF WIND  
FLEXIBILITY.

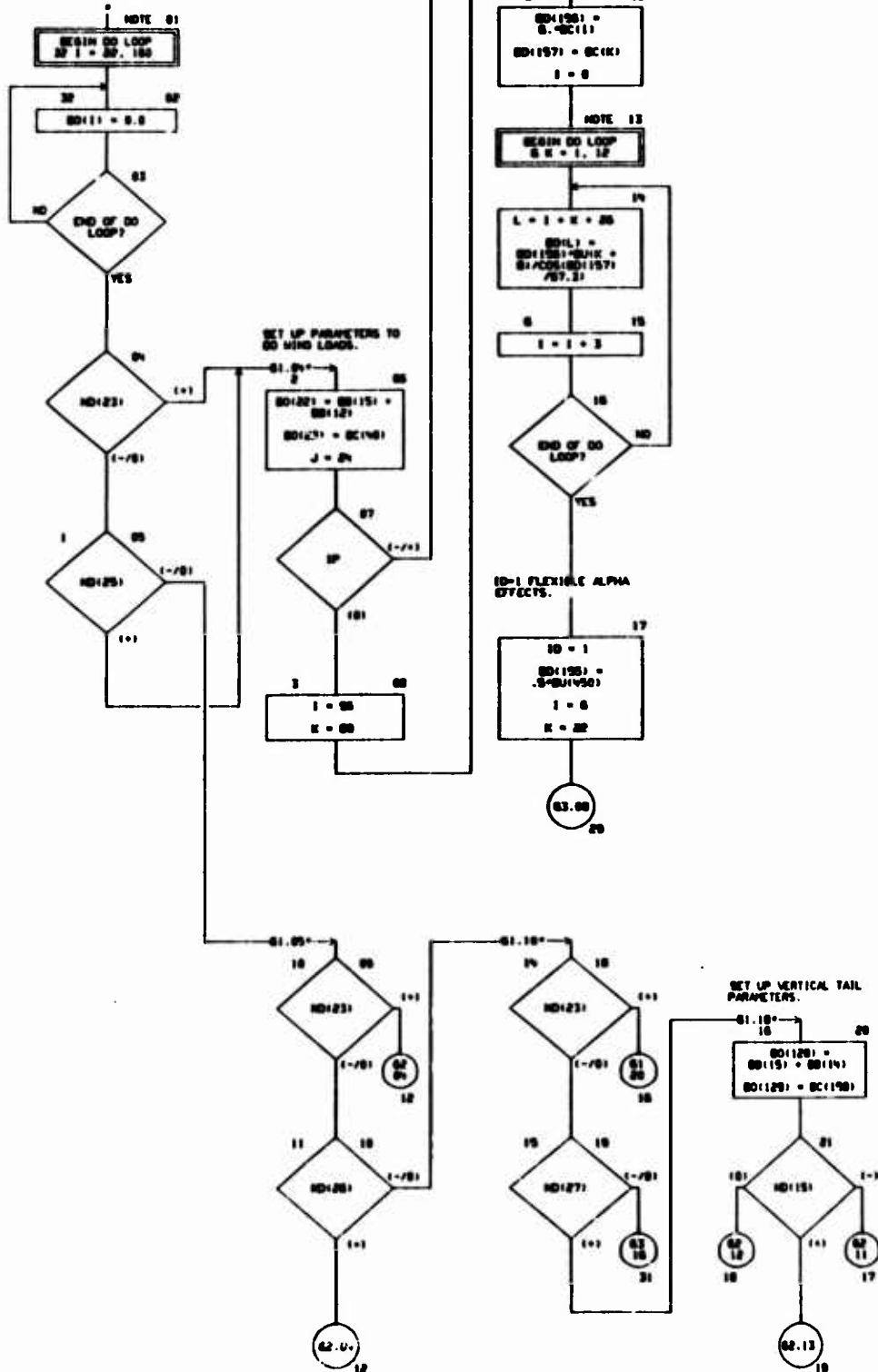


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE SPAD7

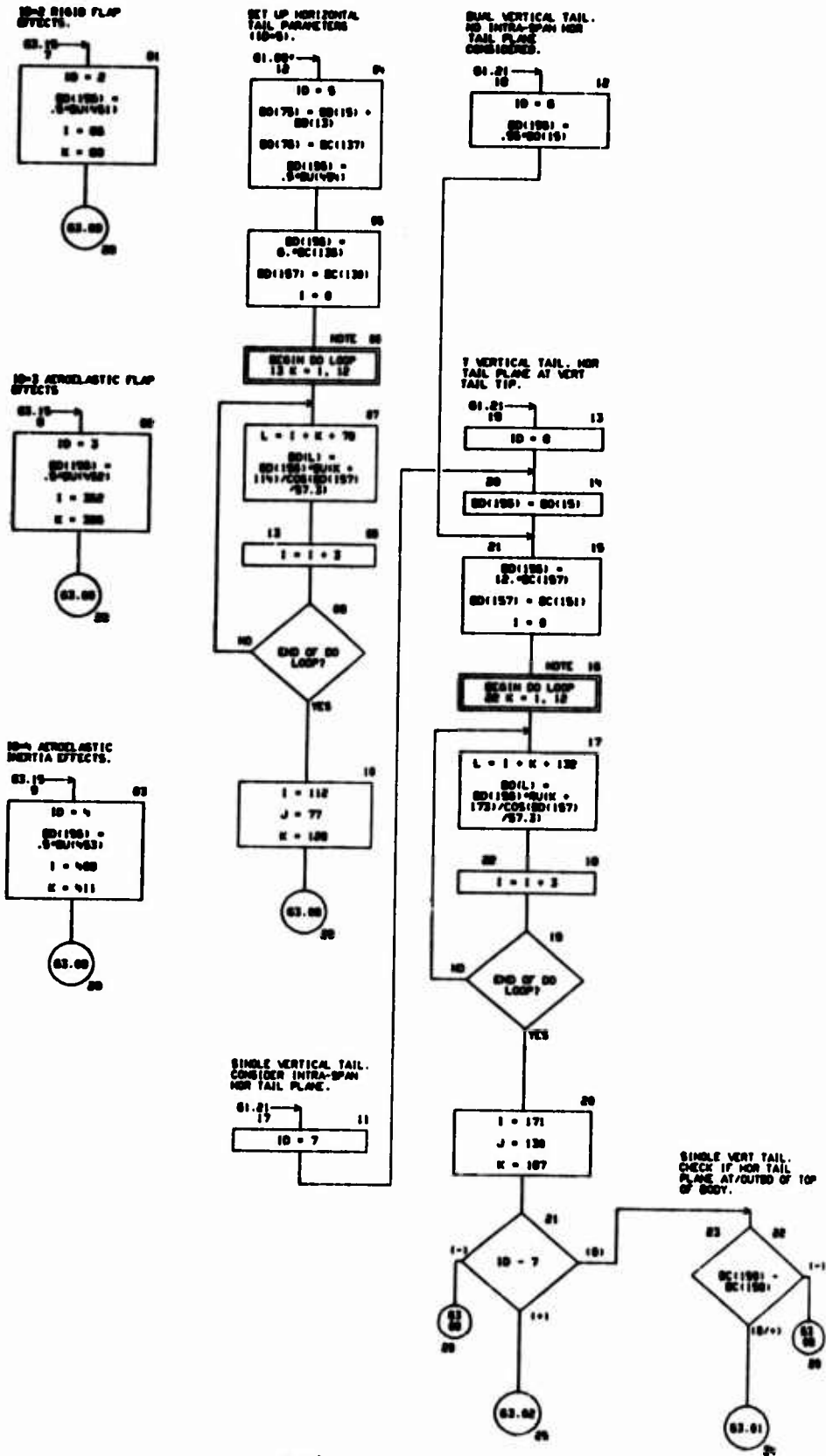


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE SPADVF

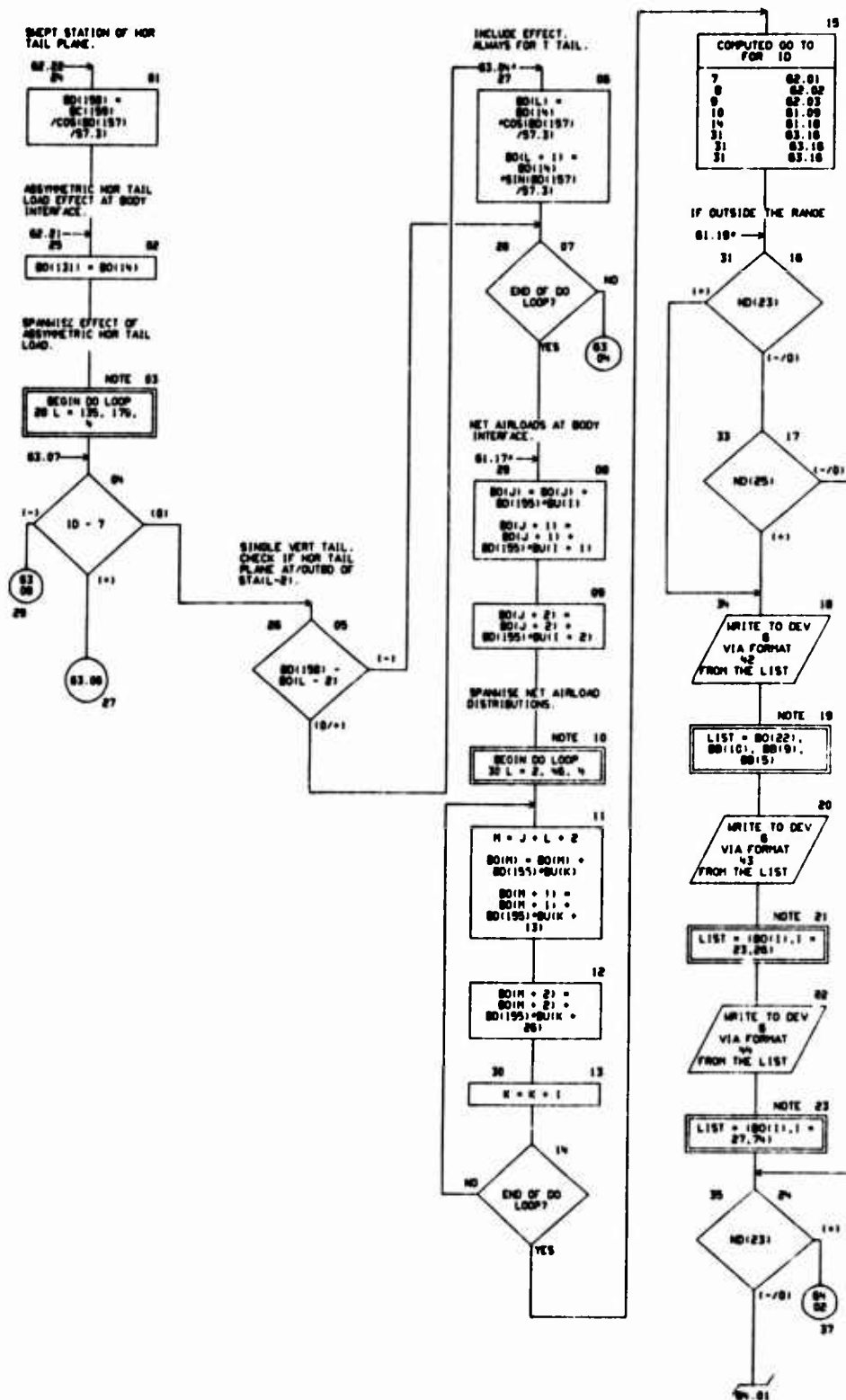
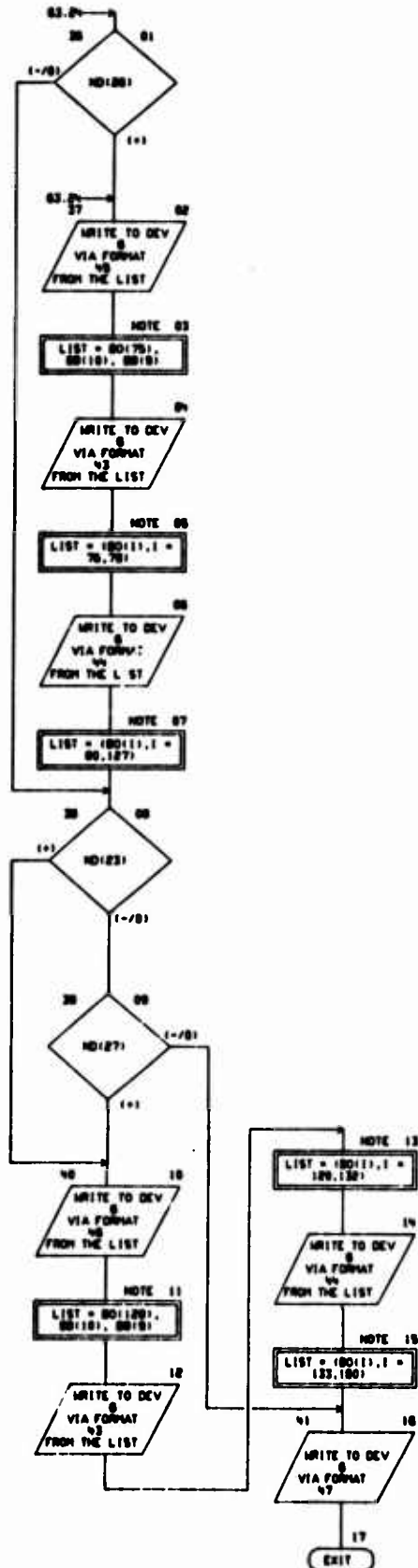


CHART TITLE - SUBROUTINE SPABW



## CARTON (CON 4400)

FORMAT IN THIS WIND LOADS DISCORD NO-77.0, IX-77-78.3, SPM-77.0

05/24/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLIGHT SET - BFWHL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
FORTRAN MODULE	(LIST, EBCDIC)		
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
1	C	BFWHL IS THE STAND ALONE FLEXIBLE LOADS CONTROL PROGRAM.	BFWHL001
2	C	DETERMINES BASIC AIRLOAD CONDITIONS TO BE COMPUTED FOR A SPECIFIED BFWHL002	
3	C	SPEED-ALTITUDE CASE.	BFWHL003
4	C	IT PROVIDES LOGIC AND CONTROL FOR THE AIRLOAD SUBROUTINES.	BFWHL004
5		COMMON TCON(4400)	BFWHL005
6		DIMENSION ND(200),BD(340),BC(100),DD(20),DT(50),DD(55),DT(140),DP(BFWHL010	
7		(170),DT(200),DU(500)	BFWHL011
8		EXTERNALIZE (ND(1),TCON(4201),100(1),TCON(3053),100(1),TCON(2700)BFWHL020	
9		(1),100(1),TCON(2053),100(1),TCON(4001),100(1),TCON(1001),100(1),BFWHL021	
10		DTCON(1001),100(1),TCON(1000),100(1),TCON(1100),11,ND(101),1J,ND(BFWHL022	
11		3(102),11C,ND(103),110C,ND(104),11R,ND(107),11T,ND(106),11F,ND(BFWHL023	
12		4(100),10U(1),TCON(3153),11CALCS,ND(108),11NE0,ND(142),11NC,ND(100)BFWHL024	
13		0)	BFWHL025
14		DO 97 I=405,405	BFWHL026
15		97 DU(1)=0.0	BFWHL028
16		DO 1 I=1,100	BFWHL030
17		1 BC(1)=0.0	BFWHL032
18		3 READ(5,4)(ND(1),I=13,40)	BFWHL040
19		4 FORMAT(3A12)	BFWHL041
20		10--1	BFWHL043
21		CALL RECDAT	BFWHL045
22		CALL SECRO (DT)	BFWHL050
23		CALL SECRO (DD)	BFWHL055
24		CALL SECRO (DT)	BFWHL060
25		CALL SECRO (DP)	BFWHL065
26		DO 9 I=100,131	BFWHL075
27		9 ND(1)=0	BFWHL077
28		10--40(40)	BFWHL080
29	C	SET UP REQUIRED CONDITIONS MAP.	BFWHL083
30		DU TO (7,7,10,10,10,7,25,20,7,7),NC	BFWHL085
31	C	POSITIVE NZ CONDITIONS.	BFWHL090
32		7 IF(ND(20)=10,10,0	BFWHL095
33		0 IF(1NC-0)11,12,0	BFWHL100
34		0 IF(1NC-7)13,11,10	BFWHL105
35		10 IF(1NC-1)14,10,10	BFWHL110
36		11 ND(112)=1	BFWHL115
37		12 ND(110)=1	BFWHL120
38		13 ND(120)=1	BFWHL125
39		IF(1NC-3)37,37,16	BFWHL130
40		14 ND(120)=1	BFWHL135
41		15 ND(130)=1	BFWHL140
42	C	NEGATIVE NZ CONDITIONS.	BFWHL145
43		16 IF(ND(20)=27,27,17	BFWHL150
44		17 IF(1NC-6)20,21,10	BFWHL155
45		10 IF(1NC-7)22,20,10	BFWHL160
46		10 IF(1NC-1)23,24,27	BFWHL165
47		20 ND(113)=1	BFWHL170
48		21 ND(117)=1	BFWHL175
49		22 ND(121)=1	BFWHL176
50		IF(1NC-8)27,27,37	BFWHL178
51		23 ND(120)=1	BFWHL180
52		24 ND(131)=1	BFWHL183
53		00 TO 27	BFWHL184
54	C	RECOVERING FLAP DOWN CONDITION.	BFWHL188
55		25 ND(124)=1	BFWHL190
56		00 TO 90	BFWHL193
57	C	FLAP DOWN 10 TRIM CONDITION.	BFWHL195
58		26 ND(125)=1	BFWHL198
59		00 TO 90	BFWHL200
60	C	POSITIVE VERTICAL GUST CONDITIONS.	BFWHL203
61		27 IF(ND(32)=31,31,20	BFWHL205
62		28 IF(1NC-10)20,30,30	BFWHL208
63		29 ND(100)=1	BFWHL210
64		00 TO 31	BFWHL213
65		30 ND(100)=1	BFWHL215
66	C	NEGATIVE VERTICAL GUST CONDITIONS.	BFWHL218
67		31 IF(ND(33)=35,35,32	BFWHL220
68		32 IF(1NC-10)33,34,34	BFWHL223
69		33 ND(110)=1	BFWHL225
70		00 TO 35	BFWHL228

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - BFCNL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
71	34 MD1271=1		BFCNT230
72	00 TO 00		BFCNT233
73	C LATERAL GUST CONDITIONS.		BFCNT236
74	35 IF MD1241=50.00,35		BFCNT239
75	35 MD1111=1		BFCNT242
76	00 TO 00		BFCNT245
77	C PITCHING ACCELERATION CONDITIONS.		BFCNT248
78	37 IF MD1351=43.43,30		BFCNT251
79	38 IF MC-2140,41,30		BFCNT254
80	38 IF MC-7140,40,00		BFCNT257
81	40 MD1111=1		BFCNT260
82	41 MD1110=1		BFCNT263
83	42 MD1201=1		BFCNT266
84	C YAWING ACCELERATION CONDITIONS.		BFCNT269
85	43 IF MD1351=50.00,44		BFCNT272
86	44 IF MC-2140,47,40		BFCNT275
87	45 IF MC-7140,46,00		BFCNT278
88	46 MD1110=1		BFCNT281
89	47 MD1110=1		BFCNT284
90	48 MD1231=1		BFCNT287
91	C CONDITION PARAMETERS. REGION 1001.		BFCNT290
92	00 MD1111=0.0		BFCNT293
93	00 MD1131=4.0		BFCNT296
94	00 MD1141=MD1151=0		BFCNT299
95	00 MD1161=0.0		BFCNT302
96	00 127 1=1.23		BFCNT305
97	IF MD111001127,127,00		BFCNT310
98	00 00 2 1=1.21		BFCNT312
99	2 MD111=0.0		BFCNT314
100	00 TO 173,73,73,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,70,70,70,61,04,77,77,71		BFCNT316
101	1,71,70,70,1		BFCNT318
102	C CASE 0 (FLAP DOWN MANEUVER) PARAMETERS.		BFCNT320
103	01 MD111=0C111		BFCNT322
104	MD101=0C1101		BFCNT324
105	MD1101=1.0*0C1241/001.3		BFCNT326
106	IF MD111102,02,63		BFCNT328
107	02 MD121=0C131		BFCNT330
108	00 TO 00		BFCNT332
109	03 MD121=0C121		BFCNT334
110	00 TO 00		BFCNT336
111	C CASE 0 (FLAPS DOWN 1.00 TRIM) PARAMETERS.		BFCNT340
112	04 MD111=0C1111		BFCNT342
113	MD101=0C1121		BFCNT344
114	MD101=1.0		BFCNT346
115	MD1101=1.2*0C1351/001.3		BFCNT348
116	05 MD131=0.0		BFCNT350
117	MD141=0.0		BFCNT352
118	MD151=0C1441		BFCNT354
119	MD171=0.0		BFCNT356
120	MD101=0.0		BFCNT358
121	MD101=0.0		BFCNT360
122	IF MD1111100,00,07		BFCNT362
123	06 MD1121=1.0		BFCNT364
124	00 TO 112		BFCNT366
125	07 MD1121=2.0		BFCNT368
126	00 TO 112		BFCNT370
127	C FLAPS UP CONDITION ALTITUDE.		BFCNT372
128	08 MD101=0C1101		BFCNT374
129	00 TO 00		BFCNT376
130	09 MD101=0C1201		BFCNT378
131	00 TO 00		BFCNT380
132	10 MD101=0C1211		BFCNT382
133	00 TO 00		BFCNT384
134	11 MD101=0C1201		BFCNT386
135	00 TO 00		BFCNT388
136	12 MD101=0C1301		BFCNT390
137	00 TO 00		BFCNT392
138	13 IF MC-5100,74,75		BFCNT394
139	14 IF 0C1201-20000,100,70,70		BFCNT396
140	15 IF 0C1211-20000,170,70,70		BFCNT398
141	C 104 GUST AT 20000 FT. WIND FIXED OR VARIABLE AFT.		BFCNT400





05/04/75	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLEX CHART SET - BFCNTL FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	*****
013	00(2)=00(10)	BFCNT000
014	C RACH NUMBER CHANGE TEST.	BFCNT002
015	IF(00(10)-00(10)1117,120,117	BFCNT004
016	C ALTITUDE CHANGE TEST.	BFCNT006
017	100 IF(00(10)-00(11)1120,110,120	BFCNT008
018	117 00(10)=00(10)	BFCNT010
019	120 00(11)=00(10)	BFCNT012
020	IF=1	BFCNT014
021	CALL USPAR	BFCNT016
022	IF(ICALS.E0.0) 00 TO 110	BFCNT018
023	00 00 J=1,100	BFCNT020
024	00(14)=J1=0F(00+J)	BFCNT022
025	00 00(14)=J1=0F(00+J)	BFCNT024
026	00(14)=00(12)	BFCNT026
027	110 CONTINUE	BFCNT028
028	00 TO 110,122,123,110,119,124,125,110,110,124,125,110,110,124,125	BFCNT030
029	1,110,110,121,122,110,110,110,110,1	BFCNT032
030	110 N1=1	BFCNT034
031	00 TO 120	BFCNT036
032	121 N1=2	BFCNT038
033	00 TO 120	BFCNT040
034	122 N1=3	BFCNT042
035	00 TO 120	BFCNT044
036	123 N1=4	BFCNT046
037	00 TO 120	BFCNT048
038	124 N1=5	BFCNT050
039	00 TO 120	BFCNT052
040	125 N1=6	BFCNT054
041	126 CALL 04L30F	BFCNT056
042	CALL 0FADP	BFCNT058
043	IF(IND(4)100,00,40	BFCNT060
044	40 IC=1	BFCNT062
045	IC=1+1000000+IC+100000+1+1000+1	BFCNT064
046	00 01 J=1,100,5	BFCNT066
047	WRITE(14,50(1C,00(J1,00(J+1),00(J+2),00(J+3),00(J+4),IC	BFCNT068
048	00 FORMAT(112,1PSE12.5,10)	BFCNT070
049	IC=IC+5	BFCNT072
050	01 IC=IC+1	BFCNT074
051	00 IF(IND(4)1127,127,52	BFCNT076
052	52 WRITE(6,53)	BFCNT078
053	53 FORMAT(1H1)	BFCNT080
054	IC=1	BFCNT082
055	IC=1+1000000+IC+100000+1+1000+1	BFCNT084
056	00 00 J=1,100,5	BFCNT086
057	WRITE(6,54)IC,00(J1,00(J+1),00(J+2),00(J+3),00(J+4),IC	BFCNT088
058	04 FORMAT(1H 5X112,3X1PSE15.5,3X10)	BFCNT090
059	IC=IC+5	BFCNT092
060	05 IC=IC+1	BFCNT094
061	WRITE(6,53)	BFCNT096
062	127 CONTINUE	BFCNT098
063	00 TO 3	BFCNT100
064	END	BFCNT102
065	SUBROUTINE RECDAT	RECDAB01
066	C REARRANGES BC AND NEW BF DATA TO BFCNTL FORMAT.	RECDAB05
067	C SETS UP E1 AND OJ DATA FOR MFLX INPUT.	RECDAB07
068	COMMON TCON(400)	RECDAB10
069	DIMENSION BC(100),BF(200),NO(200)	RECDAB15
070	EQUIVALENCE (BC(1),TCON(2750)),(BF(1),TCON(400)),(NO(1),TCON(401)RECDAB20	
071	11,11,NO(132)),1J,NO(133)),1IR,NO(107)),1P,NO(137))	RECDAB25
072	IF(1R)1,1,20	RECDAB27
073	1 CALL DECRD (BC)	RECDAB30
074	CALL RECD (BF)	RECDAB32
075	WRITE(6,55)	RECDAB34
076	WRITE(6,54) (BC(1),1=1,100)	RECDAB36
077	WRITE(6,53)	RECDAB38
078	WRITE(6,54) (BF(1),1=1,100)	RECDAB40
079	00 2 1=11,113	RECDAB43
080	2 BF(1)=BC(1)+95)	RECDAB45
081	00 3 1=107,110	RECDAB50
082	3 BF(1)=BC(1)-7)	RECDAB55
083	00 4 1=170,101	RECDAB60

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - BFCNCL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
284	J=353-1		REDA883
285	4 BC(1)+BC(1)-3		REDA886
286	BC(100)+BC(157)		REDA870
287	00 5 1=161.171		REDA875
288	5 BC(1)+BC(1)-15		REDA880
289	BC(100)+BC(104)		REDA885
290	00 6 1=150.150		REDA890
291	6 BC(1)+BC(1)-13		REDA895
292	BC(130)+BC(125)		REDA100
293	00 7 1=130.140		REDA105
294	7 BC(1)+BC(1)-25		REDA110
295	00 8 1=120.137		REDA115
296	8 BC(1)+BC(1)-24		REDA120
297	IF(ND(1))0.0.11		REDA125
298	0 00 10 1=07.120		REDA130
299	10 BC(1)+0.0		REDA135
300	00 10 10		REDA140
301	11 00 12 1=100.120		REDA145
302	12 BC(1)+BF(1)-02		REDA150
303	BC(07)+BC(00)		REDA155
304	00 13 1=00.100		REDA160
305	13 BC(1)+BC(1)-21		REDA165
306	00 14 1=02.06		REDA170
307	14 BC(1)+BC(1)-20		REDA175
308	BC(01)+BF(05)		REDA180
309	BC(00)+BC(71)		REDA185
310	BC(00)+BC(70)		REDA190
311	BC(00)+BF(25)		REDA195
312	BC(07)+BC(00)		REDA200
313	10 00 16 1=07.00		REDA205
314	16 BC(1)+BF(1)-02		REDA210
315	00 17 1=50.00		REDA212
316	J=124-1		REDA214
317	17 BC(1)+BC(1)-10		REDA216
318	BC(05)+BC(57)		REDA218
319	BC(57)+BC(47)		REDA220
320	BC(06)+BC(46)		REDA225
321	00 18 1=50.54		REDA230
322	18 BC(1)+BC(1)-01		REDA235
323	BC(40)+BF(4)		REDA240
324	BC(40)+BC(40)		REDA245
325	BC(47)+BC(30)		REDA250
326	BC(46)+BF(3)		REDA255
327	BC(45)+BC(30)		REDA260
328	00 19 1=41.44		REDA265
329	19 BC(1)+BF(1)+00		REDA270
330	00 20 1=24.40		REDA275
331	J=74-1		REDA278
332	20 BC(1)+BC(1)-3		REDA280
333	IF(ND(1))21.21.23		REDA285
334	21 00 22 1=20.33		REDA290
335	22 BC(1)+0.0		REDA295
336	00 20 24		REDA300
337	23 BC(33)+BF(2)		REDA305
338	BC(32)+BF(20)		REDA310
339	BC(31)+BC(20)		REDA315
340	BC(30)+BC(20)		REDA320
341	BC(29)+BC(25)		REDA325
342	24 BC(20)+BF(1)		REDA330
343	00 25 1=25.27		REDA335
344	25 BC(1)+BF(1)+00		REDA340
345	RETURN		REDA345
346	26 IF(P)20.27.20		REDA355
347	27 BF(117)+BC(40)/COS(BC(00)/57.3)		REDA360
348	BF(174)+BC(06)+0.0/COS(BC(00)/57.3)		REDA365
349	00 20 20		REDA370
350	28 BF(117)+BC(40)/COS(BC(46)/57.3)		REDA375
351	BF(174)+BC(04)+0.0/COS(BC(46)/57.3)		REDA380
352	29 BF(114)+0.0		REDA385
353	BF(110)+.25*BF(117)		REDA390
354	BF(110)+.50*BF(117)		REDA395



05/04/75	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLON CHART SET - 07CHTL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
426	C SUBSONIC 0/N PARAMETER.		USPF0000
427	6 05(11)-CDBH(05(2),07(0),07(21),12.,0)		USPF0005
428	00 TO 9		USPF0100
429	6 IF(CM=1.17,0.0		USPF0105
430	7 05(2)=1.1		USPF0110
431	00 TO 9		USPF0115
432	6 05(2)-CM		USPF0120
433	9 IF(NT=0.10,10.10		USPF0125
434	C MIND ANALYSIS.		USPF0130
435	10 05(3)-CDBH(CM,07(0),07(33),12.,0)		USPF0135
436	05(4)-05(40)		USPF0140
437	1P=05(12)=2.0		USPF0145
438	IF(1P)14,11,14		USPF0150
439	C MIND VARIABLE SHEEP FND.		USPF0155
440	11 00 12 1=0,13		USPF0160
441	12 05(11)-05(11-02)		USPF0165
442	05(14)-05(10)=0.0		USPF0170
443	05(16)-05(07)		USPF0175
444	00 13 1=1,11		USPF0180
445	13 0U(1-0)-05(100-11)/05(14)		USPF0185
446	00 TO 17		USPF0190
447	C MIND FIXED OR VARIABLE SHEEP AT.		USPF0195
448	14 00 15 1=0,13		USPF0200
449	15 05(11)-05(11-04)		USPF0205
450	05(14)-05(10)=0.0		USPF0210
451	05(16)-05(05)		USPF0215
452	00 15 1=1,11		USPF0220
453	16 0U(1-0)-05(07-11)/05(14)		USPF0225
454	17 0U(0)=1.0		USPF0230
455	05(15)-05(4)/05(14)		USPF0235
456	05(17)-05(42)/05(14)		USPF0240
457	05(18)-05(41)/05(14)		USPF0245
458	00 TO 25		USPF0250
459	C EXPONENTIAL (1/C) OF CP.		USPF0255
460	18 05(3)-CDBH(CM,07(0),07(45),12.,0)		USPF0260
461	IF(NT=0.10,20.20		USPF0265
462	C HORIZONTAL TAIL PARAMETERS.		USPF0270
463	19 05(4)-05(137)		USPF0275
464	05(5)-05(120)		USPF0280
465	05(7)-05(130)		USPF0285
466	05(8)-05(131)		USPF0290
467	00 20 1=10,13		USPF0295
468	20 05(11)-05(120+1)		USPF0300
469	05(14)-05(130)=0.0		USPF0305
470	05(15)-05(4)/05(14)		USPF0310
471	05(16)-05(130)		USPF0315
472	00 21 1=1,11		USPF0320
473	21 0U(1-15)-05(150-11)/05(14)		USPF0325
474	0U(15)=1.0		USPF0330
475	00 TO 25		USPF0335
476	C VERTICAL TAIL PARAMETERS.		USPF0340
477	22 05(4)-05(130)		USPF0345
478	05(5)-05(130)		USPF0350
479	05(7)-05(131)		USPF0355
480	05(8)-05(132)		USPF0360
481	00 22 1=10,13		USPF0365
482	23 05(11)-05(11-143)		USPF0370
483	05(14)-05(157)=12.0		USPF0375
484	05(15)-05(4)/05(14)		USPF0380
485	05(16)-05(160)		USPF0385
486	00 24 1=1,11		USPF0390
487	24 0U(1-17)-05(170-11)/05(14)		USPF0395
488	0U(17)=1.0		USPF0400
489	05(12)-05(12)=2.0		USPF0405
490	25 IF(CM=1.0)26,30,30		USPF0410
491	C SUBSONIC AERO DATA.		USPF0415
492	26 05(10)-ATAN(TANH(05(0)/07.3)-1).0-05(111)/05(12)+1).0-05(11111)/05(12)		USPF0420
493	1007(1.0-05(2)+05(1)+07.3		USPF0425
494	05(20)-05(11)-05(12)		USPF0430
495	C SUBSONIC CLARK TABLE VALUES.		USPF0435
496	L=0		USPF0440

06/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - EPCNTL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
007	DO 27 I=1,4		USPF 0445
008	K=14.005		USPF 0450
009	YA(1)=CODIME(05(10),05(20),00(11),00(7),00(K),7,6,.5)		USPF 0455
010	27 L=441		USPF 0460
011	WRITE(6,20)05(12),05(10),05(11),05(20)		USPF 0465
012	WRITE(6,20)07(1),1=5,0),YA(1),1=1,4)		USPF 0470
013	IF INT-0)30,32,34		USPF 0475
014	C MIND RIGID CLAS.		USPF 0480
015	30 00(10)=CODIME(05(11),07(5),YA,4,.5)*57.3/05(1)		USPF 0500
016	WRITE(6,31)		USPF 0505
017	GO TO 37		USPF 0515
018	32 I=100		USPF 0520
019	WRITE(6,33)		USPF 0525
010	GO TO 38		USPF 0535
011	34 I=107		USPF 0540
012	WRITE(6,35)		USPF 0545
013	C EXPERIENCE LIFT CURVE SLOPE.		USPF 0555
014	35 00(11)=CODIME(05(11),07(5),YA,4,.5)*57.3/05(1)		USPF 0560
015	C SUBSONIC (CLC/CLCAV) TABLE VALUES.		USPF 0565
016	37 L=8		USPF 0570
017	DO 38 I=1,10		USPF 0575
018	K=14.013		USPF 0580
019	YB(1)=CODIME(05(10),05(20),00(11),00(7),00(K),7,6,.5)		USPF 0585
020	38 L=441		USPF 0590
021	GO TO 40		USPF 0595
022	C SUPERSONIC AERO DATA.		USPF 0600
023	39 05(10)=05(12)*SORT(05(2)**2-1,0)		USPF 0605
024	05(20)=SORT(05(2)**2-1,0)/TAN(05(5)/57.3)		USPF 0610
025	C SUPERSONIC (2T/VAR) TABLE VALUES.		USPF 0615
026	L=8		USPF 0620
027	DO 40 I=1,10		USPF 0625
028	K=14.014		USPF 0630
029	YB(1)=CODIME(05(20),05(10),07(5),07(1),07(K),5,0,.5)		USPF 0635
030	40 L=444		USPF 0640
031	WRITE(6,41)05(12),05(11),05(10),05(20)		USPF 0645
032	WRITE(6,42)07(1),1=5,0)		USPF 0650
033	IF INT-5)43,44,45		USPF 0655
034	43 WRITE(6,31)		USPF 0670
035	GO TO 46		USPF 0675
036	44 WRITE(6,33)		USPF 0680
037	GO TO 48		USPF 0685
038	45 WRITE(6,35)		USPF 0690
039	46 WRITE(6,47)CM		USPF 0695
040	J=1		USPF 0705
041	K=4		USPF 0710
042	L=1		USPF 0715
043	48 WRITE(6,49)YB(1),1=J,K),07(1)		USPF 0720
044	J=J+4		USPF 0730
045	K=K+4		USPF 0735
046	L=L+1		USPF 0740
047	IF L-4)40,46,50		USPF 0745
048	C LOADING AT AERO DATA STATIONS.		USPF 0750
049	50 DO 51 I=1,4		USPF 0755
050	L=((-1)**I)		USPF 0760
051	51 YC(1)=CODIME(05(11),07(5),YB(1),4,.5)		USPF 0765
052	YC(5)=0.0		USPF 0770
053	IF INT-5)52,52,54		USPF 0775
054	52 L=5		USPF 0780
055	DO 53 I=1,4		USPF 0785
056	53 ED(1)=07(1)		USPF 0790
057	ED(5)=1.0		USPF 0795
058	GO TO 56		USPF 0800
059	54 L=3		USPF 0805
060	ED(1)=0.0		USPF 0810
061	ED(2)=.942		USPF 0815
062	ED(3)=1.0		USPF 0820
063	55 WRITE(6,56)CM		USPF 0825
064	WRITE(6,57)ED(1),YC(1),1=1,L)		USPF 0835
065	IF INT-5)58,120,120		USPF 0845
066	C WIND STRIP BOUNDARY STATIONS.		USPF 0850
067	58 E55(1)=1.0		USPF 0855

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLEX CHART SET - 07CHL	FLEXIBLE AIRLADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
060	ESG(ND+1)=SG(10)		USPF0000
060	ESG(ND+2)=0.0		USPF0000
070	SD(44)=SD(43)		USPF0070
071	DO 00 I=2,ND		USPF0070
072	DO ESG(1)=ESG(1)-1-11.0-ESG(ND+1)/SD(44)		USPF0000
073	C STRIP LOADING DUE TO RIGID ALPHA EFFECTS.		USPF0000
074	J=ND+2		USPF0000
075	DO 00 I=1,J		USPF0000
076	DO YSG(1)=CODE(ESG(1),CD,YC,L,.0)		USPF0000
077	C STRIP NET RIGID UNIT ALPHA EFFECTS LOAD.		USPF0000
078	SD(00)=0.0		USPF0010
079	DO 01 I=0,J		USPF0010
080	SPA(1-1)=0+ESG(1-1)-ESG(11)*(YSG(1-1)+YSG(11))		USPF0020
081	01 SD(00)=SD(00)+SPA(1-1)		USPF0020
082	C MODIFY CARRYOVER STRIP LOAD AND NORMALIZE.		USPF0030
083	SD(00)=SD(00)-0.5*SPA(ND+1)		USPF0030
084	SPA(ND+1)=0.5*SPA(ND+1)		USPF0040
085	DO 02 I=0,J		USPF0040
086	02 SPA(1-1)=SPA(1-1)/SD(00)		USPF0040
087	IF(CM=1.0)04,03,03		USPF0000
088	C SUPERSONIC CLAD RIGID.		USPF0000
089	03 SD(10)=SD(12)+SD(00)		USPF0000
090	C MODIFY CLA RIGID.		USPF0070
091	04 SD(10)=SD(10)+SD(00)/SD(00)		USPF0070
092	C FIRST COLUMN IN AFM AND AFMP MATRICES.		USPF0000
093	DO 00 I=1,ND		USPF0000
094	K=ND+1-I		USPF0007
095	AFM(I,1)=SPA(K)		USPF0000
096	00 AFMP(I,1)=SD(3)		USPF0000
097	C RIGID STRIP LOADING DUE TO FLAP DEFLECTION.		USPF1000
098	WRITE(6,00)CM,SD(5)		USPF1000
099	DO 00 I=1,J		USPF1000
100	YSG(1)=CODE(ESG(1),00(17),DF(20),DF(10),DF(37),10,11,.0)		USPF1020
101	YB(1)=CODE(ESG(1),00(10),DF(20),DF(10),DF(37),10,11,.0)		USPF1030
102	WRITE(6,07)ESG(1),YSG(1),YB(1)		USPF1030
103	C NET RIGID FLAP DEFLECTION INCREMENT.		USPF1040
104	YSG(1)=YSG(1)-YB(1)		USPF1000
105	00 WRITE(6,00)YSG(1)		USPF1000
106	C COMPUTE HSF AND NORMALIZED STRIP LOADS.		USPF1000
107	SU(0)=0.0		USPF1070
108	DO 70 I=2,J		USPF1070
109	DF(1-1)=0+ESG(1-1)-ESG(11)*(YSG(1-1)+YSG(11))		USPF1000
110	70 SU(0)=SU(0)+DF(1-1)		USPF1000
111	DO 71 I=2,J		USPF1000
112	71 DF(1-1)=DF(1-1)/SU(0)		USPF1000
113	C SECOND COLUMN IN AFM AND AFMP MATRICES.		USPF1100
114	SD(00)=CODE(BC(43),DF(1),DF(0),0,.0)		USPF1100
115	DO 72 I=1,ND		USPF1110
116	K=ND+1-I		USPF1113
117	AFM(I,2)=DF(K)		USPF1110
118	72 AFMP(I,2)=SD(00)		USPF1100
119	C THIRD COLUMN IN AFM AND AFMP MATRICES.		USPF1100
120	IF(IP=74,73,74)		USPF1120
121	73 J=100		USPF1120
122	DO 70 I=1,J		USPF1140
123	74 J=00		USPF1140
124	70 SD(0)=0.0		USPF1140
125	DO 100 I=1,ND		USPF1147
126	K=I+J		USPF1140
127	100 SD(0)=SD(0)+BC(K)		USPF1140
128	DO 70 I=1,ND		USPF1150
129	K=I+J		USPF1150
130	FM=K+10		USPF1100
131	AFM(I,3)=BC(K)/SD(0)		USPF1100
132	70 AFMP(I,3)=BC(K)		USPF1170
133	C COMPUTE DYNAMIC PRESSURE, PERCENT OF EXPOSED LOAD, AND CALL MFLX.		USPF1170
134	CALL ATPOS (SD(0),SD(02),SD(03),SD(04))		USPF1100
135	SD(17)=0.5*SD(02)*SD(04)**2+SD(10)**2		USPF1102
136	SD(10)=SQRT(200.*SD(17))		USPF1104
137	SD(0)=1.0		USPF1100
138	IF(ND(14)110,110,100		USPF1100

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLEX CHART SET - 07CHTL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	CONTENTS		
030	100 IF(00112)-BU(495)+1102,110,102		USPF1100
040	110 DO 112 I=1,40		USPF1102
041	IF(07105+1)-BU(494)+11102,112,102		USPF1104
042	112 CONTINUE		USPF1106
043	ICALCS=0		USPF1108
044	DO 103		USPF1200
045	103 ICALCS=1		USPF1202
046	103 NDEIG=20		USPF1204
047	NR=1		USPF1206
048	CALL REPEAT		USPF1208
049	CALL MFLX (AFM,AFMCP,AFM,AFMCF,F,VEIGJ,C1,CJ,05(10),05(14),05(14)USPF1210		
050	1,05(5),05(6),05(6),05(6),05(11),05(17),05(18),05(19),05(13),NDEIG,USPF1211		
051	2,ND(43),ICALCS,ND(44),ND(45))		USPF1212
052	C COMPUTE STRIP CP STATIONS AND FLEXIBLE CLA.		USPF1214
053	BD(00)=0.0		USPF1216
054	BD(00)=0.0		USPF1218
055	ECF(0)=1+.5*05(15)		USPF1220
056	DO 77 I=1,NB		USPF1222
057	BD(03)=0-1		USPF1224
058	ECF(1)=05(15)+.5*(1.0-05(15))/(BD(44)+BD(03)+(1.0-05(15))/BD(44)		USPF1240
059	BD(00)=BD(00)+AFM(1,1)		USPF1242
060	77 BD(00)=BD(00)+AFM(1,1)		USPF1250
061	BU(1)=BU(1)+(CPAINB+1)*BD(00)/(CPAINB+1+BD(00))		USPF1252
062	C COMPUTE RUNNING NORMAL LOAD.		USPF1260
063	C NT=1 (FLEXIBLE ALPHA EFFECT).		USPF1262
064	C NT=2 (RIGID FLAP EFFECT).		USPF1270
065	C NT=3 (FLAP AEROELASTIC INCREMENT).		USPF1272
066	C NT=4 (INERTIA AEROELASTIC INCREMENT).		USPF1280
067	70 DO 70 (70,01,03,05),NT		USPF1282
068	70 K=1		USPF1284
069	ULN(0)=CPAINB+1/05(15)		USPF1286
070	DO 00 I=1,NB		USPF1300
071	J=0-1-1		USPF1302
072	00 ULN(1)=AFM(J,1)*BD(44)/(1.0-05(15))		USPF1304
073	GO TO 00		USPF1310
074	01 K=2		USPF1312
075	ULN(0)=OFF(00)+1/05(15)		USPF1320
076	DO 02 I=1,NB		USPF1322
077	J=0-1-1		USPF1324
078	02 ULN(1)=AFM(J,2)*BD(44)/(1.0-05(15))		USPF1330
079	GO TO 00		USPF1332
080	03 DO 04 I=1,NB		USPF1340
081	J=0-1-1		USPF1342
082	04 ULN(1)=AFMCF(J,2)*BD(44)/(1.0-05(15))		USPF1344
083	GO TO 07		USPF1350
084	05 DO 06 I=1,NB		USPF1352
085	J=0-1-1		USPF1354
086	05 ULN(1)=AFMCF(J,3)*BD(44)/(1.0-05(15))		USPF1360
087	07 K=1		USPF1362
088	ULN(0)=1+0.0		USPF1370
089	C COMPUTE SHEET TORSION ARMS AND TORSIONAL LOADING.		USPF1372
090	00 BD(14)=4.0*(1.0-05(11))*SIN(05(7)/57.3)*COS(05(7)/57.3)/05(12)+USPF1380		
091	11.0-05(11))		USPF1382
092	BD(142)=05(16)*(1.0-BD(14))*(1.0-05(16))		USPF1384
093	BD(145)=1.0-BD(14)*(1.0-05(16))-BD(142))		USPF1390
094	DO 00 I=1,NB		USPF1392
095	J=0-1-1		USPF1394
096	BD(143)=AFMCP(J,K)*(1.0-BD(14))*(1.0-AFMCP(J,K))		USPF1400
097	BD(144)=(1.0-ECF(1))*(1.0-05(11))*05(10)*COS(05(7)/57.3)/BD(145)		USPF1402
098	OXS(1)=BD(144)+(BD(143)-BD(142))		USPF1410
099	00 UTH(1)=ULN(1)*OXS(1)		USPF1420
100	OXS(0)=OXS(0)+(ECF(0)-ECF(0))*(05(14)*SIN(05(7)/57.3)		USPF1422
101	UTH(0)=UTH(0)+UTH(1)*OXS(0)		USPF1430
102	C DETERMINE LOADINGS AT NT ANALYSIS STATIONS.		USPF1432
103	YS(1)=0.0		USPF1440
104	YS(1)=0.0		USPF1442
105	J=0-1		USPF1444
106	DO 02 I=2,13		USPF1450
107	IF(BU(1+0)-05(15))/01,00,00		USPF1452
108	00 YS(1)=COD(12)(BU(1+0),ECP,ULN,J,.5)		USPF1454
109	YS(1)=COD(12)(BU(1+0),ECP,UTH,J,.5)		USPF1456



05/04/75	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLEX CHART SET - BFCNL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
710	GO TO 82		USPF 1470
711	01 YB(1)=ALPHAB(1)		USPF 1475
712	YB(1)=ALPHAB(1)		USPF 1480
713	82 CONTINUE		USPF 1485
714	WRITE(6,93)		USPF 1490
715	GO TO (94,95,96,100),MT		USPF 1500
716	94 WRITE(6,95)		USPF 1505
717	GO TO 102		USPF 1515
718	95 WRITE(6,97)		USPF 1520
719	GO TO 102		USPF 1530
720	96 WRITE(6,99)		USPF 1535
721	GO TO 102		USPF 1545
722	100 WRITE(6,101)		USPF 1550
723	102 WRITE(6,97)(BU(1+0),YB(1),1+1,13)		USPF 1560
724	WRITE(6,103)		USPF 1565
725	WRITE(6,104)(BU(1+0),YB(1),1+1,13)		USPF 1575
726	C COMPUTE NORMALIZING FACTOR KX=SD(147).		USPF 1585
727	GO TO (105,107,108,111),MT		USPF 1595
728	105 K=82		USPF 1600
729	GO TO 113		USPF 1610
730	107 K=88		USPF 1625
731	GO TO 113		USPF 1645
732	108 K=205		USPF 1655
733	GO TO 113		USPF 1665
734	111 K=111		USPF 1670
735	113 SD(146)=0.0		USPF 1685
736	DO 114 1+0,13		USPF 1690
737	114 SD(146)=SD(146)+.5*(BU(1+7)-BU(1+0))*(YB(1+1)+YB(1))		USPF 1695
738	SD(147)=1.0/SD(146)		USPF 1700
739	C UNIT SPANWISE SHEAR, MOMENT, AND TORQUE.		USPF 1705
740	BUK(1)=0.0		USPF 1710
741	BUK(13)=0.0		USPF 1715
742	BUK(85)=0.0		USPF 1720
743	DO 115 1+0,13		USPF 1725
744	M=1+K-1		USPF 1730
745	BUIN(1)=BUIN(1)+.5*SD(147)*(BU(1+7)-BU(1+0))*(YB(1+1)+YB(1))		USPF 1735
746	BUIN(13)=BUIN(13)+.5*SD(147)*(BU(1+7)-BU(1+0))*(BUIN(1)+BUIN(13))/COS(USPF 1740		
747	105(7)/57.3)		USPF 1745
748	115 BUIN(85)=BUIN(85)+.5*SD(147)*(BU(1+7)-BU(1+0))*(YB(1+1)+YB(1))		USPF 1750
749	IF(MT=2)116,117,117		USPF 1755
750	116 M=K-10		USPF 1760
751	GO TO 118		USPF 1765
752	117 M=K-3		USPF 1770
753	C SHEAR, MOMENT, AND TORQUE AT BODY SIDE.		USPF 1775
754	118 BUIN(1)=CODINE(85(15),BU(10),BUK(1),12,.5)		USPF 1780
755	SD(148)=CODINE(85(15),BU(10),BUK(14),12,.5)		USPF 1785
756	SD(149)=CODINE(85(15),BU(10),BUK(27),12,.5)		USPF 1790
757	BUIN(1)=SD(148)*COS(85(7)/57.3)+SD(149)*SIN(85(7)/57.3)		USPF 1795
758	BUIN(2)=SD(148)*COS(85(7)/57.3)-SD(149)*SIN(85(7)/57.3)		USPF 1800
759	C CHORDWISE CP OF TOTAL LOAD.		USPF 1805
760	BUIN(4)=85(10)*85(10)-(BUK(20)*COS(85(7)/57.3)-BUK(25)*SIN(85(7)/57.3)/		USPF 1810
761	(/57.3)/BUK(12)		USPF 1815
762	C EXPOSED LOAD YCP AND MCP.		USPF 1820
763	BUIN(3)=85(14)*BUIN(1)/BUIN(1)		USPF 1825
764	BUIN(2)=85(10)*85(10)+TAN(85(7)/57.3)-BUIN(2)/BUIN(1)		USPF 1830
765	C CHORDWISE CP OF CARRYOVER LOAD.		USPF 1835
766	BUIN(1)=85(10)*85(10)-(BUK(20)*SD(148)*COS(85(7)/57.3)-(BUK(25)*SD(149)*		USPF 1840
767	1)-SD(148)*85(14)*BUIN(1)/COS(85(7)/57.3)-SIN(85(7)/57.3)/BUIN(12)-USPF 1845		
768	BUIN(1))		USPF 1850
769	MT=MT+1		USPF 1855
770	IF(MT=4)76,76,110		USPF 1860
771	110 IF(MT=0,8,100		USPF 1865
772	C EXPENDITURE DISTRIBUTIONS ENTRY.		USPF 1870
773	120 DO 124 1+1,13		USPF 1875
774	IF(MT=0)121,122,122		USPF 1880
775	C HBR TAIL STATIONS.		USPF 1885
776	121 K=1+14		USPF 1890
777	GO TO 123		USPF 1895
778	C VERT TAIL STATIONS.		USPF 1900
779	122 K=1+175		USPF 1905
780	123 C96(11)=BUK(1)		USPF 1910

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - B7CNL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
701	C	EMPNAGE RIGID LOADING.	USPF1010
702		124 YSS(1)=CODING(ESS(1),ED,VC,L,1,5)	USPF1020
703		WRITE(6,125)	USPF1025
704		IF INT=6:126,127,127	USPF1035
705		126 WRITE(6,33)	USPF1040
706		GO TO 128	USPF1045
707		127 WRITE(6,35)	USPF1050
708		128 WRITE(6,57)(ESS(1),YSS(1),1=1,13)	USPF1055
709	C	INTEGRATION OF EMPNAGE LOADING.	USPF1060
710		BD(146)=0.0	USPF1065
711		DO 129 I=2,13	USPF1070
712		129 BD(146)=BD(146)+.5*(ESS(1)-ESS(1))*YSS(1)-YSS(1))	USPF1075
713		IF CN=1:0:133,130,130	USPF1080
714	C	EMPNAGE SUPERSONIC LIFT CURVE SLOPE (CLAM OR CYBV).	USPF1085
715		130 IF INT=6:131,132,132	USPF1090
716		131 BU(100)=BS(12)*BD(146)	USPF1095
717		GO TO 133	USPF2000
718		132 BU(107)=BS(12)*BD(146)	USPF2005
719	C	EMPNAGE DX SHEEP CALCULATIONS.	USPF2010
800		133 BD(141)=4.0*(1.0-BD(111))*SIN(BS(7)/57.3)*COS(CS(7)/57.3)/(BS(12)+USPF2015	
801		11.0-BD(111))	USPF2020
802		BD(142)=BS(16)*(1.0-BD(141))*(1.0-BD(10))	USPF2025
803		BD(143)=BS(13)*(1.0-BD(141))*(1.0-BD(10))	USPF2030
804		BD(144)=1.0-BD(141)*(1.0-BD(10)-BD(142))	USPF2035
805		BD(144)=1.0-BD(15)*(1.0-BD(111))*BS(10)*COS(BS(7)/57.3)/BD(141)	USPF2040
806		IF INT=6:134,135,135	USPF2045
807		134 K=114	USPF2050
808		GO TO 1	USPF2055
809		135 K=173	USPF2060
810	C	EMPNAGE DX SHEEP AT BODY INTERFACE.	USPF2065
811		136 BD(150)=BD(144)*(BD(143)-BD(142))	USPF2070
812		DO 139 I=1,13	USPF2075
813		K=K+1	USPF2080
814		IF(BU(K)-BS(15))137,137,138	USPF2085
815	C	EMPNAGE DX SHEEP INBD OF BODY INTERFACE.	USPF2090
816		137 DXS(1)=BD(150)*(BS(15)-BU(K))*BS(14)*SIN(BS(7)/57.3)	USPF2095
817		GO TO 139	USPF2100
818	C	EMPNAGE DX SHEEP OUTDO OF BODY INTERFACE.	USPF2105
819		138 DXS(1)=(BD(143)-BD(142))*(1.0-BU(K))*(1.0-BD(111))*BS(10)*COS(BS(7)/57.3)	USPF2110
820		1/57.3)	USPF2115
821		139 CONTINUE	USPF2120
822		WRITE(6,140)	USPF2125
823		WRITE(6,141)(ESS(1),DXS(1),1=1,13)	USPF2130
824	C	ESTABLISH EMPNAGE UNIT SPANNISE DISTRIBUTIONS.	USPF2145
825		DO 145 I=2,13	USPF2150
826		IF INT=6:142,143,143	USPF2155
827		142 J=1+127	USPF2160
828		GO TO 144	USPF2165
829		143 J=1+106	USPF2170
830	C	NORMALIZ LOADING.	USPF2175
831		144 YSS(1)=YSS(1)/BD(146)	USPF2180
832	C	SPANNISE UNIT SHEAR.	USPF2185
833		BU(J)=BU(J)-.5*(ESS(1)-ESS(1))*YSS(1)-YSS(1))	USPF2190
834	C	SPANNISE UNIT BENDING MOMENT.	USPF2195
835		BU(J+1)=BU(J+1)+.5*(BS(14)*(ESS(1)-ESS(1))*BU(J)-BU(J))/COS(USPF2200	
836		BS(7)/57.3)	USPF2205
837	C	SPANNISE UNIT TORSION.	USPF2210
838		145 BU(J+20)=BU(J+20)+.5*(ESS(1)-ESS(1))*YSS(1)-DXS(1)-YSS(1))*DU(USPF2215	
839		1XS(1))	USPF2220
840	C	EMPNAGE UNIT AIRLOADS AT BODY INTERFACE.	USPF2225
841		IF INT=6:146,147,147	USPF2230
842		146 I=109	USPF2235
843		K=129	USPF2240
844		GO TO 148	USPF2245
845		147 I=108	USPF2250
846		K=108	USPF2255
847	C	WE(0) AND UNIT SHEAR.	USPF2260
848		148 BU(1)=CODING(BS(15),BU(1+7),BU(K),12,.5)	USPF2265
849		BU(1+3)=BU(1)	USPF2270
850	C	UNIT SHEET BENDING MOMENT AND TORSION.	USPF2275
851		BD(140)=CODING(BS(15),BU(1+7),BU(K+13),12,.5)	USPF2280

CARD NO	CONTENTS	USPF
002	BD(140)=COS(PS(10))*BU(17)*BU(18)+12.5	USPF2295
003	C RESOLVE UNIT SHEET MOMENTS INTO BODY SYSTEM.	USPF2296
004	BU(141)=BD(140)*COS(PS(7)/57.3)+BD(140)*SIN(PS(7)/57.3)	USPF2295
005	BU(142)=BD(140)*COS(PS(7)/57.3)+BD(140)*SIN(PS(7)/57.3)	USPF2300
006	C DETERMINE CENTERS OF PRESSURE.	USPF2305
007	IF(NT-5)145,150,150	USPF2310
008	145 BU(110)=BU(153)*COS(PS(7)/57.3)+BU(153)*SIN(PS(7)/57.3)	USPF2315
009	BU(111)=BD(110)*PS(10)+BU(153)*COS(PS(7)/57.3)+BU(153)*SIN(PS(7)/57.3)	USPF2320
010	1.3)	USPF2325
011	IF(IND(23))151,151,153	USPF2330
012	150 BU(150)=BU(212)*COS(PS(7)/57.3)+BU(225)*SIN(PS(7)/57.3)	USPF2335
013	BU(170)=BD(110)*PS(10)+BU(225)*COS(PS(7)/57.3)+BU(212)*SIN(PS(7)/57.3)	USPF2340
014	1.3)	USPF2345
015	GO TO 155	USPF2350
016	151 IF(IND(24))152,152,153	USPF2355
017	152 IF(IND(27))156,156,153	USPF2360
018	153 IF(NT-6.0)154,154,155	USPF2365
019	154 NT=6	USPF2370
020	GO TO 9	USPF2375
021	155 NT=7	USPF2380
022	GO TO 9	USPF2385
023	156 IF(IND(23))157,157,159	USPF2390
024	157 IF(IND(25))158,158,159	USPF2395
025	158 IF(IND(26))159,159,159	USPF2400
026	159 IF(IND(27))161,161,171	USPF2405
027	C PRINT WING FACTORS AND UNIT SPANWISE DISTRIBUTIONS.	USPF2410
028	160 DO 167 I=1,4	USPF2415
029	GO TO 161,162,163,164,1	USPF2420
030	161 WRITE(6,173)BB(10),BU(1)	USPF2425
031	J=2	USPF2430
032	K=13	USPF2435
033	GO TO 165	USPF2440
034	162 WRITE(6,174)BB(15),BU(11),BB(10)	USPF2445
035	J=62	USPF2450
036	K=68	USPF2455
037	GO TO 165	USPF2460
038	163 WRITE(6,175)BB(15),BB(10)	USPF2465
039	J=358	USPF2470
040	K=358	USPF2475
041	GO TO 165	USPF2480
042	164 WRITE(6,176)BB(1),BB(2),BB(10)	USPF2485
043	J=484	USPF2490
044	K=482	USPF2495
045	165 L=J+6	USPF2500
046	WRITE(6,177)(BU(M),M=J,L)	USPF2505
047	DO 166 L=9,21	USPF2510
048	M=L+K	USPF2515
049	166 WRITE(6,178)BU(L),BU(M),BU(M+13),BU(M+25)	USPF2520
050	167 CONTINUE	USPF2525
051	IF(NT)168,168,161	USPF2530
052	168 IF(IND(23))158,158,169	USPF2535
053	C PRINT HOR TAIL FACTORS AND UNIT SPANWISE DISTRIBUTIONS.	USPF2540
054	169 WRITE(6,179)CHN,(BU(1),I=108,114)	USPF2545
055	DO 170 L=115,127	USPF2550
056	M=L+13	USPF2555
057	170 WRITE(6,178)BU(L),BU(M),BU(M+13),BU(M+25)	USPF2560
058	IF(IND(23))159,159,171	USPF2565
059	C PRINT VERT TAIL FACTORS AND UNIT SPANWISE DISTRIBUTIONS.	USPF2570
060	171 WRITE(6,180)CHN,(BU(1),I=167,173)	USPF2575
061	DO 172 L=174,188	USPF2580
062	M=L+13	USPF2585
063	172 WRITE(6,178)BU(L),BU(M),BU(M+13),BU(M+25)	USPF2590
064	181 *TURN	USPF2600
065	26 FORMATTING VALUES FROM BCLARK TABLES FOR AR=0.4, 3XNHB=76.2,USPF2605	
066	1,3XNTR=77.4, 3XNBA=78.4)	USPF2608
067	29 FORMAT(1M7XNTR=77.4,2//11XNFB=5)	USPF2610
068	31 FORMAT(1M=5XNHB(1MIND))	USPF2615
069	33 FORMAT(1M=5XNHB(NOR TAIL))	USPF2620
070	35 FORMAT(1M=5XNHB(VERT TAIL))	USPF2625
071	41 FORMAT(1M7XNTR=76.4,3XNTR=77.4,3XNBA=78.4,3XNHB=78.4)	USPF2630
072	42 FORMAT(1M7XNTR=77.2)	USPF2635



CARD NO	****	CONTENT	****
004	75	GD=17284.5	00000310
005		TVB=580.700	00000320
006		TVH=-.00130000	00000330
007		PSABE=.00045001	00000340
008		GO TO 100	00000350
009	80	GD=44003.	00000360
1000		TVB=304.340	00000370
1001		PSABE=.0003700300	00000380
1002		GO TO 110	00000390
1003	100	GM=RE 44/100 441	00000400
1004		TVH=TVB+TVH*(GM-GB)	00000410
1005		VP=-100/(80+TVH))*ALOG(TVB/TVH)	00000420
1006		PM=PSABE*EXP(VP)	00000430
1007		AM=9.821177*SQRT(TVH)	00000440
1008		RODM=ROD*PM*TVH/(PO+TVH)	00000450
1009		GO TO 120	00000460
1010	110	GM=RE 44/100 441	00000470
1011		TVB=TVB	00000480
1012		VP=-80*(GM-GB)/(80+TVH)	00000490
1013		PM=PSABE*EXP(VP)	00000500
1014		AM=9.821177*SQRT(TVH)	00000510
1015		RODM=ROD*PM*TVH/(PO+TVH)	00000520
1016	120	RETURN	
1017	END		
1018		FUNCTION FCODE(X,Y,XI,YI,ZI,M1,M2,MK)	FC000001
1019	C	TWO DIMENSION CURVE FIT SUBPROGRAM....FCODE	FC000010
1020	C	CALLING SEQUENCE	FC000020
1021	C	Z = FCODE(X,Y,XI,YI,ZI,M1,M2,MK)	FC000030
1022	C	X = ARGUMENT - 1ST VARIABLE	FC000040
1023	C	Y = ARGUMENT - 2ND VARIABLE	FC000050
1024	C	XI = ARRAY OF 1ST VARIABLE	FC000060
1025	C	YI = ARRAY OF 2ND VARIABLE	FC000070
1026	C	ZI = ARRAY OF THE DEPENDENT VARIABLE	FC000080
1027	C	M1 = NO. OF POINTS - YI	FC000090
1028	C	M2 = NO. OF POINTS - XI	FC000100
1029	C	MK = END INTERVAL INTERPOLATION CONTROL CONSTANT	FC000110
1030		COMMON TCON(4400)	FC000120
1031		DIMENSION GD(100),MD(200),X(1),Y(1),ZI(1),V(1),YX(1)	FC000130
1032		EQUIVALENCE (MD(1),TCON(2003)),(MD(1),TCON(4003)),(Y(1),GD(01)),(YCODE002	
1033		X(1),GD(05)),(M1,MD(130)),(M2,MD(130)),(I,MD(140)),(K,MD(141)),(L,FC000093	
1034		MD(142))	FC000094
1035	100	IF(M1-4)110,110,120	FC000095
1036	110	MD = 1	FC000100
1037		M2 = M1	FC000105
1038		GO TO 200	FC000110
1039	120	M2 = 4	FC000115
1040		K = 1	FC000120
1041	125	IF(YI(K)-YI130,130,150	FC000125
1042	130	K = K+1	FC000130
1043		IF(K-M1)125,125,105	FC000135
1044	150	IF(K-3)135,135,100	FC000140
1045	155	M3 = 1	FC000145
1046		GO TO 200	FC000150
1047	100	IF(K-M1)170,105,105	FC000155
1048	105	M3 = M1-3	FC000160
1049		GO TO 200	FC000165
1050	170	M3 = K - 2	FC000170
1051	200	GO 200 I = 1,M4	FC000175
1052		L = (M3-1)*M2 + 1	FC000180
1053		YX(1) = YI(M3)	FC000185
1054		Y(1) = CODE1PE(X,XI,ZI(L),M2,MK)	FC000190
1055	300	M3 = M3+1	FC000195
1056		FCODE = CODE1PE(Y,YX,T,M4,MK)	FC000200
1057		RETURN	FC000205
1058	END		FC000210
1059		FUNCTION CODE1PE(X,XI,YI,M,MK)	CD010010
1060		COMMON TCON(4400)	CD010015
1061		DIMENSION MD(200),X(1),Y(1)	CD010020
1062		EQUIVALENCE (MD(1),TCON(4003)),(M1,MD(143)),(J,MD(144)),(JJ,MD(145)),CD010024	
1063		11), (K,MD(146)), (L,MD(147)), (M,MD(148))	CD010025
1064		M = X	CD010027

CARD NO	CONTENTS	CODE
1005	N1 = N	COO10005
1006	IF ( N1-2 ) 100,110,190	COO10006
1007	100 CODEME = Y1(N1)	COO10007
1008	GO TO 900	COO10008
1009	110 N1 = 2	COO10009
1070	140 CODEME = (Y1(N1)-Y1(N1-1))/(X1(N1)-X1(N1-1)) * (M-X1(N1-1)) + (Y1(N1-1))	COO10070
1071	GO TO 900	COO10071
1072	150 IF ( X1(1) - X1(2) ) 100,100,170	COO10072
1073	100 GO 170 J = 1,N1	COO10073
1074	IF ( M - X1(J) ) 100,200,170	COO10074
1075	170 CONTINUE	COO10075
1076	GO TO 100	COO10076
1077	170 GO 100 J = 1,N1	COO10077
1078	IF ( X1(J) - M ) 100,200,100	COO10078
1079	100 CONTINUE	COO10079
1080	100 N1 = N	COO10080
1081	GO TO 140	COO10081
1082	100 IF ( J - 2 ) 110,210,250	COO10082
1083	210 J = 3	COO10083
1084	JJ = 1	COO10084
1085	GO TO 205	COO10085
1086	200 CODEME = Y1(J)	COO10086
1087	GO TO 900	COO10087
1088	200 IF ( J - N1 ) 300,205,100	COO10088
1089	200 J = N1-1	COO10089
1090	JJ = 2	COO10090
1091	GO TO 205	COO10091
1092	200 JJ = 3	COO10092
1093	200 IF (N1-3)200,200,205	COO10093
1094	200 J = 3	COO10094
1095	200 K = J-1	COO10095
1096	N = N-1	COO10096
1097	L = J-1	COO10097
1098	X1M = X1(M)	COO10098
1099	X1K = X1(K)	COO10099
1100	X1J = X1(J)	COO10100
1101	A1 = M-X1M	COO10101
1102	A2 = M-X1K	COO10102
1103	A3 = M-X1J	COO10103
1104	AL = (M-X1K)/(X1J-X1K)	COO10104
1105	C1 = A2*A2/((X1M-X1K)*(X1M-X1J))	COO10105
1106	C2 = A1*A3/((X1K-X1M)*(X1K-X1J))	COO10106
1107	C3 = A2*A1/((X1J-X1M)*(X1J-X1K))	COO10107
1108	P1 = C1*Y1(M)+C2*Y1(K)+C3*Y1(J)	COO10108
1109	IF (N1-3)305,305,310	COO10109
1110	305 P2 = P1	COO10110
1111	GO TO 305	COO10111
1112	310 X1L = X1(L)	COO10112
1113	AM = M-X1L	COO10113
1114	C4 = AM*A3/((X1K-X1J)*(X1K-X1L))	COO10114
1115	C5 = A2*AM/((X1J-X1K)*(X1J-X1L))	COO10115
1116	C6 = A3*AM/((X1L-X1K)*(X1L-X1J))	COO10116
1117	S = AL * Y1(J) + (1. - AL) * Y1(K)	COO10117
1118	P2 = C4*Y1(K)+C5*Y1(J)+C6*Y1(L)	COO10118
1119	310 GO TO (320,330,350),JJ	COO10119
1120	320 P2 = P1	COO10120
1121	AL = (M-X1(1))/(X1(2)-X1(1))	COO10121
1122	S = AL*Y1(2) + (1.0-AL)*Y1(1)	COO10122
1123	P1 = S + JK*(P2-S)	COO10123
1124	GO TO 350	COO10124
1125	330 P1 = P2	COO10125
1126	AL = (M-X1(N1-1))/(X1(N1)-X1(N1-1))	COO10126
1127	S = AL*Y1(N1) + (1.0-AL)*Y1(N1-1)	COO10127
1128	P2 = S + JK*(P1-S)	COO10128
1129	350 E1 = ABS(P1 - S)	COO10129
1130	E2 = ABS(P2-S)	COO10130
1131	IF (E1+E2)400,400,410	COO10131
1132	400 CODEME = S	COO10132
1133	GO TO 900	COO10133
1134	410 BT = (E1+AL)/(E1+AL+(1.-AL)*E2)	COO10134



05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - BFCNVL FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	*****
1207	F1J,3) = F1J,2)-F1J,1)	WFLN20
1208	117 F1J,N) = F1J,2)/F1J,1)	WFLN21
1209	C WRITEOUT LOADS ON STRIPS. (RIGID, RIGID X/C, FLEX, AND DELTA FLEX)	WFLN23
1210	CALL MATRIT (AFM,MS,3,10,1,2,20HIMIZINRIGID LOAD ON STRIPS (ALFLEMS2)	
1211	IPMA, DELTA FLAP, AND M211)	WFLN27
1212	CALL MATRIT (AFMCP,MS,3,10,1,2,20HIMIZINRIGID C.P. ON STRIPFLEMS29	
1213	IPS (X/C), RIGID LOADS))	WFLN30
1214	CALL MATRIT (AFM,MS,3,10,1,2,20HIMIZINRIGID FLEXIBLE LOAD ON STRIPFLEMS32	
1215	11)	WFLN33
1216	CALL MATRIT (AFM27,MS,3,10,1,2,20HIMIZINRIGID DELTA FLEX LOAD ON STRIPFLEMS35	
1217	11PS))	WFLN38
1218	C WRITEOUT RIGID, FLEX, DELTA FLEX LOADS, AND F/R RATIOS	WFLN50
1219	CALL MATRIT (F,3,4,3,1,1,20HIMIZINRIGID, FLEX, DELTA FLEX L/OAFLEMS70	
1220	IS, AND F/R RATIOS))	WFLN80
1221	RETURN	WFLN88
1222	100 WRITE (0,105) MS,NDEIGJ	WFLN92
1223	100 FORMAT (20H) PROGRAM DIMENSIONS EXCEEDED, / BND MS =,113,12H	NDEFLN95
1224	110J =,113)	WFLN98
1225	CALL EXIT	WFLN700
1226	STOP	WFLN710
1227	END	WFLN720
1228	SUBROUTINE FLNSIC (SICBAR,YEIGJ,E1,GJ,CR,B02,BLBS,ANGLE,FBLERT,	FSIC0010
1229	1 ANDEA,FSEAD,MLANDA,NOCFMD,NOCAPT,NDEIGJ,MS,	FSIC0015
1230	2 (PRIME)	FSIC0020
1231	C THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES ELASTIC AXIS GEOM, SIC, DTNEDA, AND SICBAR	FSIC0040
1232	DIMENSION MLE(20),BL(20),C(20),SICFS(20),SICBL(20),FSIC0060	
1233	1 XBAR(20),YBAR(20)	FSIC0070
1234	DIMENSION YL(21),E1(121),GJ(121),YEIGJ(20),E1(20),FSIC0080	
1235	1 GJ(20),FLANDA(21),DSICB(20,20),DSICF(20,20),FSIC0090	
1236	2 SIC(20,20),FLANDA(21)	FSIC0100
1237	DIMENSION DTNEDA(10,20),SICBAR(10,20)	FSIC0110
1238	COMMON YCOM(400)	FSIC0115
1239	C WRITEOUT INPUT DATA, CONTROL CONST, GEOMETRY, AND E1, GJ	FSIC0123
1240	IF (PRIME.CO.0) GO TO 30	FSIC0125
1241	WRITE (0,20) MS,NDEIGJ,CR,B02,BLBS,ANGLE,FBLERT,ANDEA,FSEAD,MLANDAFSIC0127	
1242	1 ,NOCFMD,NOCAPT	FSIC0130
1243	20 FORMAT (1H) 2X,20H DATA FROM SUBROUTINE FLNSIC, / BND MS =,113,FSIC0130	
1244	1 17X,2H NDEIGJ =,113, / BND CR =,170.2,2H IN., 7X,2H B02 =,170,FSIC0130	
1245	20,2H IN., 8X,7H BLBS =,177.2,2H IN., / 12H0 ANGLE =,177.3,2H FSIC0131	
1246	3 00., 4X,2H FBLERT =,170.2,2H IN., / 12H0 ANDEA =,177.3,2H DEFSIC0132	
1247	40., 4X,2H FSEAD =,170.2,2H IN., / 13H0 MLANDA =,170.3,10X,2H NOFSIC0133	
1248	50FMD =,170.3,10X,2H NOCAPT =,170.3)	FSIC0134
1249	CALL MATRIT (YEIGJ,NDEIGJ,1,20,1,2,20HIMIZINRIGID ELASTIC AXIS Y COOFSIC0135	
1250	1RDINATES FOR WIND E1 AND GJ))	FSIC0136
1251	CALL MATRIT (E1,NDEIGJ,1,20,1,2,12HIMIZINRIGID)	FSIC0137
1252	CALL MATRIT (GJ,NDEIGJ,1,20,1,2,12HIMIZINRIGID)	FSIC0138
1253	C FORM SIC POINT FUELAKL STATIONS AND BUTT LINE COORDINATES	FSIC0140
1254	30 DEL = (B02-BLBS)/(MS*2)	FSIC0170
1255	ANDEAR = ANGLE/57.3	FSIC0180
1256	SLOPE = TAN(ANDEAR)	FSIC0190
1257	DO 40 N = 1,MS	FSIC0200
1258	1 = 2*H-1	FSIC0210
1259	BL(N) = (DEL*1)+BLBS	FSIC0220
1260	MLE(N) = FBLERT+BL(N)*SLOPE	FSIC0230
1261	C(N) = CR*(1-(BL(N)/B02)*(1-MLANDA))	FSIC0240
1262	SICFS(1) = NOCFMD*C(N)+MLE(N)	FSIC0260
1263	SICFS(1:1) = NOCAPT*C(N)+MLE(N)	FSIC0270
1264	SICBL(1) = BL(N)	FSIC0280
1265	40 SICBL(1:1) = BL(N)	FSIC0290
1266	C CONVERT SIC COORDINATES TO THE SHEPT ELASTIC AXIS SYSTEM	FSIC0310
1267	1ERROR = 0	FSIC0315
1268	NPTS = 2*MS	FSIC0320
1269	ANDEAR = ANDEA/57.3	FSIC0340
1270	CANDEA = COS(ANDEAR)	FSIC0350
1271	SANDEA = SIN(ANDEAR)	FSIC0360
1272	DO 50 N=1,NPTS	FSIC0370
1273	XBAR(N) = (SICFS(N)-FSEAD)*CANDEA-SICBL(N)*SANDEA	FSIC0380
1274	YBAR(N) = (SICFS(N)-FSEAD)*SANDEA+SICBL(N)*CANDEA	FSIC0390
1275	IF (YBAR(N).LT.0.) 1ERROR=1	FSIC0392
1276	50 CONTINUE	FSIC0395
1277	IF (1ERROR.EQ.1) GO TO 55	FSIC0397





05/04/78	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - FRONT	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	CONTENTS	****
1349	DO 100 J=1,NPTS		PSIC1029
1350	100 SICBAR(I,K) = SICBAR(I,K)+DTHEDA(I,J)*SIC(I,J,K)		PSIC1030
1351	C WRITEOUT DTHEDA AND SICBAR MATRICES		PSIC1035
1352	IF (IPRIN.EQ.0) GO TO 135		PSIC1035
1353	CALL MATRIT (DTHEDA,M,NPTS,10,1,1,PMHIMINIXI2DTHEDA MATRIX)		PSIC1070
1354	CALL MATRIT (SICBAR,M,NPTS,10,1,1,PMHIMINIXI2SICBAR MATRIX		PSIC1080
1355	(AD/LB))		PSIC1081
1356	100 RETURN		PSIC1100
1357	END		PSIC1120
1358	SUBROUTINE GL901A,K,IL,N,M,ALPHA,E1,E2)		GL90010
1359	DIMENSION A(25,25),X(25),IL(25)		GL90015
1360	MM=1		GL90020
1361	LL=1		GL90025
1362	DO 30 J=1,MM		GL90030
1363	80 IL(IJ)=0		GL90035
1364	I=1		GL90040
1365	DO 3 K=1,MM		GL90045
1366	II=1		GL90050
1367	DO 4 J=1,N		GL90055
1368	IF (ABS(A(I,J,K))-E1)4,5,6		GL90060
1369	6 T1= SORT((A(I,J,K))**2+(A(I,K))**2)		GL90065
1370	S=A(I,J,K)/T1		GL90070
1371	C=A(I,K)/T1		GL90075
1372	DO 5 L=1,MM		GL90080
1373	T2=C*A(I,L)+S*A(J,L)		GL90085
1374	A(J,L)=S*A(I,L)+C*A(J,L)		GL90090
1375	5 A(I,L)=T2		GL90095
1376	LL=LL+1		GL90100
1377	4 CONTINUE		GL90105
1378	IF (ABS(A(I,K))-E2)3,3,0		GL90110
1379	0 IL(K)=1		GL90115
1380	I=I+1		GL90120
1381	3 CONTINUE		GL90125
1382	X(MM)=1.0		GL90130
1383	II=1		GL90135
1384	DO 30 I=1,N		GL90140
1385	30 X(II)=0.		GL90145
1386	DO 30 J=1,N		GL90150
1387	IF (IL(II))30,30,31		GL90155
1388	31 S=0.		GL90160
1389	LL=II+1		GL90165
1390	I=IL(II)		GL90170
1391	DO 32 K=LL,MM		GL90175
1392	32 S=S+A(I,K)*X(K)		GL90180
1393	X(II)=S/A(I,II)		GL90185
1394	30 II=II+1		GL90190
1395	IF (IL(MM))50,51,50		GL90195
1396	51 ALPHA=0.		GL90200
1397	GO TO 52		GL90205
1398	50 (=-IL(MM)		GL90210
1399	ALPHA=A(I,MM)		GL90215
1400	52 RETURN		GL90220
1401	END		GL90225
1402	SUBROUTINE MATRIT(MM,MR,NC,NMAX,NTYPE,IPRIN,HEAD)		MR10010
1403	C MM = MATRIX NAME		MR10030
1404	C MR = NUMBER OF ROWS IN MM		MR10040
1405	C NC = NUMBER OF COLS IN MM		MR10050
1406	C NMAX = MAXIMUM NO. OF ROWS IN MM, DIMENSION IN CALLING PROGRAM		MR10060
1407	C NTYPE = 1 (REAL MATRIX), -1 (COMPLEX MATRIX)		MR10070
1408	C IPRIN = 1 (PRINT BY ROWS), 2 (PRINT BY COLUMNS)		MR10080
1409	C HEAD = FORMAT OF MATRIX HEADING, EXAMPLE: 25MIM120XIMMABS MATRIX)		MR10090
1410	DIMENSION MM(1),HEAD(100)		MR10110
1411	WRITE(6,HEAD)		MR10130
1412	IF (IPRIN -2) 50,10,10		MR10150
1413	C PRINT BY COLUMNS		MR10160
1414	10 DO 30 J=1,NC		MR10170
1415	N = (J-1)*NMAX+1		MR10180
1416	LAST = N+MR-1		MR10190
1417	30 WRITE(6,105) J,(MM(I),I=N,LAST)		MR10200
1418	GO TO 80		MR10210
1419	C PRINT BY ROWS		MR10220

CARD NO	CONTENTS	***
1420	00 NC1 = NORMAN	NR10230
1421	00 T0 = 11, NR	NR10240
1422	T0 WRITE(10,110) 11, (APPH(1),1=11, NC1, NORMAN)	NR10250
1423	00 RETURN	NR10270
1424	00 FORMAT(10X) 12(COLUMN NO. = 14//111 (PBC(1,5)))	NR10280
1425	110 FORMAT(10X) 12(COLUMN NO. = 14//111 (PBC(1,5)))	NR10300
1426	END	NR10320
1427	SUBROUTINE BLOAD	BLOAD001
1428	C BASIC LOADS SUBROUTINE FOR SHEEP II STAND ALONE PROGRAM.	BLOAD002
1429	C COMPUTES COMPONENT TOTAL AIRLOADS AND THE CENTERS OF PRESSURE.	BLOAD003
1430	C COMPUTES APPLICABLE INERTIA FACTORS.	BLOAD004
1431	COMMON TCOM(4000)	BLOAD007
1432	DIMENSION OF(1401,BC(105),BB(120),BS(20),BD(100),BU(500),BO(130),NOBLD(010	
1433	11200),F(1,4)	BLOAD011
1434	EQUIVALENCE (DF(1),TCOM(1000)),(BC(1),TCOM(2750)),(BB(1),TCOM(2953)),DF(015	
1435	11), (BS(1),TCOM(2973)),(BD(1),TCOM(2003)),(BU(1),TCOM(3153)),(BO(1))BLOAD016	
1436	2,TCOM(3053)),(NO(1),TCOM(4201)),(F(1,1),BU(340)),(INT,NO(100)),(IP,BLOAD017	
1437	2ND(137)),(INT,NO(150)),(1,NO(151)),(1,NO(152)),(K,NO(153))	BLOAD018
1438	BS(111)=0.0	BLOAD020
1439	C SELECTION OF WING AREA, FUS STA OF LE AT CL, SPAN, AND HOP HEIGHT.	BLOAD025
1440	IF(IP(1,1,3	BLOAD030
1441	1 BS(11)=BC(05)	BLOAD035
1442	BS(21)=BC(00)	BLOAD040
1443	BS(31)=BC(05)	BLOAD045
1444	00 2 = 109,110	BLOAD050
1445	2 BS(11)=BS(11)+BC(1)	BLOAD055
1446	00 TO 5	BLOAD060
1447	3 BS(11)=BC(53)	BLOAD065
1448	BS(21)=BC(40)	BLOAD070
1449	BS(31)=BC(94)	BLOAD075
1450	00 4 = 07,70	BLOAD080
1451	4 BS(11)=BS(11)+BC(1)	BLOAD085
1452	C INTERPOLATE OF DATA FOR KCF. COMPUTE P2H/P2H1 AND FACTORS A TO F.	BLOAD090
1453	0 BS(12)=CODE(BC(43),DF(11),DF(11),5.,5)	BLOAD095
1454	BS(14)=.043633*BC(30)**2/(BS(11)*BU(11))	BLOAD100
1455	BS(51)=.0+BS(4)	BLOAD105
1456	BS(61)=BB(21)*BS(21)-BU(21)*BS(41)+(BB(21)-BC(30)-BC(37)+BC(30))/13.14195BLOAD110	
1457	1+BC(30)**2)	BLOAD115
1458	BS(71)=BB(21)*BS(21)-BU(52)	BLOAD120
1459	BS(81)=BB(21)*BS(21)-BU(350)	BLOAD125
1460	BS(91)=BB(21)*BS(21)-BU(404)	BLOAD130
1461	BS(101)=BB(21)-BC(131)-BU(111)	BLOAD135
1462	C COMPUTE RIGID FLAP, AERO. FLAP, AND AERO. INERTIA TOTAL AIRLOADS.	BLOAD140
1463	BS(141)=BB(51)*BS(121)*BU(81)+BB(101)*BB(171)*BS(111)*57.3	BLOAD145
1464	BS(151)=BU(00)*BS(141)*F(12,4)-1.0)	BLOAD150
1465	BS(161)=2.0+BS(111)*BB(61)*F(13,4)-1.0)	BLOAD155
1466	C FOR PA COND, COMPUTE DP2H QDOT AND EFFECTIVE LOAD FACTOR INT=51.	BLOAD160
1467	IF(INT=517,0,7	BLOAD165
1468	0 BS(201)=-(BB(71)*BB(31)*2.01/(BU(111)+BC(131)-BB(21)	BLOAD170
1469	BB(201)+BB(61)*BS(201)/BB(1)	BLOAD175
1470	00 TO 8	BLOAD180
1471	7 BS(201)=0.0	BLOAD185
1472	BB(201)=BB(61)	BLOAD190
1473	C COMPUTE FLEX ALPHA, HOR TAIL, AND BODY NOSE TOTAL AIRLOADS.	BLOAD195
1474	0 BS(1131)=-(BB(201)*BB(11)*BS(101)+BS(141)*BS(71)+BS(101)+BS(151)+BS(61)-BLOAD200	
1475	151(011)+BS(101)+BS(61)-BS(1011)/(BS(61)+BS(51)+BS(111))	BLOAD205
1476	BS(1171)+BS(201)+BB(201)*BB(111)+BS(131)+BS(51)+BS(141)-BLOAD210	
1477	0(131)+BS(41)+BS(13)	BLOAD215
1478	0(51)+BC(30)+BC(37)-BC(30)/13.14195+BC(30)**2)	BLOAD220
1479	0(111)+.5+BS(17)	BLOAD225
1480	0(131)+BC(131)+BU(111)	BLOAD230
1481	C COMPUTE WING AND HOR TAIL AIRLOAD FACTORS FOR SPARE.	BLOAD235
1482	BU(4501)+BS(13)	BLOAD240
1483	BU(4511)+BS(14)	BLOAD245
1484	BU(4521)+BS(15)	BLOAD250
1485	BU(4531)+BS(16)	BLOAD255
1486	BU(4541)+BS(17)	BLOAD260
1487	C COMPUTE NET PANEL AIRLOADS AND CENTERS OF PRESSURE.	BLOAD265
1488	0(6101)=.5*(BS(131)+BU(61)+BS(141)+BU(661)+BS(151)+BU(3621)+BS(161)+BU(4001)BLOAD270	
1489	1)	BLOAD271
1490	0(7101)=.5*(BS(131)+BU(31)+BU(61)+BS(141)+BU(661)+BU(631)+BS(151)+BU(3621)+BLOAD275	

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLOW CHART SET - 05CNFL FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	****	*****
1401	BU(30)=05(15)*BU(400)+BU(405)/BO(18)	04LDF200
1402	BO(8)=.5*(05(13)+BU(8)+05(2)+BU(4)+05(14)+BU(80)+05(2)+BU(84))+04LDF205	04LDF205
1403	05(15)+BU(362)+05(2)+BU(360)+05(18)+BU(400)+05(2)+BU(405)/BO(18)04LDF200	04LDF200
1404	20	04LDF201
1405	BO(9)=05(13)+05(14)+05(15)+05(16)+2.0*BO(8)	04LDF205
1406	BO(10)=05(13)+05(2)+BU(2)+05(14)+05(2)+BU(82)+05(15)+05(2)+04LDF300	04LDF300
1407	BU(30)=05(15)+05(2)+BU(404)+2.0*BO(8)+BO(8)/BO(8)	04LDF305
1408	BO(12)+BU(110)	04LDF310
1409	C DRY DUE TO ASYMMETRIC HOR TAIL LOAD.	04LDF315
1400	BO(14)+05(1.30*BO(11)+BO(12))	04LDF320
1501	BO(17)+05(152)+BU(170)	04LDF322
1502	BO(18)+0.0	04LDF324
1503	BO(20)+0.0	04LDF326
1504	BO(21)+0.0	04LDF328
1505	GO TO (21,0.0,10,10,20),N1	04LDF330
1506	C VERTICAL GUST CALCULATIONS. MU, AND SUBSONIC OR SUPERSONIC NO.	04LDF335
1507	0 05(18)+BO(1)+05(2)/10.1+BO(52)+BU(1)+05(1)+2	04LDF340
1508	IF(BO(10)+1.0)10,11,11	04LDF345
1509	10 05(18)+.00*05(18)/15.3+05(18)	04LDF350
1510	GO TO 12	04LDF355
1511	11 05(18)+05(18)**1.03/10.05+05(18)**1.03	04LDF360
1512	C INCREMENTAL LOADS DUE TO VERT GUST.	04LDF365
1513	12 BO(15)+BO(10)+BO(30)**2/220.37535	04LDF370
1514	BO(152)+.100354*05(18)+BU(8)+BU(1)+05(1)+BO(10)	04LDF375
1515	BO(153)+BO(152)+11.0*BU(8)/BU(8)	04LDF380
1516	BO(154)+.100354*05(18)+BU(80)+BO(125)+BO(10)	04LDF385
1517	C REVERSE SIGN OF LOADS FOR - VERT GUST (N1=3).	04LDF390
1518	IF(N1-3)15,13,15	04LDF395
1519	13 DO 14 1=151,154	04LDF400
1520	14 BO(11)+BO(1)	04LDF405
1521	15 05(13)+05(13)+BO(152)+BO(153)	04LDF407
1522	05(17)+05(17)+BO(154)	04LDF410
1523	C VERTICAL GUST INERTIA FACTORS.	04LDF412
1524	BO(10)+05(5)+05(13)+05(17)/100(11)+05(10)	04LDF414
1525	05(10)+05(10)+BO(10)	04LDF416
1526	BO(3)+BO(3)+BO(151)	04LDF420
1527	BO(20)+BO(3)+BO(12)+BO(5)+05(13)+BO(2)+05(2)+BU(21)+05(17)+05(18)04LDF425	04LDF425
1528	1+05(17)+05(10)/112.0*BO(3)	04LDF426
1529	C COMPUTE COMPONENT TOTAL AIRLOADS FOR VERTICAL GUST CONDITIONS.	04LDF430
1530	BO(8)+.5*(BU(8)+05(13)+BU(80)+05(14)+BU(362)+05(15)+BU(400)+05(18)04LDF435	04LDF435
1531	1)	04LDF436
1532	BO(9)+05(13)+05(14)+05(15)+05(16)+2.0*BO(8)	04LDF440
1533	BO(11)+.5*05(17)	04LDF445
1534	BO(14)+05(1.30*BO(11)+BO(12))	04LDF450
1535	BU(450)+05(13)	04LDF455
1536	BU(453)+05(16)	04LDF460
1537	BU(454)+05(17)	04LDF465
1538	GO TO 22	04LDF470
1539	C LATERAL GUST CALCULATIONS WITH UDE=50 FPS (N1=4).	04LDF475
1540	16 BO(14)+.004700*BO(10)+BO(30)**2	04LDF480
1541	BO(15)+.100354*BU(167)+BO(156)+BO(10)	04LDF485
1542	IF(ND(15))10,17,10	04LDF490
1543	C DUAL VERT TAIL.	04LDF495
1544	17 BO(15)+BO(15)+2.	04LDF500
1545	18 BO(10)+BU(100)	04LDF505
1546	BO(10)+BO(14)+BO(15)/BO(1)	04LDF510
1547	BO(21)+BO(4)+BO(2)+BO(5)+BO(15)+BO(17)+BO(21)/100(4)+12.1	04LDF515
1548	GO TO 21	04LDF520
1549	C PITCHING ACCELERATION (N1=5).	04LDF525
1550	19 BO(20)+BO(7)	04LDF530
1551	GO TO 21	04LDF535
1552	C YAWING ACCELERATION (N1=6).	04LDF540
1553	20 BO(19)+BO(8)+BO(4)+12.1/BO(17)+BO(21)	04LDF545
1554	BO(10)+BU(100)	04LDF550
1555	BO(10)+BO(15)/BO(1).	04LDF555
1556	BO(21)+BO(8)	04LDF560
1557	21 BO(10)+BO(8)	04LDF565
1558	22 IF(ND(23))23,23,24	04LDF570
1559	23 IF(ND(24))25,25,24	04LDF575
1560	24 WRITE(6,26)BO(2),BO(10),BO(9),BO(5)	04LDF580
1561	WRITE(6,27)BO(1),1,3,5)	04LDF585

270

05/04/73	INPUT LISTING	AUTOFLEX CHART SET - B/CNCL	FLEXIBLE AIRLOADS SA PROGRAM
CARD NO	CONTENTS		
1033	GO TO 20		SPAF105
1034	C 10-4 AERDELASTIC INERTIA EFFECTS.		SPAF200
1035	0 10-4		SPAF205
1036	BD(195)=.5*BU(453)		SPAF210
1037	I=00		SPAF215
1038	K=11		SPAF220
1039	GO TO 20		SPAF225
1040	10 IF(ND(23))11,11,12		SPAF230
1041	11 I=ND(20)114,14,12		SPAF235
1042	C SET UP HORIZONTAL TAIL PARAMETERS (10-5).		SPAF240
1043	12 10-5		SPAF245
1044	BD(175)=BD(15)+BD(13)		SPAF247
1045	BD(170)=BC(137)		SPAF250
1046	BD(195)=.5*BU(404)		SPAF255
1047	BD(190)=.5*BC(130)		SPAF260
1048	BD(197)=BC(130)		SPAF265
1049	I=0		SPAF270
1050	DO 13 K=1,12		SPAF275
1051	L=1+K*70		SPAF280
1052	BD(L)=BD(190)*BU(K+14)/COS(BD(197)/57.3)		SPAF285
1053	13 I=1+3		SPAF290
1054	I=112		SPAF295
1055	J=77		SPAF300
1056	K=100		SPAF305
1057	GO TO 20		SPAF310
1058	14 IF(ND(23))15,15,16		SPAF315
1059	15 IF(ND(27))31,3,16		SPAF320
1060	C SET UP VERTICAL TAIL PARAMETERS.		SPAF325
1061	16 BD(180)=BD(15)+BD(14)		SPAF327
1062	BD(170)=BC(190)		SPAF330
1063	IF(ND(15))17,10,19		SPAF335
1064	C SINGLE VERTICAL TAIL. CONSIDER INTRA-SPAN HOR TAIL PLANE.		SPAF340
1065	17 10-7		SPAF345
1066	GO TO 20		SPAF350
1067	C DUAL VERTICAL TAIL. NO INTRA-SPAN HOR TAIL PLANE CONSIDERED.		SPAF355
1068	18 10-8		SPAF360
1069	BD(195)=.95*BD(15)		SPAF365
1070	GO TO 21		SPAF370
1071	C T VERTICAL TAIL. HOR TAIL PLANE AT VERT TAIL TIP.		SPAF375
1072	19 10-8		SPAF380
1073	20 BD(195)=BD(15)		SPAF385
1074	21 BD(190)=12*BC(197)		SPAF390
1075	BD(197)=BC(195)		SPAF395
1076	I=0		SPAF400
1077	DO 22 K=1,12		SPAF405
1078	L=1+K*132		SPAF410
1079	BD(L)=BD(190)*BU(K+173)/COS(BD(197)/57.3)		SPAF415
1080	22 I=1+3		SPAF420
1081	I=171		SPAF425
1082	J=130		SPAF430
1083	K=107		SPAF435
1084	IF(10-7)29,23,25		SPAF440
1085	C SINGLE VERT TAIL. CHECK IF HOR TAIL PLANE AT/OUTED OF TOP OF BODY.		SPAF445
1086	23 IF(BC(190)-BC(190)120,24,24		SPAF450
1087	C SHEET STATION OF HOR TAIL PLANE.		SPAF455
1088	24 BD(190)=BC(190)/COS(BD(197)/57.3)		SPAF460
1089	C ASYMMETRIC HOR TAIL LOAD EFFECT AT BODY INTERFACE.		SPAF465
1090	25 BD(131)=BD(14)		SPAF470
1091	C SPANWISE EFFECT OF ASYMMETRIC HOR TAIL LOAD.		SPAF475
1092	DO 26 L=170,170,4		SPAF480
1093	IF(10-7)29,26,27		SPAF485
1094	C SINGLE VERT TAIL. CHECK IF HOR TAIL PLANE AT/OUTED OF STAIL-2).		SPAF490
1095	26 IF(BD(190)-BD(L)-2)120,27,27		SPAF495
1096	C INCLUDE EFFECT. ALWAYS FOR T TAIL.		SPAF500
1097	27 BD(L)=BD(14)*COS(BD(197)/57.3)		SPAF505
1098	BD(L+1)=BD(14)*SIN(BD(197)/57.3)		SPAF510
1099	28 CONTINUE		SPAF515
1700	C NET AIRLOADS AT BODY INTERFACE.		SPAF520
1701	29 BD(J1)=BD(J1)+BD(195)*BU(1)		SPAF525
1702	BD(J+1)=BD(J+1)+BD(195)*BU(1+1)		SPAF530
1703	BD(J+2)=BD(J+2)+BD(195)*BU(1+2)		SPAF535

272